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The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. X. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY 13, 1873. NO. 106.

FIRST EDITION.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

THE DEAD EX-EMPEROR.

SCENE AT CHISELHURST.

Arrangements for the Funeral.

GREAT GRIEF OF EUGENIE.

Belief that Napoleon Died from the Effect of Chloroform.

Popular Demonstration in Madrid Against Slavery.

The Funeral of Napoleon III.—The Empress Will Not Proclaim Herself Regent.

LONDON, January 11.—It has been definitely decided that the funeral of Napoleon will take place next Wednesday morning at eleven o'clock. The remains will be deposited under the seat of the family in the chancel of the Roman Catholic Church at Chiselhurst. The royal family of England will be represented on the mournful occasion by the Prince and Princess of Wales. Prince Christian will also accompany the ex-Empress Eugenie.

The Prince and Princess of Wales will remain in strict retirement at Sandrigham for a week, as a mark of respect to the memory of Napoleon. Prince Napoleon and his wife, the Princess Clotilda, Princess Mathilde, Paul Cassagnac and a number of other Bonapartists, arrived at Chiselhurst, where an important conference, on the course to be pursued, is expected to take place. Napoleon left two wills, one of which is in London, the other in Paris.

The body of Napoleon is embalmed and will lie in state on Monday and Tuesday.

The report that Empress Eugenie will issue a proclamation announcing her assumption of the Regency during the minority of the Prince Imperial, is denied.

The British Court will be in mourning from the 14th to the 24th of January for the late Emperor.

A dispatch from Paris says that numerous officers of the French army have applied for leave of absence to attend the funeral, but they have in all cases been refused, excepting where the applicant was formerly connected with the Emperor's household.

MADRID, January 11.—The Countess de Montejo, mother of the ex-Empress Eugenie, left here for Chiselhurst.

PARIS, January 11.—The *Gaulois* says that the only officers of the army who will be permitted to attend the funeral of Napoleon will be those who were attached to the household of the ex-Emperor during his reign in France.

The Scene at Chiselhurst—Napoleon in his Coffin—Arrival of Friends from France.

LONDON, January 12.—A dispatch to the agent of the Associated Press, from a friend of the Imperial family at Chiselhurst, gives the following description of the scene there:

The remains of the late Emperor have been placed in the coffin. The corpse is dressed in the uniform of a Field Marshal. The upper lip is bare, the moustache having been cut off to facilitate the taking of a plaster cast. The beard which remains is brown and bushy. The features are stern and careworn, and have the expression of pain. The grand cordon of the Legion of Honor lies across the breast. The hands, which are ungloved, are disposed in an easy and natural manner, the right clasping the left. On the fourth finger of the left hand is a ring with several diamonds, placed there by the Empress. A small silver cross of exquisite workmanship lies on the breast, and on the corpse are placed three sprigs of holly. Overhead a crown of violets is suspended. At the foot of the coffin is the brass camp bedstead on which the Emperor died. Seated on either side, at the lower end of the coffin, are a priest and a religieuse. The furniture of the room, as well as of the whole mansion, is simple and unostentatious. The body will lie in state on Tuesday, in the entrance hall of the chapel. The general public will not be admitted to view the remains. No change has been made in the time and place of funeral and burial as last announced. The ceremonies will probably begin about noon on Wednesday.

The Empress is overwhelmed with sorrow, and her prostration is so great as to alarm her attendants. The Prince Imperial does all in his power to comfort her. The Empress has received letters of condolence from the Emperor of Russia and King of Italy.

Although none but relatives and intimate friends of the deceased are admitted Chiselhurst is crowded with visitors. Religious services were held this morning in the chapel, which was filled to repletion. The Princess Mathilde, MM. Rouher and Pietre, and Drs. Conneau and Corvisart were present. Father Goddard attempted to preach, but was overcome by his feelings and compelled to leave the pulpit.

M. Benedetti arrived to-day at Chiselhurst and was received by the Empress. M. Ollivier and Marshal McMahon are expected there to-morrow. The Princess Murat and suite arrived this afternoon. Great numbers of people from France are expected to come to the funeral. The Southeastern and Northern Railways of France have reduced the rates of fare for the poorer classes attending the funeral.

It is reported that the Prince Imperial has already assumed the title of Napoleon IV. This report is doubtless incorrect, but it is true the Prince is now addressed as "Sire" by all the visitors at Chiselhurst.

The impression is gaining ground that the Emperor died from the effects of chloroform, administered to assuage pain.

[World's Special.]

LONDON, January 12.—The will of Napoleon appoints the Empress, Cardinal Bonaparte and M. Rouher guardians of the Prince, now Napoleon IV. The courts of Austria will wear mourning ten days. The whole family is assembled at Chiselhurst, except the Cardinal, who will arrive on Tuesday.

The Condition Upon Napoleon's Remains Will be Allowed Interment in France.

PARIS, January 12.—It is said the French Government will permit the final interment of Napoleon's remains in France if the funeral be made strictly private, and deceased buried as ex-Emperor, not as Emperor. The ceremonies must be simply of a religious character. The President is understood to have conferred with the Minister of the Interior and Prefect of Police with the object of preventing the funeral, if it takes place in France, being made the opportunity for political manifestations.

Subscriptions for a Monument.

MILAN, January 11.—Several newspapers of this city have opened subscriptions for the erection of a monument to Napoleon. The papers refer to the fact that Milan was the first city liberated from Austrian rule by French troops under Napoleon after the battle of Magenta.

ROME, January 12.—The Municipal Council have adopted resolutions of condolence with the Empress Eugenie. The first subscription list for a monument to Emperor Napoleon, which was opened by the *Perseveranza*, of Milan, already exceeds $5,000, and that paper reports subscriptions pouring in from all quarters. A national subscription for the same object has been opened at Venice.

Carlist Leaders Killed—Porto Rico Emancipation Protest.

MADRID, January 11.—It is officially announced that the Carlist leader Freyola, and Palloc, a prominent Federalist, were killed by government troops. The reported death of the Carlist chief Castello is confirmed this afternoon. The Carlist band roaming through Valencia encountered troops yesterday, and after a short engagement the former were dispersed with a loss of thirty-two killed and thirty prisoners.

The anti-Porto Rico Reform League of this city has signed a protest against the passage of the emancipation bill. Admiral Topete and Senor Bologuer refused to sign the protest.

French Minister at the Vatican.

PARIS, January 11.—The *Journal Officiel* announces the appointment of Carcelles as French Ambassador at the Vatican in place of Bourgoing resigned.

Emigration to America—Failure of Cotton Spinners.

LONDON, January 11.—The total number of emigrants that left Liverpool during the year 1872 for America was 164,000.

A dispatch from Manchester announces that several cotton spinners in that city have failed.

The Tichborne Case.

LONDON, January 11.—Guilford Onslow and George Whalley, Members of Parliament, were arraigned in the Court of Queen's Bench on the 20th ult., for having in speeches delivered in St. James Hall accused Sir John Duke Coleridge of being engaged in a conspiracy against the Tichborne claimant. The trial of the claimant on the charge of perjury will commence on the 23d of April.

Anti-Slavery Demonstration in Madrid—Popular Rising Against Carlists—Telegraph Cable from Cadiz to Cuba.

MADRID, January 12.—A great popular demonstration was made in this city yesterday in favor of the proposed political reforms in Porto Rico and of the abolition of slavery. A long procession, with three bands and twenty banners passed through the principal streets. Conspicuous in the line were the Turtulia and Progressista clubs and the Society for the Abolition of Slavery. The ranks were filled with radicals and republicans and a considerable number of negroes took part in the demonstration.

The Carlist troubles in the north continue, but a patriotic spirit has been roused among the people. Volunteer bands are organizing for service against the insurgents and the inhabitants of villages of their own accord assume a firm and hostile attitude. In some places the latter have effectively resisted the approach of Carlist bands. A volunteer battalion in this city is being mobilized for service on the field.

The King has signed a concession to a Spanish company for a telegraph cable from Cadiz to Cuba by way of the Canaries and Teneriffe.

Royal Marriage in Prospect.

LONDON, January 12.—A special dispatch from St. Petersburg to the *Observer* says Count Schouvaloff has been sent abroad to negotiate a marriage between a Prince whose name is not given and a daughter of the Czar.

The Conservative French Republicans.

PARIS, January 12.—The members of the Left who seceded last week will not join the Right, as was reported, but will form a distinct group in the Assembly under the title of Conservative Republicans.

A Statement Corrected.

LONDON, January 12.—The statement of a dispatch of January 8th, from Rome, that the pioneer Protestant church had been consecrated was incorrect. The ceremony which took place was the laying of a corner-stone of a church for the building of which funds are being collected in the United States and other countries.

New Catholic Creed in Germany.

BERLIN, January 12.—The *Post*, in an article evidently inspired by the government, says the proclamation of the dogma of Papal infallibility has created a new Catholic creed, and its believers should be treated in the same manner as members of other new religious societies.

European Markets.

LONDON, January 11, 5 P. M.—Consols for money 92¼a92⅜, and for account 92¼. American securities—5-20s of '65, 93½; do of '67, 93¼; 10-40s, 89¾; new 5s, 90¾; Erie Railway 49½. The rate for money at the Stock Exchange on government securities is lower than the Bank rate by 1 per cent. Cotton 44s 3d. Turpentine 45s.

PARIS, January 11.—Rentes 53 francs 77 centimes.

LIVERPOOL, January 11.—Cotton flat and irregular; middling upland 10½d; middling Orleans 10¾d; sales 8,000 bales; of American 4,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000 bales. Breadstuffs—Red winter wheat 12sa12s 2d. Flour 29s 6da30s. Corn 28s 3da28s 6d. Lard 38s. Cheese 66s. Cumberland middles 34s 6d; short rib middles 35s. Turpentine 45s.

ANTWERP, January 11.—Refined petroleum 52 francs.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

An Old Project Revived.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

CAMBRIDGE CITY, IND, January 11, 1873.

The railroad question between this point and Union City is being agitated again. It is to be built at once, as in the fifteen or twenty previous cases of years past.

Projected Ohio River Line—Vote on the Question of Municipal Aid.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

POMEROY, O., January 11, 1873.

The vote to-day for taxes to assist in building the contemplated Ohio River Railroad resulted as follows: Middleport, five hundred and seventy-nine yes; fifty-one no. Pomeroy eight hundred and forty-five yes; forty-nine no. Precincts not heard from. It is almost certain that the townships will give a large majority for railroad.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 11, 1872.

FORTY MILLION MORTGAGE.

A meeting of the Directors of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad was held here to-day, at which it is understood action was taken concerning a mortgage on the road for forty millions. The bonds to be raised under the mortgage will be in the form of a security, which the company will sell to obtain money to lay the additional tracks.

NOT ATTACHED.

The Sheriff denies the report that an attachment has been placed in his hands to seize the effects of the St. Joseph and Denver City Railroad Company in this city.

REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF NAILS.

The manufacturers of American cut nails and spikes of the Atlantic States, at a special meeting here yesterday, decided to reduce their wholesale prices fifty cents per keg.

BANK DECISION.

Judge Pratt gave judgment yesterday for Joseph H. Havens, who sued the receiver of the Central Bank of Brooklyn for $3,125, the amount of the check deposited for collection in the bank the day before its failure. The ground taken was that in receiving a check without disclosing the condition of the bank the officers obtained no title to the check.

CRIMES.

The Hibler Murder Trial Concluded—Accused Convicted of Murder in the First Degree.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., January 11, 1873.

Yesterday and to-day until four P. M. the Criminal Court was occupied in hearing arguments *pro* and *con* in the Hibler murder case, after which the Judge delivered his charge to the jury. He referred to the law as bearing upon the case, and left the evidence as presented wholly with the jury. Hibbler's most sanguine friends do not anticipate anything but the severe penalties of the law. The prisoner has little hopes of escaping the gallows. The case has excited intense interest, the Court room being crowded daily.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

FORT WAYNE, IND., January 12, 1873.

The jury in the Hibler murder case retired at four thirty yesterday afternoon, but was shortly after recalled and an additional charge given them, and they again retired at four forty-five. After the retirement of the jury the prisoner manifested much anxiety with regard to his fate, and after consultation with his counsel commenced to cry. At ten forty-five P. M. the jury returned into Court. The prisoner was soon after brought in. Their verdict was read and listened to with breathless and awe inspiring silence. It was as follows: "We the jury find the defendant guilty of murder in the first degree, as charged in the indictment; and we further find that he be imprisoned in the State's prison during his natural life."

The prisoner at the conclusion of the reading was seen to tremble and turn ashy pale, and completely breaking down sobbed like a child. Some time elapsed before he could recover his composure. The counsel for the defense have intimated their intention to move for a new trial. If not granted they will appeal to the Supreme Court, relying on reversal on the ground that the jury's finding was not warranted by the evidence in the case.

The Connecticut Borgia Sentenced to Prison for Life—She Confesses to the Poisoning of Eight Persons.

NEW HAVEN, January 12.—Mrs. Lydia Sherman, the reputed poisoner of three husbands and two or three children, but who was only convicted of manslaughter in the poisoning of her last husband, was sentenced to the State prison for life yesterday. She received her sentence with the utmost indifference, and at the conclusion gracefully courtesied her acknowledgment to the Court. It is reported that she has made a thrilling confession of her crimes.

NEW HAVEN, January 12.—The confession of Mrs. Sherman will be published to-morrow. It admits the poisoning of eight persons.

A Murderer Attempts Suicide.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., January 12.—John R. Johnson, found guilty on Saturday of the murder of Mrs. Hess, at Meriden, last July, today attempted to commit suicide in his cell by severing an artery. He was found in time to save his life.

CASUALTIES.

Railroad Conductor Seriously Injured.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

RICHMOND, IND., January 11, 1873.

O. T. Short, for nineteen years a popular conductor on the Cincinnati and Richmond Road, slipped from the icy platform of a passenger train running at full speed, near Florence, Ohio, yesterday, and alighted on the frozen ground upon his head and shoulders. He was brought back to the city last night. He received a very severe wound in the head, and it was feared serious internal injuries, but his condition this evening, though painful, is not considered dangerous.

Collapse of a Steamboat Boiler—Thirteen Persons Scalded—Five Lives Lost.

EUFALA, Ala., January 12.—One of the flues of the boiler of the upward bound steamer, Julia Saint Clair, collapsed near here last night, scalding thirteen persons, mostly colored deck hands and firemen. One man died instantly, one was drowned, two mortally injured, and one unaccounted for. Among the scalded is engineer Berry, who is also injured in the face.

Gas Explosion in the Western Union Telegraph Office at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, January 12.—At ten forty this evening, an explosion of gas, which had leaked out and filled the space between the ground floor and plastering below of the delivery room of the Western Union Telegraph office, Nos. 56 and 58 West Third street, took place with a terrific report. All the lights were put out. The effects were confined to a part of the ground floor between the receiving desks and the front doors. This portion of the flooring, twenty-four feet long by twenty feet wide, was literally torn up and tossed nearly to the ceiling. The street windows of the ground floor and of the basement below were broken to pieces, the paneling of the door facings torn off and a portion of the cast iron moulding forming the base of the column at the side of the street door was hurled on to the sidewalk, striking Tom Corbett, messenger boy, on the leg, inflicting only slight injury. Twenty operators rushed through the darkness from the fourth story to the street. Manager Frank Armstrong and Henry Barnard, with three messenger boys, were in the room at the time of the explosion but fortunately escaped.

Gen. Sol. Meredith Dangerously Ill.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

CAMBRIDGE CITY, IND., January 11, 1873.

General Sol. Meredith, the hero of Gettysburg, is again suffering with wounds received in that battle. He is in a critical condition and is not expected to recover.

A VERITABLE GHOST.

Singular Story from Newburyport, Mass.

A Ghost with White Hair and Blue Eyes Haunts a School House.

[From the Merrimack Valley Visitor.]

In Newburyport we have a school house that the school committee have been forced to advertise as closed to visitors, because curious crowds waited within and without to see the mysterious form of a ghost boy, who has been trotting around there for more than a year, seen frequently by the teacher—who is not a Spiritualist—and by most of the whole fifty pupils, who are too young (primary scholars) to mystify and deceive the people.

The school house is on Charles street, a one story building, that would be the last place in town for a spirit from any happy abode to wish to renew its childhood in. There is an entry to the building, where is a flight of stairs to the attic, and a window looking into the school room. The teacher's desk brought her back to that window, where the pupils told her a strange boy was playing his tricks, sometimes putting his head up to the glass and looking in. They described him, and when seen he has always been the same in dress and appearance. To verify statements she changed her seat to face the window; and by and by the face appeared—the Jack Frost upon the window pane. Not doubting but it was really a boy, she took her "ruler"—the emblem of her authority—and made for the entry, and there she found him standing quietly in the corner—one of the prettiest faces she had ever seen, with a sweet smile on his beautiful lips, and needing a kiss more than a blow. His body, dressed in neat white clothes, bore the appearance of one just passed his first decade of years. His hair was almost white—a little tow-head; his face was as pale as death, and his eyes a sweet blue. His face was older than his years, and he had the appearance of wisdom beyond his years. She advanced to him, and he dodged to the attic stairs. She followed—is now near enough to take hold of him—reached for him but he is not there. He seemed to sink through the stairs, and where she would grasp his person her hand struck the floor. He was gone.

Now we have a veritable ghost—what is to be done? The police thought they could capture him. They arrested a lad as the author of all this commotion—the town through; and he had his choice to confess or take his chance for the reform school. It was not only the old witchcraft, but the old test. "Throw her into the river," said they of olden times, "and we shall find out whether or not she be a witch. If she is innocent, she will drown; if she swims, we'll hang her." The boy partially confessed; but he was not punished, because his teacher and all the pupils and his parents knew that he was not the strange boy that looked in at the window; and the face continued to re-appear when he was away.

Next a carpenter was sent to nail up the passage to the attic; but "if love laughs at locks" much more do ghosts. The little tow-head even made more noise than before. He turned the attic into a carpenter's shop, where he, too, sawed, and pounded and nailed; and as if to demonstrate the futility of human force to shut him out, he put his head down through the ventilator and took a survey of the school. Some of the children have been frightened, and one day one of them fainted; but few of them are excited about it. The teacher has spoken to him, and he only laughed from his happy face. The children looked at him, whom not one of them ever saw before, and he returns their glances with love in his soft and mild eyes, but as yet he has not told us who he is, whence he came or what his mission. This comes nearest to a real ghost—a daylight ghost—of anything we have had in this city for years.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

Additional Amendments Introduced and Referred.

At Friday's session of the Convention to Revise the State Constitution, in session at Philadelphia, the following resolutions were introduced and referred to the appropriate committees:

That a Board of Managers of Prisons, to consist of five persons, be appointed by the Governor, to hold office for ten years, and to be classified so that the term of one person shall expire at the end of each two years during the first ten years; such board to have charge of State prisons and of other penal and reformatory institutions as the Legislature may direct; the managers to receive no salary except traveling expenses, the Legislature to limit such expenses, such limit not to be changed more than once in five years; the board to have power to appoint the warden, clerk, physician and chaplain of each State prison with power to remove such officers for cause; all other officers of prisons to be appointed by the warden, with power of removal, and the Governor to have power to remove any of the managers for cause.

That the Legislature shall not have power to annul the contract of marriage in any case.

That the accused in all criminal cases, where the offense charged is of no less grade than a felony, shall be tried by a jury without an indictment or presentment by a grand jury, but in all other cases the law shall remain as heretofore.

That no person shall hold any office of trust or profit in the State of Pennsylvania who shall be an habitual professional gambler, and the Legislature shall provide by law for the mode of determining by inquisition at the relation of any citizen, whether any person holding an office is or is not such habitual gambler.

That no railroad shall consolidate with another owning a parallel or competing line, and in no case shall consolidation be made without public notice being given of at least sixty days to all stockholders: also no railroads shall issue stock except for money, labor or property actually received, and all fictitious increase of stock shall be void; also that no capital stock shall be increased except on sixty days notice.

That the qualified voters of each county shall elect one representative to the Legislature and one additional member for every thirty-five thousand of inhabitants, and in counties entitled to three or more members there shall be voting by the cumulative system.

That married women shall have the same power over their property as though they were not married, and no woman on account of sex shall be deprived of her right to enter into any lawful employment.

That the city of Philadelphia shall hereafter be the capital of the State.

That the apportionment for Senators and Representatives shall be made every ten years, according to the latest census.

That all females over the age of twenty-one years, who have paid taxes, shall have the right to vote for and be eligible as school directors.

That judges of the Supreme Court shall have the power to appoint a reporter of their proceedings.

That no corporation shall limit or impair by contract its responsibilities at common law.

That no trade association shall limit the number of apprentices in any trade, art or mystery.

That the State be divided into three equal districts for the election of judges of the Supreme Court, and that the Court consist of nine members, three from each district, elected by the people.

That the amount of indebtedness to be incurred by cities, counties and boroughs shall be limited; also that no person who shall have charge of public moneys shall be re-elected to the same office or shall be eligible to any office until the accounts of his first office shall have been settled; also providing for the filling of vacancies in the office of State Treasurer.

Prohibiting the Legislature from limiting the amount of damages to be obtained from railroads in indemnity for damages.

That the style of corporate name shall be the State of Pennsylvania instead of Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

That no person shall be allowed to vote who has committed perjury, bribery or been convicted of fraud at elections as an election officer.

That cities of more than 100,000 inhabitants shall be divided into districts, aldermen and justices of the peace abolished, and judges appointed for each district, who shall have power to try cases by a jury of six, and shall be salaried.

That the State Treasurer shall make quarterly reports of the state of the Treasury.

That the seat of goverment shall remain at Harrisburg.

Making the office of Attorney General and Secretary of the Commonwealth elective.

Giving the right of appeal from an assessment of value for property taken for public use.

That no railroad shall be laid in any city or town without the consent of the local authorities.

Mr. J. P. Wetherill presented a memorial from the Pennsylvania Peace Society, asking for the abolition of capital punishment, and for the striking out of the sections of the Constitution relating to military duty of citizens, and inserting that no citizen with conscientious scruples against war shall be compelled to bear arms, or pay any tax for the support of militia. The various matters in the memorial relating to amendments were referred to appropriate committees.

THE subject of fire-proof buildings is still being discussed in New York. A recent essay shows that the same immunity might be attained here as in Paris, where for many years the government has supervised the construction of all buildings. Great attention has been paid there to the subject of iron beams, and of incombustible filling between the floors. In consequence, there has been adopted a system of light iron beams filled in with gypsum, while the plastering is put directly on the walls so that the hollow, dry, tinder-box flue construction of American floors, roofs, walls and partitions is avoided. In this country the severe weather in winter prevents plastering directly on the walls, but gypsum blocks two-and-a-half feet square and four inches thick can be cemented together edge to edge. This plan has recently been adopted in New York in several buildings now in course of construction.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

The Kansas Bribery Case.

Direct Evidence of Corruption.

Legislative Snake Discovered.

An Exciting Debate Expected.

The Credit Mobilier Committees

Investigation to be Vigorously Pressed.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 12, 1873.

The Kansas Bribery Case.

The Caldwell investigation continued on Saturday with open doors. The most direct testimony yet taken was obtained. Judge Spriggs, former Treasurer of Kansas, testified that Caldwell requested him to send all such members of the Legislature as would take cash for their votes to him, or to his representative, Leonard Smith. He asked him also to see such as were too high toned to take money for a vote, and if any of them were willing to let him pay their campaign expenses to send them along. Spriggs knew of but one instance where the price paid reached five thousand. Most of the votes bought were $1,000 purchases. He gave at length the history of the transactions of five or six gentlemen recognized as the Caldwell Committee of Arrangement, as these were confided to him by one of the committee. The story as repeated was one of bribery and corruption throughout.

A Big Snake Discovered.

A very warm debate is expected in the House over the Union Pacific Railroad the next time the pending appropriation bill is taken up. It may be reached to-morrow. The contest will be over the virtual repeal of the sec of a former appropriation bill, by which Secretary Boutwell was prevented from collecting the interest due from the Pacific Railroads. It was charged yesterday that that important amendment had never been read in the House, but that it was smuggled through. The question involves one feature of the Credit Mobilier case, as this amendment was one of the most important pieces of legislation passed after Mr. Ames attempted to sell its stock, and it is expected that all the members whose names have been used will be able to show that they did not know that the conference report contained the clause.

The Credit Mobilier Investigation.

Both of the Credit Mobilier Investigating Committees will begin work in earnest to-morrow, and hold sessions and take testimony without interruption by the business of the House. Mr. Dawes will probably appear before Judge Poland's committee and make a circumstantial statement in writing of his entire connection with the Credit Mobilier. It is understood that it will not vary in any important particulars from that already published, nor will it differ materially from Mr. Ames' original testimony. One or two other Representatives are also thinking of making their statements before the committee, but have not yet decided. Thomas C. Durant is expected as a witness, and will testify in regard to the transactions of the Credit Mobilier in which he and Ames were associated. McComb and Black expect to derive considerable important assistance from Durant, and more or less from Commodore Garrison, who is also expected to-morrow. Several of the witnesses will be examined by both committees in succession, and it is regarded as certain that the disclosures of the coming week will throw a clearer light upon, and afford more definite knowledge of the whole situation. Judge Poland's committee expect to complete the greater part of their work this week, and there is a general desire to have the investigation brought to a close as soon as possible. The Attorney General has appointed no counsel to conduct the suit in behalf of the Government under the Randall resolution, and will not until the investigation ordered last Monday is well in progress, or fully completed. The Department of Justice prefers to wait developments, and to avail itself of whatever facts may be presented during the investigation.

The Louisiana and Arkansas Investigations.

The Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections has decided, after all discussion and permission of the Senate, not to send commissioners to Louisiana and Arkansas to take testimony to determine which set of electors were chosen, and will itself take the evidence from witnesses summoned to this city. Subpœnas are to be sent at once to New Orleans for the presence of both returning boards, and the original returns and other evidence necessary to the case.

Nye for the China Mission.

The friends of Senator Nye are talking of bringing him forward as a candidate for the mission to China.

The Modoc War.

The *Chronicle* says, regarding the Modoc Indian war: "When the cause of trouble is investigated it will be found to have been stirred up by designing parties, desirous of selling a lot of so-called swamp land to the government as reservation, and who dissuaded the Indians from going upon the new reservation which the government had marked out for them.

The Inauguration Ball.

It has been decided upon to erect a new building, four hundred feet by one hundred and twenty, in the rear of City Hall, capable of holding six thousand persons, in which to hold the inauguration ball.

Boutwell's Issue of Greenbacks Illegal.

The Senate Finance Committee, at its meeting yesterday, discussed Secretary Boutwell's legal authority to reissue any of the fifty-four millions of retired legal tender notes, on which they have been instructed by the Senate to report. It is understood that the sub-committee of Messrs. Sherman and Scott, to whom the matter was referred, are of the opinion that the Secretary exceeded his legal powers in making the issue last fall, and that their views are accepted by the majority of the committee. The report will probably be made during the present week.

WASHINGTON, January 11, 1873.

KANSAS SENATORIAL BRIBERY CASE.

The Senate Committee on Elections to-day proceeded with the examination of witnesses in the Caldwell Senatorial case. Jonathan Hammond, who had been examined before the Kansas Legislature, testified that George Smith told him if he had any need of money to procure the election of Caldwell, to call on Simcock, who was at Topeka in Caldwell's interest. Witness had no pecuniary interest in Caldwell's election, but was in favor of it, because he thought Caldwell could bring Kansas lands into market. Mr. Sneed, member of the Legislature, said something to the effect that he would vote for Caldwell for two thousand dollars. Witness went to see Simcock in order to make the arrangement, but he was not to be found. Sneed never complained of not having received money. Witness testified as to one Finney, another member of the Legislature, being influenced to vote for Caldwell, asking two thousand dollars for his vote. It was not the intention of witness to pay money to Finney, unless he could make an arrangement for that purpose. Witness did not know whether anything was given to Finney.

Senator Caldwell asked, "Were you authorized by me to offer money or any other consideration to procure votes?" Witness answered "no."

Sidney Clark inquired whether witness understood Finney was elected as a Clark or anti-Clark man? Witness replied that his opinion was Finney was elected as an anti-Clark man, but that was not the issue in the contest. Witness did not know any money was paid.

Sprigg, the next witness, said he did not personally know of any money having been paid. Governor Smith was at Topeka, and was a very active friend of Caldwell's. Several members of the Legislature were with Smith at the hotel. It afterwards appeared that Smith had negotiated for their votes. A note of Butler's for $800 was surrendered to him in consideration of his vote for Caldwell. It was said that one thousand dollars had been paid for another member's vote. Smith spoke as if he had paid money.

TREASURY BALANCES.

The balances in the Treasury to-day were: Coin, $64,041,361; currency, $3,599,925; coin certificates, $25,463,000.

INAUGURATION DAY.

The Executive Committee on Inauguration Ceremonies intend inviting the military organizations throughout the country to be present on the 4th of March.

CONDITION OF MR. SUMNER.

Senator Sumner is considered to-day in better health than yesterday. His suffering is like that which followed his injuries by Preston Brooks, and may be from the same cause. He hopes to take his seat in the Senate some time next week.

NEW RULE FOR WEIGHING RAILROAD IRON—VALUATION OF MERCHANDISE.

The following circulars were issued from the Treasury Department yesterday:

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 9, 1873.

To Collectors of Customs and Others:

It having been shown by experience that the rate adopted by the Department on the 7th of June, 1869 (Synopsis of Decisions for 1869, No. 401), for ascertaining the weight of railroad iron for assessment of duty, does not produce accurate results, owing to a lack of uniformity in the weight of the bars, a modification of the same is deemed necessary. The said rule decides the weighing of sufficient numbers of bars from each invoice of imported railroad iron when entered to ascertain the average weight thereof, the counting of the whole number of bars, and the return of the weight so ascertained by the customs' weigher, in the same manner as in the case of other weighable merchandise; also, that railroad iron, withdrawn for export, should be deemed weighable merchandise; that the weight should be ascertained in the same manner, and the fee of three cents per 100 pounds, provided by law, be collected from the owner. The said rule is hereby modified as follows: The weight of each invoice of railroad iron or steel rails hereafter imported, will be tested in the manner prescribed in said rule of June 7, 1869, but if the weight, as shown by the return of the weigher, does not vary more than one-half of one per cent. from that stated in the invoice entry, it will be liquidated at the invoice weight. In case a greater variation from the invoice weight is shown, the whole quantity embraced therein will be weighed, whenever the entire quantity of railroad iron or steel rails embraced in an invoice, is withdrawn. For export no reweighing need be had, but in case of the withdrawal of less than the entire quantity, the whole amount so withdrawn will be weighed. You will be governed accordingly. [Signed] GEO. S. BOUTWELL, Secretary.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, D. C., January 8, 1873.

CIRCULAR TO COLLECTORS OF CUSTOMS.—The following instructions are hereby issued for the guidance of officers of the Customs at the various ports of the United States:

Whenever any goods, wares or merchandise shall be imported into the United States by the manufacturer thereof, or which shall be by him consigned to an agent for sale, or when the appraisers shall be of opinion that the invoice of any goods, wares or merchandise imported does not correspond with the market value of such goods, wares or merchandise, in the principal markets of the country of exportation, although such invoice may state the true cost of such goods, wares and merchandise, it shall be the duty of the Collector to cause to be ascertained the actual market value of such goods, wares or merchandise, at the principal market of the country at the time of shipment, and assess the duties accordingly. But, in cases where such goods, wares, or merchandise, have no actual market value in such principal markets, the dutiable value shall be fixed by reference to the cost thereof to the producer or manufacturer, or by reference to the cost to other parties in such principal markets of goods, wares, and merchandise most similar thereto. And there shall be added to the value so ascertained the usual amount for profit, and also for the costs and charges mentioned in the ninth section of the act of July 28, 1866, said dutiable value to be ascertained by the proper officers of the customs.

[Signed] GEO. S. BOUTWELL, Secretary.

WASHINGTON, January 12, 1873.

THE THOMAS MONUMENT.

Repeesectative Dodds, of Ohio, yesterday presented a memorial from Generals Grosvenor, Craft, Barnett and Garfield, committee of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland, reciting the origin and organization of the society, its purpose to erect a national equestrian statue to the memory of Gen. Thomas, the steps already taken, and asking donations of eighty-eight pieces of discarded and unserviceable bronze cannon. The memorialists ask also that Congress appropriate a sum of money. The society design to make a special effort on May 30th, next Decoration day, to raise funds for the purpose. The monument will be located on one of the squares of Washington, and it is hoped to raise at least fifty thousand dollars outside of the aid here asked.

DECIDED INEXPEDIENT.

The Secretary of the Treasury, in a recent order, has decided that except in cases where the circumstances are peculiar, it is inexpedient to commence suit for the recovery of duties upon goods in bonded warehouses within the lines of the so-called Confederate States at the time the war opened, or for the recovery of duties on goods imported into said States while the jurisdiction of the United States over said States was interrupted. Several suits now pending in the Southern courts are awaiting decision.

CREDIT MOBILIER WITNESSES—SUIT BROUGHT BY DURANT AGAINST JAMES BROOKS AND OAKES AMES.

Thos. C. Durant and Jno. Crane, ex-President and ex-Secretary of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, have been summoned before the Congressional Committee investigating the Credit Mobilier scandal. Charles H. Neilson, son-in-law of Congressman Brooks, and C. K. Garrisson, of California, residing in this city, have been also subpœnaed. Durant has commenced suit against James Brooks and Oakes Ames to recover Credit Mobilier shares alleged to have been fraudulently obtained or unlawfully appropriated. The suit against Ames is said to be based upon the assertions of Members of Congress and others that they never received any shares, while the directors declare Ames represented that he made such distribution.

THE PERSECUTION OF JEWS IN ROUMANIA.

From the diplomatic correspondence accompanying the President's annual message, just printed, it appears that our government instructed our ministers to ask the good offices of all the European powers for the protection of the Jews from outrage and persecution in Roumania. It is officially represented that their ill treatment was not connected with the religious question, but concerns labor, and that the Roumanian government finds it difficult to preserve public tranquility and at the same time satisfy public opinion. The Roumanian people call on the government to prevent the country being overrun by Jews, and the authorities are afraid to do so through fear of offending the tolerant spirit of Europe. The country, consequently, is in constant agitation, which serves the aims of those desiring to render a stable government impossible, and thus to facilitate the absorption of Roumania by the neighboring powerful States. Our consul at Bucharest expresses hope for an early attainment of the results desired by our government through the action of the powers directly partaking of the political control of Roumania.

THE TEXAS FRONTIER COMMISSION.

Messrs. Robb and Savage, of the Texas Frontier Commission, leave to-morrow for Chicago, where they will be joined by Gen. Osborne, the newly appointed member. Judge Moore, of Illinois, has been appointed Secretary. Upon reaching the Rio Grande the commission will employ a translator and interpreter. The President caused such instructions to be issued as to render the commission more efficient, besides which cavalry have been sent to several exposed points to guard against Mexican raids. Private advices say that Gen. Cortina, stronger than ever, is raising an army, and will, on the 15th of March, issue a pronunciamento taking possession of the Mexican frontier independentally of the Mexican government. The treaty for the extension of the Mixed Commission has failed through the adjournment of the Mexican Congress before the return of our Minister, Nelson, and it will terminate in March or April, leaving many cases unadjusted.

XLII CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House, in Committee of the Whole, took up the Legislative, Executive and Judicial appropriation bill. The pending question at adjournment yesterday was the amendment offered by Mr. Smith, of New York, forbidding the payment of judgments of the Court of Claims for cotton captured before June, 1865, except special appropriations are made for them.

After prolonged discussion, without action, the Committee rose, and at 4:20 the House adjourned.

Missouri Senatorial Caucus—No Action.

ST. LOUIS, January 12.—The Democratic Senatorial caucus met at Jefferson City last night with closed doors, and the result was not known until a late hour. The rules which were adopted to govern the caucus required a majority of all the Democratic and Liberal Republicans in the Legislature to nominate; the number necessary therefore was sixty; also, that no name in nomination could be dropped until after the tenth ballot, and all the nominations must be made previous to that ballot. The first ballot stood: Blair 28, Phelps 29, Bogy 21, Anderson 15, Napton 9, Reynolds 4, Burch 2. No material change occurred until the eighth ballot, when Coleman, of St. Louis, and Edwards, of Jefferson City, were nominated, and Blair's vote was reduced to 24. Previous to the ninth ballot Major Rollins and Colonel Vest were nominated, and the ballot stood: Blair 24, Phelps 27, Bogy 26, Anderson 12, Napton 6, Vest 7, Rollins 4, and Reynolds, Edwards and Coleman one each. Intense excitement followed this ballot, and several motions to adjourn were lost by a small majority. Gov. Woodson's name was proposed, but withdrawn on its being announced that he would not be a candidate under any circumstances. The names of George Cockerell, Col. Brodhead and two or three others were then proposed, when after a good deal of discussion and much excitement the caucus adjourned to three P. M. on Monday.

The Utah Appointments—Comments of the Press.

SALT LAKE, January 11.—The new Territorial appointments are expected, and the changes continue to excite discussion. Today's *Herald* warmly extolls Judge Mitchell who succeeds Street, and claiming him an honest, capable and upright judge, and expresses surprise that the government smiles so benignly upon this blighted portion of the country. The *Tribune* continues extremely conservative, saying, to-day, that the influential conservative classes will no longer permit the radicals to carry away the situation. The vital interest of the country demand this, and thousands throughout the State are waiting to invest in our mines and add to our population who will have no concern in the hateful past, but deep concern in the prosperous future. The *Journal* will reserve its criticisms of Judge Mitchell until he has been tried in the balance.

Snow continues on the mountains, but does not prevent the shipment of ore from the principal mines. The weather in Southern Utah is mild and pleasant, and the roads dry and dusty.

FIRE AT PETROLIA CITY.

Four Thousand Barrels of Oil and Five Dwellings Burned.

It Breaks Out Afresh and Greater Destruction Threatened.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

PETROLIA CITY, January 12, 1873.

A fire broke out this evening at the Wilson well, on the Jamison farm, near here, and in a few moments spread to a well owned by Vandale and others, of Oil City, consuming about four thousand barrels of oil. The burning oil ran down a run and the fire soon consumed four dwelling houses, including the Central Hotel and the engine house and the derrick of well No. 2, on the Jamison farm, owned by McKinney, Nesbitt & Co. At this the flames were subdued. The town was in imminent danger for some time and several buildings were torn down to stay the progress of the flames. Total loss about $15,000.

LATER, 11 P. M.—The fire has again broken out just below town, in the valley of the creek, and promises to be very destructive to property, as many rigs and tanks are already in flames. The last fire is thought to be the work of an incendiary, and several suspicious characters have been arrested.

BUTLER COUNTY OIL REGION

ANOTHER BIG WELL STRUCK.

Flowing Two Hundred and Fifty Barrels Daily.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BUTLER, PA., January 12, 1873.

Another oil well, called the Preston, has been struck at Greece City and is flowing two hundred and fifty barrels per day. This being the third well struck in succession, and successfully, the announcement may be expected at any time, "Another well struck—five hundred barrels a day." Butler county is now undoubtedly the oil field. Oil is now conveyed by a new pipe line, which has lately and prudently been completed to this place, and oil is exported in great quantities. The rumor of this new development will undoubtedly cause an intense excitement.

The New York Legislature meets annually in Albany. The temporal affairs of the Young Men's Christian Association in that city were brought to a collapse, a few days ago, by a sudden descent of the Sheriff's officers.

Light Buckwheat Cakes

Can be made better by using the following recipe than in any other way. To one quart o buckwheat flour add two table-spoonfuls of molasses, or syrup, and two tea-spoonfuls of salt, then mix with warm water to the consistency of griddle cakes; let it stand over night in a warm (not hot) place; when ready to bake, thin your batter, if necessary, with warm water, then add one measure Banner Baking Powder, stir well, and bake immediately, on a hot griddle.

PRACTICAL IRON WORKERS will please read the notice in another column calling their attention to a new enterprise. The parties are reliable and "mean business."

To Retail Grocers.

Attention is directed to the call for an adjourned meeting of the retail grocers of Allegheny county, which appears in another column under the head of "Notices." The meeting is to be held at Forster's Hall, 1036 Penn avenue, corner of Twenty-Eighth street, this evening, at half past seven o'clock, and as business of importance is to be transacted a full attendance is requested.

Pass Right On

to second page, next to reading matter, and learn what Nutrina and Papoma are worth to you.

The Neat and Tidy Housewife

Who often makes a thorough examination of her house, from cellar to garret, will find Sapolio an indispensable article to make the excursion pleasant and delightful.

It will aid her in
House cleaning
More than any one thing.
It is really of more use than an extra girl.
It cost only
Ten cents per cake.

and can be used to advantage every hour in the day in all houses, stores, shops, mills and offices. For all cleaning purposes Sapolio is so convenient and reliable that a person once using it, becomes a living advertisement and advocate for it.

To Capitalists and Business Men.

We call the attention of capitalists and business men generally to the advertisement in our auction columns, of valuable business property, 112 Fifth avenue, for sale. For a banking house, store or law offices, the location cannot be surpassed. All who are seeking investments should attend the sale.

Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—AGENTS—AT THE ALLEGHENY Music House, 127 Federal street. Must have good references.

WANTED—SITUATION—BY A YOUNG German Watchmaker. References given. Address Keystone Hotel, Fourth avenue.

WANTED—COAL MINERS—ABOUT fifteen Coal Miners to mine cannel coal. Inquire of P. L. GRIM, New Gallileo, Beaver county, Pa. P. L. GRIM.

WANTED—BOGARDUS MILL—A second hand Bogardus Mill. Address Pittsburgh Smelting and Refining Company, 138 South Canal street, Allegheny.

WANTED—SALESMAN—A GOOD Cigar and Tobacco Salesman to sell goods on the road; must have experience and trade. For such a good salary will be paid. Address BROWNLEE, LENIGAN & CO., Youngstown, Ohio.

WANTED—SALESMAN—WITH AN established Trade in Southwestern Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Ohio, who is acquainted with the Hosiery, Notions and White Goods business. Address COX, SMITH & CO., Philadelphia. MWF

WANTED—MULES—AN A NO. 1 Team of Mules, weighing about thirteen hundred each, broke to work, and not to exceed seven years. For such a good price will be paid after some days trial. MALONEY & LANAHAN, 350 Penn street. FM

WANTED—FOUR MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENTS—Iron, Steel or their products to travel for. Yearly salary from each $1,000 and the four to pay traveling expenses. Will agree to sell goods for each to the amount of $100,000 per year. Address "Traveler," this office.

WANTED—STOREROOM—A STORE on ground floor in the business part of the city, to be used as a Furniture Wareroom. Possession wanted about April 1st. Best reference given. Address, stating rent, location and size of Room, JOS. R. CUSHING, Titusville, Crawford county, Pa.

WANTED—GOOD GIRLS FOR HOUSE-WORK, Cooking, Diningroom work, Nursing and light work of all kinds; several Men and Boys want Laboring, Carriage Driving and Farm work, in the city or out, at low wages. Apply at Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth street, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A COLLECTION OF FINE Oil Paintings, by the best European Artists—127 Federal street, Allegheny city. MWF

FOR SALE—UNION STONE CO.'S Emery Wheels; will not glaze or gum. HUTCHISON & CO., 28 Wood street.

FOR SALE—ONE SECOND-HAND Steam Engine, 8 horse power, at the Keystone Steam Pump Works, corner Penn and Thirty second sts. tf

FOR SALE—RUBBER BELTING AND HOSE—India Rubber Belting and Hose of all sizes and descriptions. Also, Gum Packing at Eastern Prices. HARTLEY, McKEE & CO., 58 Smithfield street. M

FOR SALE—W. VA. NATURAL LUBRICATING Oil, Judson Governors, Deane Steam Pumps, Machinery and Manufacturers' Supplies of all kinds. M. B. COCHRAN & CO., 121 Liberty street. tf

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes, Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60 horse power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—DWELLING HOUSE, NO. 41 Federal street, Pittsburgh, Ten Rooms and Wash House, lot 25x124 feet to a six foot alley. Terms easy. Apply to S. A. COSGRAVE, of Anderson & Woods, corner Ross street and First avenue. WFM

FOR SALE—PATTERN AND MODEL BUSINESS—We offer one-half or the entire interest in our Shop. This is a good opportunity to engage in a safe and established business, requiring but a small capital. D. C. KING & SON, 70 Second avenue, over Fulton's Foundry. tf

FOR SALE—DWELLING HOUSE—A Brick Dwelling House of 10 Rooms, finished Attic, Gas and Water on the premises; ample Grounds and Fruit Trees, situated near Fifth avenue, convenient to street cars and Shadyside Station, Pennsylvania Railroad. Possession January 1st. Apply at 63 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh. FMW

FOR SALE—FARM OF 75 ACRES, 6 Acres of Timber, balance good Farming Land, with Dwelling House of 4 Rooms, Porch and Cellar and other Out-Buildings, and Orchard. Farm well Watered, and situate 15 miles from the city, on Beaver road. Will be sold low; if not sold soon will be for rent. Apply to G. W. RANKIN, Real Estate Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE NEW Brick Dwelling, situate No 25 Beach street, Allegheny, near the Park, containing 10 Rooms and finished Attic. All the modern improvements in the House. Good chance to secure a complete family home. Apply at Ben Franklin Insurance Company, No. 16 Ohio street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—107 ACRES—WITH ELEGANT Country Residence, two miles above McKeesport, Pittsburgh, Washington and Baltimore Railway. Would be divided into three parts to suit purchasers; one-quarter mile Railway and River front. The Buildings are equal to any in the county. Will be sold at a bargain. THOS. F. STEWART, 48 Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE—ENGINE AND BOILER—One good second-hand Metal Bed Plate, Double Slide Valve Engine 6½ by 15 inch, Hot and Cold Water Pumps, Heater, &c.; Boiler 12 feet long, 34 inch diameter, 2 Flues, Fire Front, Grate Bars. All in complete order. Only been in use one year. Also, Band Wheel, Crank, Shaft, Boxes, &c. Price very low. DOUDS & CO., New Castle, Pa.

FOR SALE—A COMPLETE CITY RESIDENCE—I offer for sale my dwelling house, No. 154 North avenue, Allegheny. The House is large, handsomely located, fronting on the Park, and contains everything requisite to comfort and convenience. There is a good Carriage House and Stable on the end of the Lot. The above Property is in first-class order and is an attractive and complete Home that can be enjoyed without any additional expenditure on the part of the purchaser. For terms apply to J. W. ARROTT, 167 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED--AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENT—BY A JOBBING House, a Traveling Salesman to sell Iron, Nails, and other goods in that line. Must be thoroughly acquainted with the business, and able to command a large trade. Address X, this office.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—M. B. COCHRAN & CO., 121 Liberty street, dealers in Machinery, have added a Machine Shop to their business, and are prepared to do all kinds of Repairing promptly and at lowest rates. tf

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—PARTNER—ACTIVE OR silent, with a cash capital of $25,000 to $30,000 in an established Manufacturing Business now paying largely. A further increase in the business is the desired object. This is a splendid opening to make money. None but those possessing the above amount need apply. For particulars apply to GROFT & PHILLIPS, General Business Agents, opposite Postoffice, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—PENN STREET RESIDENCE, between Fifth and Sixth street, No. 152. Inquire at No. 20 Wood street.

FOR RENT—A THREE-STORY BRICK Warehouse, situate No. 15 Virgin alley, near Wood street. Inquire of W. A. HOEVELER, No. 25 Seventh street, Pittsburgh.

FOR RENT—155 LIBERTY STREET—A good three-story Warehouse, 100 feet deep to an alley, for rent low to a good tenant. Inquire of S. LINDSAY, JR., next door, or JOHN WAY, JR., Sewickley, Pa.

FOR RENT—HOTEL—THE LA BELLE House, opposite the Monongahela House, Smithfield street, with the Bar Fixtures, Good Will, improvements, &c., will be leased for a term of years. Inquire of THOS. BAILEY, on the premises.

FOR RENT—THAT VERY DESIRABLE Four Storied Warehouse, 24 by 100, situate corner of Wood street and Second avenue. Apply to ALEX. CHAMBERS, at Works, corner Fifth and Bingham streets, South Side, or by letter through the mail.

FOR RENT—STOREROOM—AT CLINTON Station, suitable for Cigar and News Depot, or Drug Store. For particulars inquire of J. P. SMITH, 271 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, or address WM. SPENCE, Rock Point Postoffice, Beaver county, Pa.

FOR RENT—AT BRADDOCKSFIELDS, the large House formerly known as the Braddocksfield Hotel, containing 15 Rooms. Also, vacant Storeroom attached; 5 Acres of Land containing Fruit Trees, Grapes, &c. Also, large Stable and other Outbuildings. For particulars call on J. H. ROBINSON, 53 Chatham street.

FOR RENT OR SALE—THE LARGE and commodious House and ample Grounds, Sixth ward, Allegheny, known as ROSEDALE GARDENS, on which I now reside. Possession April next. L. PETERSON, JR., 187 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, and corner Washington and Preble avenue, Allegheny, or HERRON & BATES, Real Estate Agents, 38 Wood street.

FOR RENT—DWELLING HOUSE—A very comfortable Double House, nearly new: eight Rooms; two Finished Attics; Finished Cellars; Bath Room; Marble Mantels; nicely Papered and Painted; large Garden, Fruit, &c., attached; most pleasant, level part of Center avenue, beyond Kirkpatrick street. Rent moderate. Inquire of 167 First avenue. tf

NOTICES.

ALL RETAIL GROCERS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY are hereby earnestly invited to attend an adjourned meeting for the benefit of the Retail Grocery Trade, to be held at Forster's Hall, No. 1036 Penn avenue, corner Twenty-eighth street, on MONDAY EVENING, January 13th, 1873, at 7½ o'clock P. M. Come one, come all.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL—The Annual Meeting of the Contributors to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital will be held at the Hospital, Dixmont, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of January, between the hours of 12 M. and 4 P. M. Contributors and members of the Board of Managers are requested to attend this important meeting. J. A. HARPER, Secretary.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE FEDERAL HOMESTEAD AND BANKING COMPANY OF ALLEGHENY CITY, are hereby notified that the first installment of ONE DOLLAR per share is due and payable at any office on and after the 15th inst. D. MACFERRON, Secretary and Treasurer. THSM

NOTICE—AN ADJOURNED Meeting of the Stockholders of the TRI-PARTITE BRIDGE COMPANY will be held on the 16TH DAY OF JANUARY, instant, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Banking House of Robinson Brothers, for the purpose of considering and determining the question of abandoning the Erection of the Bridge, for the present, and of releasing all subscribers to the capital stock, who may desire to be released from their subscriptions. By order, D. ROBINSON, Secretary.

ELECTION NOTICES.

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY—NOTICE—The Annual Election for Thirteen Directors of this Bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY, January 14, 1873, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M. ROBERT J. GRIER, Cashier. Pittsburgh, January 3, 1873.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the PITTSBURGH AND ORMSBY PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY, for the election of Five Directors, and attend to any other necessary business, will be held at the Office, corner Twenty-second and Sarah streets, East Birmingham, between the hours of 2 and 4 P. M., MONDAY, January 13th, 1873. T. A. SMITH, Secretary. East Birmingham, January 2, 1873.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 233 South Fourth street, Philadelphia, on MONDAY, January 13th, 1873, at 11½ o'clock A. M. Election for President and Directors same day and place. JOSEPH LESLEY, Secretary. 30.6.13

SHAMBURG PETROLEUM COMPANY.—A meeting of the Stockholders of the Shamburg Petroleum Company will be held at the office of R. Patrick & Co., No. 40 Fifth avenue, on THURSDAY, the 23d inst, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing officers to serve the Company the ensuing year. JOS. MYERS, Secretary.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK.—An Election of Directors to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, No. 33 Fifth avenue, on TUESDAY, January 14, 1873, between the hours of 10 and 12 A. M. W. McCANDLESS, Cashier. Pittsburgh, December 14, 1872.

NOTICE—THE REGULAR Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL COMPANY will be held in Hall Building, at 3 o'clock P. M., TUESDAY, January 14, 1873, to receive reports and elect officers. THOS. N. MILLER, Secretary.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, PA.—The Annual Election for Nine Directors of this Bank to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street, on TUESDAY, January 14th, 1873, between the hours of 11 o'clock A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M. J. D. SCULLY, Cashier. Pittsburgh, December 24, 1872.

PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH.—An Election for Eleven Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 14th, 1873, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M. F. M. GORDON, Cashier. Pittsburgh, December 14, 1872.

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH—The Annual Election for Nine Directors of this Bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 14th, 1873, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. JOS. LAURENT, Cashier. Pittsburgh, December 21, 1872.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BIRMINGHAM—The annual Election for Seven Directors to serve the ensuing year will be held at the Bank, on TUESDAY, January 14, 1873, between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M. JOHN P. BEECH, Cashier. Birmingham, December 16, 1872.

TEUTONIA INSURANCE COMPANY, 206 East Ohio street, German Savings Bank Building.—An Election for Directors to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the Company's office, MONDAY, January 13th, 1873, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. HENRY F. EGGERS, Secretary. Allegheny, Pa., January 4, 1873.

CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK—ELECTION—The Annual Election for Nine Directors to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on the SECOND TUESDAY OF JANUARY, 1873, the 14th proximo, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M. R. K. WILSON, Cashier. Pittsburgh, December 14, 1872.

PITTSBURGH NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE.—The Annual Election for Nine Directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, corner of Sixth avenue and Wood street, on TUESDAY, January 14th, 1873, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M. JOSEPH H. HILL, Cashier. December 13, 1872.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ALLEGHENY—The Annual Election for Nine Directors, to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, No. 110 Federal street, on TUESDAY, January 14th, 1873, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. J. P. KRAMER, Cashier. Allegheny, December 13, 1872.

MERCHANTS' AND MANUFACTURERS' NATIONAL BANK.—The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will take place at the Banking House, Fourth avenue, on TUESDAY, January 14th, 1873, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M. JOHN SCOTT, JR., Cashier. Pittsburgh, December 14, 1872.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH.—The Annual Election for Nine Directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, corner Liberty and Ninth streets, on TUESDAY, January 14th, 1873, between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M. E. F. McELROY, Assistant Cashier. Pittsburgh, December 12, 1872.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK—The Annual Election for Nine Directors of this Bank to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 14th, 1873, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M. W. STEINMEYER, Cashier. Pittsburgh, December 14, 1872.

OFFICE OF THE MANUFACTURERS' AND MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY, 87 WOOD STREET—The Annual Election for Thirteen Directors of this Company will be held at the Company's building on MONDAY, January 13, 1873, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. JAMES M. KENNEY, Secretary. Pittsburgh, January 4, 1873.

OFFICE OF THE PEOPLE'S INSURANCE COMPANY.—An Election for Twelve Directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Company's office, corner of Wood street and Fifth avenue, on MONDAY, January 13, 1873, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. WM. F. GARDNER, Secretary. Pittsburgh, January 2, 1873.

SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH—The Annual Election for Nine Directors of this Company will be held on TUESDAY, January 14, 1873, at the office, No. 84 Fourth avenue, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 1 o'clock P. M. S. F. VON BONNHORST, Treasurer and Secretary. December 31, 1872.

MONONGAHELA INCLINED PLANE COMPANY—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at the Lower Station, Carson street, on MONDAY, the 13th day of January, 1873, at 4 o'clock P. M., to elect a President, Secretary and Treasurer, and Seven Directors to serve during the ensuing year, and to transact such other business as may be presented. JOHN L. AWL, Secretary.

CITY BANK, PITTSBURGH—The Annual Election for Thirteen Directors of this Bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 14, 1873, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M. J. W. TAYLOR, Cashier. Pittsburgh, Pa., December 26, 1872.

GENERAL OFFICE PITTSBURGH, VIRGINIA AND CHARLESTON RAILWAY.

Notice to Stockholders.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railway Company will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 61 Fourth avenue, on the SECOND MONDAY, 13th of January, 1873, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock, for the purpose of electing a President, Vice President and Twelve Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may come before them. D. P. CORWIN, Secretary. Pittsburgh, December 24th, 1872.

ELECTION NOTICES.

FARMER'S DEPOSIT NATIONAL BANK—ELECTION.—The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY, January 14, 1873, between the hours of 1 and 2 P. M. S. GEORGE, Cashier. Pittsburgh, December 13, 1872.

IRON CITY NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH—The Annual Election for Thirteen Directors to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 14th, 1873, between the hours of 2 and 3 o'clock. GEO. R. DUNCAN, Cashier. Pittsburgh, December 14, 1872. MWF

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK.—The Annual Election for Directors will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1873, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M. CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier. Pittsburgh, December 14, 1872.

MASONIC DEPOSIT SAVINGS BANK—ELECTION NOTICE—The Annual Election for Thirteen Directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, No. 135 Smithfield street, on TUESDAY, January 14, between the hours of 10 and 1 o'clock. GEORGE C. McLEAN, Cashier. Pittsburgh, Pa., January 6, 1873.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF CITY INSURANCE CO.—DIVIDEND No. 1—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of ($6 50) SIX DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share on the Capital Stock, to be credited on the Stock Notes. JOHN R. GLONINGER, Secretary. Pittsburgh, January 7, 1873.

DIVIDEND—SECURITY TRUST CO., 64 WOOD STREET—The Directors of this Company have declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. (free of tax) on the capital paid in, payable on or after the 15th inst. DAVID GREGG, President. January 8, 1873.

OFFICE BOATMEN'S FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO.—DIVIDEND No. 8—The Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS per share, payable forthwith. ROBERT FINNEY, Secretary. Pittsburgh, January 9, 1873.

DUQUESNE BANK—THE DIRECTORS of this Bank have declared a Dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. upon the capital stock, from the earnings of the past six months, payable on or after the 10th inst. The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders for the election of a Board of Directors will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, January 13th, instant, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M. A. H. PATTERSON, Cashier. ja3,6,8,10,13

DIVIDEND—THE DIRECTORS of the PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable on demand. F. M. GORDON, Cashier. January 4, 1873.

PITTSBURGH NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE—DIVIDEND—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of SIX (6) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith. J. H. HILL, Cashier. Pittsburgh, January 6, 1873.

PITTSBURGH AND ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY (Hand Street)—DIVIDEND—The Managers of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock (Two Dollars and Fifty Cents per share), payable forthwith at the Citizens' National Bank. R. K. WILSON, Secretary and Treasurer. Pittsburgh, January 6, 1873.

OFFICE OF ARTISANS' INSURANCE CO.—DIVIDEND—The Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share, payable on and after January 15, 1874. A. J. BARR, Secretary. January 4, 1873.

OFFICE MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION COMPANY.—The Board of Managers of the Monongahela Navigation Company have this day declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF a share upon the Capital Stock, payable on and after the 25th day of January, 1873. WM. BAKEWELL, Treasurer. Pittsburgh, January 9, 1873.

OFFICE OF MANUFACTURERS' AND MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY, NO. 87 WOOD STREET—The Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of ($3) THREE DOLLARS per share out of the earnings of the last six months, free of taxes and payable on and after the 13th instant. JAMES M. KENNEY, Secretary. Pittsburgh, January 6, 1873.

OFFICE OF THE ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO., No. 67 FOURTH AVENUE—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of THREE DOLLARS ($3 00) per share, to be credited on stock due bills. C. G. DONNELL, Secretary. Pittsburgh, January 6, 1873.

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.—DIVIDEND—The Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS per share, payable in cash at the office of the Company, No. 43 South Diamond street, Allegheny, on and after Monday, 13th inst. JAS. E. STEVENSON, Secretary. Allegheny, January 6, 1873.

OFFICE OF THE CASH INSURANCE CO.—DIVIDEND—The Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of EIGHT PER CENT. ($4 00 per share), out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on and after Monday, the 13th inst. JOSEPH T. JOHNSTON, Secretary. Pittsburgh, January 7, 1873.

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on or after the 13th instant. ROBERT J. GRIER, Cashier. Pittsburgh, January 2, 1873.

TRADESMENS NATIONAL BANK—DIVIDEND—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable on demand. CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier. Pittsburgh, January 2, 1873.

CITY BANK OF PITTSBURGH—DIVIDEND—The Board of Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 14th instant. J. W. TAYLOR, Cashier. January 2, 1873.

DIVIDEND NO. 15—OFFICE OF PEOPLE'S INSURANCE CO.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE DOLLARS per share, free of taxes, out of the earnings of the last six months, the same to be applied to paying off the Stock Due Bills. This pays up the stock in full, and gives the Company a cash capital of One Hundred Thousand Dollars. WM. F. GARDNER, Secretary. Pittsburgh, January 6, 1873.

DIVIDEND—SHOE AND LEATHER SAVINGS BANK—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT on the capital stock paid in, out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith. J. D. FRASER, Cashier. Pittsburgh, December 31, 1872.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK—The Board of Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable to the Stockholders on and after the 6th inst. W. McCANDLESS, Cashier. Pittsburgh, January 2, 1873.

Henderson's Patent Iron

The "PURIFIED CAST IRON" costs but $6 per ton more than common coke pig iron, and when mixed with one-half wrought iron makes good cast steel. The wrought iron from common coke pig iron makes cast steel equal to that made from the best Swedish bar iron. The "common" bar iron from common coke pig iron is stronger, stiffer and tougher than Lowmoor iron. The Boiler Plates from common coke pig iron are stronger, 50 per cent. softer, and 100 per cent. tougher, than Lowmoor iron. For Licenses to make this Iron apply to JAMES HENDERSON, 30 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

To Practical Iron Workers.

A Gentleman representing a Company with a capital of One Hundred Thousand Dollars already subscribed, and a splendid site for a Mill—10 Acres of Land, and 100 Acres of excellent Coal, wishes to confer with a few practical men, who would take an interest in the business. He can be seen at my office during business hours, on MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, January 13th, 14th and 15th, and in the evening at the Monongahela House. The location is at Martin's Ferry, Ohio, opposite the city of Wheeling, West Va. S. L. CUTHBERT, Real Estate Agent, 20½ Liberty street.

LOCKWOOD & CO., Bankers, 94 BROADWAY, New York, Transact a GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS, including the purchase and sale of Government and State Bonds, Railroad Stocks and Bonds, and other Securities on COMMISSION.

DISSOLUTION.

The Partnership heretofore existing between H. R. McCLELLAN, ABDIEL McCLURE, J. C. HILL and S. BULLOCK, under the name and style of H. R. McCLELLAN & CO., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, H. R. McCLELLAN, J. C. HILL and S. BULLOCK retiring. The accounts of the late firm will be settled and the business continued by ABDIEL McCLURE.
H. R. McCLELLAN,
ABDIEL McCLURE,
J. C. HILL,
S. BULLOCK.
Pittsburgh, January 11, 1873.

BIRDS, BIRDS.

I have just returned from Germany with a rich and complete selection of European Singing Birds, such as Nightingales, Drushes, English Blackbirds, Gold Finches, Canary Birds from the Harz mountains, with Nightingale tone, Sky Larks etc. Call immediately at JOHN WILHELM'S, No. 17 Diamond, Tremont House. CHARLES ESPY.

NOTICE To Surveyors and Engineers.

I have this day opened a place for Manufacturing SURVEYORS' INSTRUMENTS of all descriptions. REPAIRING will be promptly attended to at the shortest notice. J. DIAMOND, Optician, No. 22 Sixth street.

STEVENSON & FOSTER CAN FURNISH CASES FOR THE ALDINE AND BIND THEM. Corner Wood Street and Third Avenue.

W. C. FRIEND, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, OFFICE—No. 61 GRANT STREET.

STENCILS, STEEL STAMPS, BURNING BRANDS, SEAL PRESSES, CANCELLING and RIBBON STAMPS, STENCIL COLORS. Brushes and all Stencil Materials Wholesale. W. A. BUNTING'S STENCIL ROOMS, 184 Liberty Street, PITTSBURGH. 1p

The Daily and Weekly Commercial—Newspaper Decisions. 1. Any one who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice—whether directed to his name or another's or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. The courts have decided that refusing to take Newspapers or Periodicals from the postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

Remittances must be made in Money Orders, Bank Checks, or Drafts, if possible. When neither of these can be procured, send the money in a Registered Letter. The present Registration system is virtually an Absolute Protection Against Losses by mail, and all Postmasters are obliged to register letters whenever requested to do so.

Communications designed for publication should be addressed to C. D. BRIGHAM, Editor.

Letters on Business, Subscriptions, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DISSOLUTION.

The Partnership heretofore existing between JAMES C. LINDSAY, GEORGE B. STERRIT and ANT. H. EUWER, under the name and style of LINDSAY, STERRIT & EUWER, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, ANT. H. EUWER retiring. The accounts of the late firm will be settled and the business continued by JAMES C. LINDSAY and GEORGE B. STERRIT.
JAS. C. LINDSAY,
GEO. B. STERRIT,
ANT. H. EUWER.

CARD—ON RETIRING FROM THE firm of LINDSAY, STERRIT & EUWER, I would solicit the patronage of my friends for my successors. ANTHONY H. EUWER. Pittsburgh, December 31, 1872.

Lindsay, Sterrit & Co
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
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Cutlery, &c.,
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J. M. MONTGOMERY, W. T. CHAFFEY, J. S. PATTERSON.
MONTGOMERY,
CHAFFEY &
PATTERSON,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
TEAS!
No. 264 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH.

New Law Books.
LITTLE, BROWN & CO.,
LAW PUBLISHERS,
110 Washington Street,
HAVE JUST PUBLISHED:

DRAKE ON ATTACHMENT.—FOURTH EDITION. 8vo. $7.50. A Treatise on the Law of Suits by Attachment in the United States. By Hon. C. D. DRAKE.

This edition has been subjected to a critical and faithful revision. Nearly six hundred additional cases are cited, and a large amount of valuable matter incorporated from the American Reports published since the issue of the last edition.

READY IN A FEW DAYS.

BROWNE ON TRADE-MARKS. 8vo. $6. A Treatise on the Law of Trade Marks and Analogous Subjects. By W. H. BROWNE, Esq., Principal Examiner in Charge of Trade Marks, U. S. Patent Office.

BISHOP ON STATUTORY CRIMES. 8vo. $7.50. Commentaries on the Law of Statutory Crimes, embracing general principles of statutory interpretation; particular principles applicable in criminal cases; leading doctrines of the common law of crimes, and discussions of the various statutory crimes, as respects both the law and the procedure. By JOEL PRENTISS BISHOP, Esq., author of Criminal Law, &c., &c.

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The Best Timekeepers, the Best Finished and the Lowest-Priced American Watch made.
Wattles & Sheafer,
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AGENTS FOR THE COMPANY.
All the movements furnished in Gold and Silver Cases.

WINTER
GLOVES AND GAUNTLETS,
IN
Silk or Wool Lined Kid, Lined Silk, Fur, For Wrist, Lined or Unlined Buck, Cloth and other varieties.
NOW SELLING VERY LOW.
H. J. ADAMS,
72 FIFTH AVENUE.

FOR RENT,
AN OLD ESTABLISHED
BUSINESS STAND,

Centrally located, in UNIONTOWN, PA., corner of Main and Arch streets. The Storeroom is 13 by 18 feet, 60 feet deep, with Counting Room, 13 by 18 feet, fitted up with Fire-proof Vault and Safe. There is also five large Rooms over Storeroom and good Cellar under whole building. Also adjoining a large three-story Brick Warehouse. The property is admirably located for business purposes, being in the center of the town, and no better stand for a live business man could be found. The present owner has acquired a competency in it, and wishes to retire to private life. Inquire of EWING BROWNFIELD, Uniontown, Pa., or

C. H. LOVE, Real Estate Broker,
121 FOURTH AVENUE.

NOTICE.

PITTSBURGH, January 8, 1873.

Notice is hereby given that the Assessment for GRADING, CURBING and PAVING OF TAYLOR STREET, Sixteenth Ward, Pittsburgh, (under provisions of the Penn Avenue Improvement Act), is now ready for examination, and can be seen (for the correction of errors) at Mr. HAGEDORN'S STORE, on Taylor street, until January 28th, 1873. After that time it will be returned to the City Treasurer, and a copy filed in the office of the Prothonotary of Allegheny county.

By order of the Board of Commissioners,
HERMAN MYERS, President.
TITUS BERGER, Secretary.

Desirable Offices on Fifth Ave
For Rent.

One Large Back Room, 22x60, on second floor. Also, Rooms on third floor, suitable for Oil Offices. Possession given immediately. Inquire of
GRAY, POSSIEL & RESE,
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FOR RENT,
STORES, HOUSES,
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INQUIRE OF
J. M. GAZZAM,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
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MONEY TO LOAN
ON MORTGAGE.
$2,000, $3,000, $3,500, $4,500, $5,000, $8,000, $10,000, $15,000.
Any of the above amounts will be loaned for one to three years on liberal terms.
W. R. [illegible]
1p 97 Grant street, opposite the Court House.

The Daily Commercial.

MONDAY, JANUARY 13, 1873.

A PROPOSITION has been introduced into the Constitutional Convention to separate general elections from municipal elections in this State. It is proposed to hold the former in November, on the day fixed by law for the Presidential election, and the latter on the third Friday in March.

A FULL jury having at length been impaneled for the trial of TWEED, the head and front of the unscrupulous gang which so long rode rough-shod over the tax-payers of New York city, his trial proper, after innumerable delays, will be commenced to day. Now let us see whether he will be duly convicted and punished.

CONGRESSMAN BECK, of Kentucky, who, in a speech delivered to his constituents last summer, joyously hailed the "Liberal" departure as the commencement of a movement that was to end in the complete restoration of the Lost Cause, is very naturally averse to granting any increase in the appropriation for the Bureau of Education. Nay, for that matter, he is inflexibly opposed to the Bureau itself; probably for the reason that he knows that in the degree in which the spelling book and primer make their way in the South, the chances for the realization of his cherished dream grow correspondingly remote. Thank Providence, however, the liberating march and motion of the age will not stop nor stay at any Bourbon's BECK.

AT THE time when the maximum prices in the English iron market were reached, the free traders of this country declared that the increase fully demonstrated the correctness of their theories and the folly of the protective policy, for the reason that, if they had only waited for it, the iron-masters of the United States could have made iron cheaply enough to compete with the English market. Since the beginning of last August, up to the latter part of December, there has been an average decline in the British iron trade of about eighteen per cent. in bar iron, of twenty-five per cent. in strips, and of four per cent in rails. The decline in coal is about thirteen per cent. What do these doctors of political economy think of the value of their doctrines now?

THE CHICAGO *Tribune* takes offense at Governor OGLESBY's declaration, made in the course of an address the other day delivered before the Republican members of the Illinois Legislature on receiving the caucus nomination for United States Senator, that he proposed to be "true to the Republican party." It is easy to understand the cause of that paper's soreness over the defeat of its candidate, Senator TRUMBULL, inasmuch as in his rejection there is also involved a tacit rebuke of itself. There is, however, no reason in the world why it should wax so wrathy over the matter. Does the *Tribune* desire to convey the impression that Governor OGLESBY would be likely to prove more true to the country by becoming false to himself and to the people who have honored him?

THE English and the French newspapers are full of LOUIS NAPOLEON—what he was and what he was not—how he lived and how he died; and the Eastern papers, following the example, fill their columns with details about him, until the unsophistocated reader might be tempted to think the world had lost, in him, one of its greatest and best men.

There is something too much of this. NAPOLEON was a man who, for a time, filled much space in the world's eye; but he did not fall from power a day too soon, nor is his death, although to be regretted, any great calamity. The amount of good he did, in his time, is easily summed up; the amount of harm not quite so easily; but he lost, years ago, his importance in the world's history, and we fail to see why more ado should be made over his death than over that of infinitely greater and better men who have latterly passed away.

A REPORTED cordial understanding between Russia and His Holiness, the Pope, has for some time been a subject of lively interest and discussion, perhaps gossip would be the more appropriate term, in European diplomatic circles. In the press also a good deal has been said about it. Whether fact or fiction, the report has led certain influential journals in Germany to remind Russia that, when dallying with the Pope, she might be making her choice between German friendship and German enmity. Irritated by the hint, a prominent Russian organ says: "We agree with the German newspapers that Germany may be a terrible enemy as well as a powerful friend. We do not discuss the point, it is the simple truth. We add, however, that on the banks of the Volga, the Don, the Oural, the Dwina, and the Dnieper, there exist millions of men who have faith in their own irresistible might and in their mission. And these men love not threats, in whatever form they may be expressed." This exchange of civilities is one of those superficial indications which from time to time point to the approaching conflict between the Germanic and the Slavic races.

THERE is very little question of the fact that most of the political troubles in Louisiana, Alabama and other States had their primary origin in attempts on the part of the whites to suppress the colored vote. Although the "peculiar institution" no longer exists in the South, it seems that in some parts of that section the line between the whites and blacks is almost as sharply drawn as in ante-bellum times; the former, apparently, living in a sort of vague expectancy that in some way or other the political equality of the latter will sooner or later be abolished. Under such a condition of affairs there can of course be no real community of feeling or interest between the races, and hence it is not surprising to learn that the emigration of negroes, which has lately been going on from the Democratic State of Georgia to the Republican States of the Mississippi valley, has at length assumed such proportions as thoroughly to alarm the press of the former State, which sees in the movement a serious menace to the material, commercial and industrial interests of that Commonwealth. The principal, if not the sole motive of this emigration, is, of course, to secure a better recognition of their rights to citizenship than can be had in Georgia; and the most effective means which could be devised to stop the "wholesale colonizing" of which the papers complain, would be for the whites of that State to rise above their senseless and selfish prejudices, and unite in a frank and manly acceptance of the results of the war, and in a cordial and prompt discharge of the duties and obligations incident to the changed condition of affairs.

THE Supreme Court of Ohio recently made a decision which possesses considerable interest for the public generally, the point at issue being to what extent habits of intemperance make policies of life insurance void. The person insured died about eight months after the policy was taken out, and it was proved that at the time of effecting it, and thereafter until he died, he was addicted to habitual intemperance, from the effects of which his death resulted. The Court divided the drinking classes into three groups—those who drink sometimes and upon occasions as it were more by accident than otherwise, but in so exceptional a manner that no one can say they have any habit in regard to such use; those who acquire a constant appetite for intoxicating liquors and a regular h[illegible] them, so that the sys[illegible] of using mediate in[illegible] is kept under the im[illegible] of alcoholic stimulants; and those who, while remaining sober for a month, three or six months, or even a year at a time, and refusing to taste any intoxicating drink, then go upon a debauch of greater or less intensity, and lasting for a longer or a shorter period. These two latter classes were held to come within the prohibition of the policy, which stipulated that if the insured should die by reason of intemperance from the use of intoxicating liquors, the policy should be void and of no effect. In the case under reference the insured, ordinarily an efficient business man, belonged to that class whose constitutionally nervous appetite for alcoholic stimulants amounts to a disease, and whose excesses no earthly consideration or persuasion can arrest until prostration and sickness compel cessation. The Court, therefore, entered judgment for the company, reversing the decision of the Court below.

SOME time ago, moved by the reports and comments of the American press, German and English, Baron SCHLOETZER, German representative at Washington, in a note to Mr. FISH, stated that "his government had adopted no measures with the view of hindering or rendering difficult emigration to the United States." It would appear that, when the Ambassador made this statement, he had neither received formal notice nor in any way heard of the action of the Prussian government regarding the customary reduction of fare on railroads in favor of emigrants. In a subsequent communication to Mr. FISH, Baron SCHLOETZER refers to the current newspaper statement on the subject, and admits that the alleged order of the Prussian government depriving emigrants of the favor heretofore enjoyed, stands in apparent contradiction with his former note. He then gives the following explanation. There was a time, the Baron says, when the population of Germany increased so rapidly that the government saw itself forced to promote emigration in all possible ways. It was ordered that emigrants should be conveyed on the railroads more cheaply than other travelers. In the meantime two great wars have had their inevitable effects upon the people of Germany, and emigration which deprives the country of its laboring power and the army of its material, can no longer appear desirable, and the government is not willing to favor it as formerly. In conclusion the Baron says that he supposes the abolition of temporary regulations designed to promote emigration and the direct prohibition and hindering of emigration are two very different things. We may add that the distinction was pointed out in the COMMERCIAL at the beginning of the dispute. In fact, the action of the Berlin government was merely the withdrawal of an existing premium on expatriation.

PENNSYLVANIA.

There is a disposition among some Pennsylvanians to regard their State as slow and behind the times, with antiquated institutions and comparing unfavorably, generally, with her sister States.

This feeling comes, mainly, from an over-indulgence in the spirit of fault-finding, and from an inclination to look upon what other people possess as superior to what we possess ourselves.

The real facts, however, warrant a different conclusion. Pennsylvania is eminently a State to be proud of. Its steady growth, its prosperity, and its wealth of resources, are things to be admired, and the institutions under which it is steadily advancing into the front rank among the States, challenge the approval of all who look into them. There is nothing about our noble old State of which any one need feel ashamed.

Governor Dix, in his inaugural message to the Legislature of New York, called attention to the fact that that State, so long in the van, was dropping behind and would soon be overtaken by Pennsylvania. While New York increased 13 per cent. in population from 1860 to 1870, Pennsylvania increased 25 per cent.; and the growth of the latter in every other respect fully kept pace with this increase in population.

At this rate of increase it cannot be long before Pennsylvania becomes the first, instead of the second, State in the Union. Its march forward to that position has met with no check, as yet; and the day is soon to dawn when it will be the EMPIRE as well as the KEYSTONE State.

The next ten years will probably witness the entire extinction of our State debt, and with it will go the taxes now levied on corporations and productive industry. With that point attained, no State will be able to present so many inducements to capitalists as Pennsylvania. Already it is free from any State tax on real estate; and nearly every other form of taxation for State purposes must gradually lessen and disappear.

In other respects, the point of comparison is not against us. Our public institutions are fully up with those of other States. Our Insane Asylums, Penitentiaries, Asylums for the deaf, dumb, blind and idiotic, are as good as those of any other Commonwealth. Our common school system was the first established and has not yet been excelled; and Pennsylvania almost alone among her sisters has taken parental care of the soldiers' orphans within her bounds. Our railway system is known and admired throughout the Union, and its steady extension is an evidence, at once, to the public and private spirit of the people of the State.

Our judicial system lacks somewhat in force; but, although not numerically as strong as it should be, it is, in all other respects, admirable and effective. The decisions of our courts are quoted frequently and authoritatively, not merely in other States, but in England; and the finger of suspicion and distrust has never yet been laid upon any of our judges. Our judicial system may be rendered more effective by increasing its force; but any judicial change in it must be for the worse.

If, notwithstanding all these advantages, we have been reproached with the evils that grow out of special legislation, we share that reproach with nearly every other State in the Union. We do not stand alone, there; and our Constitutional Convention will, we trust, remove *that* cause of complaint.

Altogether, we are sincerely proud of our good old Commonwealth. A State that steadily grows and prospers, and goes ahead of her competitors can hardly be said to be badly governed or wrongly organized. Long may she continue to go forward in the path of success; and happy will she be when every son of hers shall learn to feel the proper pride in her prosperity and the proper spirit in maintaining her good name.

PROVINCIALISM.

It is an odd thing that New York and Philadelphia, although both claiming to be metropolitan, are essentially provincial. Neither of them is able to rise to the dignity of a metropolis. New York is jealous of Philadelphia, and Philadelphia is jealous of New York; and the journals of the two cities carp at each other in a spirit little above that of rival villages.

The latest manifestation of this spirit was given in the New York *Times*, last week, when, in commenting on the mortuary statistics of Philadelphia for 1872, it admitted that the death-rate of that city was more favorable than that of either New York or London, but contended that if it was not such a *dirty*, it would be a much *healthier* city; and forthwith it proceeds to berate Philadelphia for the filthiness of its streets!

The idea of New York twitting Philadelphia with the dirt of its streets is simply laughable. If there is a city on the continent that is more open to that taunt than New York, we have not heard of it. Even the streets of Pittsburgh, dirty as they confessedly are, are not to be compared, in that respect, with the filthy thoroughfares of New York, and Philadelphia is far in advance of the latter in point of cleanliness. Neither of the cities has anything to boast of in the condition of its streets; but the pot has no right to call the kettle black.

There is something very small in the jealousy evinced by New York towards both Boston and Philadelphia. The metropolis of the nation ought to be above all such feeling. A little provincialism might be pardoned if shown by Boston or even by Philadelphia; but New York has no excuse for showing it. Philadelphia and Boston are both growing and prosperous cities. All the sneers of their rivals will not suffice to put them down. But why should New York, sufficient in all things to itself, consider itself as, in any sense, the rival of either.

A RELIGIOUS newspaper is disgusted with the illiberal conduct of the Italian government in reference to certain Protestant schools lately established in Rome by an American gentleman of wealth and benevolence. Our excellent countryman, seeing the frightful ignorance prevalent among the poor people of the city, freely spent his time and money in opening schools for their instruction, renting the houses required for the purpose, providing books, and finding and paying the teachers. But the police, acting under orders from the Government Superintendent of Public Instruction, interfered, and closed the schools, at least most of them. Whereupon, a great outcry was raised among a portion of the Protestant residents, the functionary who had interfered was at once denounced as [illegible] of popular enlightenmen[illegible] an enemy and the Ameri[illegible] and sound religion, [illegible]an Minister, Mr. MARSH, was appealed to for the exercise of his official influence in behalf of the disbanded schools. But, Mr. MARSH, having made some inquiry concerning the facts of the case, declined to interpose, and incurred some little temporary odium by his refusal. At length it seems that the controversy attained sufficient importance to be thought worthy of mention in the Italian Parliament, when Mr. SCIALOJA, the Minister of Public Instruction, completely cleared himself of all blame and proved that he had acted with perfect propriety and judgment. In setting up his schools our compatriot had disregarded the Italian law which requires that no school shall be established without the formal sanction of the proper minister. He had besides employed unqualified teachers; he had placed too many children in one room, so many as a hundred in a room hardly large enough to accommodate fifty; some of his school rooms were so unfit for the purpose as to be dangerous to the health of the children, and finally, he had placed boys and girls together in one room in violation of a provision of the law which cus[illegible] and knowledge of the southern character [illegible] as especially wise. In fact, the whole difficulty arose from the circumstance that the American gentleman's zeal, benevolence and liberality were wholly disproportioned to his knowledge of Italy and the Italians.

THE New York *Sun* is evidently of opinion that error and falsehood, persistently maintained, will at length grow to be received as gospel truth. And so, by a certain class, they unquestionably will; indeed, the *Sun* itself is said to be not altogether destitute of public influence and authority. In the course of some recent observations concerning Secretary FRELINGHUYSEN's bill to secure a more efficient and honest administration of Indian affairs, we said that, while the reforms introduced by the President at the beginning of his administration had undoubtedly put a stop to much of the previously existing corruption, there was plenty of room left for still further improvement. Wherefore that paper mockingly remarks that it presumes our reference to the "reforms" in question relate "to the fact that the dangerous and warlike Teton Sioux of the District of Columbia have only drawn $300,000 of the last appropriation of half a million;" this being a repetition of the stale and exploded charge that the Teton Sioux have no existence except in the imagination of the Indian Department, and that Congress has been making annual appropriations for the benefit of a mythical tribe. If, however, the editor of the *Sun* will take the trouble to make himself acquainted with the Indian history of the continent—(which considering that he is the joint compiler of a standard encyclopedia that, among other things, professes to give an account of the Sioux tribe, we really think he ought at once to do)—he will find that the Sioux Indians were formerly divided into two portions, according to the side of the river on which they lived. Thus, those south and west of the river were called Tetons, and those north and east of the river were called Santees. These designations were made by the original French voyagers. LEWIS and CLARK, in their report of the exploration of that region, early in this century, speak of them as a most warlike and implacable people. IRVING, in "Astoria," some twenty years later, speaks of them in the same way. DRAKE in his "Book of Indians," 1841, alludes to them as the worst of all the Sioux. SCHOOLCRAFT, in his report of 18[illegible] also makes reference to them. While through intermarriage and other causes, the original division into Tetons and Santees has not for some time been recognized, the fact still remains that the tribe or band to whom the designation of "Teton" is applied, have a local habitation as well as a name; so that, whether any portion of the money appropriation has been misapplied or not, the scoffing incredibility of the *Sun* merely goes to show that it is a densely opaque body, instead of the luminous and revealing organ which it boasts of being.

PERSONAL.

Mr. L. A. Hine, formerly editor of the Cincinnati *Times*, has been chosen to the same position on the *Star* of the same city.

Mr. Reed, of White Creek, Wisconsin, sent his son twelve years of age, to deliver a letter to a lady. The little fellow got it soiled, and, dreading to deliver it, tore it up. Then, fearing punishment, he took off his hat and mittens, and deliberately jumped into the river and drowned himself.

Among the recent additions to the literary world in Washington is Miss Virginia Vaughn, who will write during the winter for the New York *Tribune* and Boston *Advertiser*.

Signor Grattoni, one of the engineers of the Mont Cenis tunnel, has become insane from the use of mercurial hair dye.

The *Courier des Etats Unis* states that its editor visited various Frenchmen in New York on Thursday, after the announcement of Napoleon's death, and "everywhere, among all ranks, in every degree of fortune and intelligence, we have found the same indifference—the same bitter smile, equally expressive of satisfaction and disdain." Napoleon III. died at Sedan two years ago; the phantom of Chiselhurst no longer exists for France, and it is only by an illusion easily entertained by a handful of ambitious men, without consistence and without an echo, that there still exists—almost nominally—a Bonapartist party. It seems as if the oblivion of death has already passed over him; that which remains of his memory has no more authority, no more prestige, and the man, who, during a quarter of a century, filled the world with the noise of his name, found before his death the strongest if not the severest chastisement which could attend him—the chastisement of silence.

The Rev. G. W. Miller, of West Milford, Harrison county, West Virginia, is a Methodist preacher, whose circuit is scattered over that and two adjoining counties. During the epizootic period his only horse was stricken down, and his only alternative was to walk to the different churches or miss his appointments. The latter he had never done, so he set out on foot, and arrived on time at each place where he was to preach.

The famous tenor Brignoli, who was under engagement for the Carnival season at the Scala, and who was held in reserve by the management as one of the great attractions, has, by the advice of his physicians, cancelled his engagement for the present. The indisposition from which he is suffering is in no way connected with throat or voice, and in a short time he will again be able to sing.

The wife of Ossian E. Dodge has brought suit, in a St. Paul court, for a divorce and $50,000 alimony, alleging in her bill cruel treatment, adultery, etc. Mrs. Dodge says her husband is worth $200,000, and has an annual income of $10,000.

A Dorchester woman has been three times married. Her first husband was Robb, the second Robbins, and the third Robinson. The same door-plate has served for the whole three, and the question now is, what extended name can be procured to fill out the remaining space on it.

Mr. A. C. Wilson, at one time managing editor of the New York *Times*, subsequently editor of the *Commercial Advertiser*, and more recently agent of the New York Associated Press in Europe, has accepted the position of editor of the Detroit *Daily Union*.

ON Wednesday next the conductors of the *Financial Chronicle* will begin the publication of a new monthly paper, to be called the *Railway Monitor*, giving detailed statements of the reports of the various railroads of the country, with all the current news and changes in any way affecting the bonds, stocks, roadway or management of the companies. The paper will also give a yearly history of every railroad in the United States, so arranged, classified and indexed that the desired information, of whatever nature it be, may be obtained by the reader without inconvenience or delay. The price, to subscribers, of the *Chronicle*, will be three dollars a year, and to other persons four. In view of the fact that the railroad interest of the country is every year becoming more important, not alone in its relations to commerce, but also as an element affecting all monetary movements, the growing need of a publication of this character will be at once seen. Under such management it can hardly fail to prove successful.

A PROMINENT physician of Boston states that there are at present 650 cases of developed small-pox in that city; that 1,793 cases have been reported during the past three months, and that within the same time there have been 523 deaths from the disease. As an instance demonstrating the thoroughly demoralized state of the Board of Health, it is stated that the dead bodies of children have been left in a tenement for more than two weeks, and no attempt made to remove them until the residents of the neighborhood were driven to despair by the odor, which was increased through the death of a man from small-pox, in a room adjoining that in which the children lay. Under the new municipal government, however, there is every reason to believe that nothing will be left undone to remedy abuses and improve the public health. Already a small-pox hospital has been erected in an amazingly short space of six days, and an efficient corps of vaccinators set to work from house to house.

THE customary annual organization of the temperance political party of Connecticut was effected at New Haven last week. In the nomination of a ticket all the candidates of last year were chosen, with the exception of Mr. Gillette for Governor, who was dropped because he voted for Grant last fall, instead of for Black, the temperance candidate. A platform was adopted, the concluding plank of which is as follows:

"That we believe in all the good things in which the other parties believe before election, and which the dominant party of the country shows such rare facility of forgetting as soon as the election is over, viz., civil service reform, integrity in the administration of public affairs, decentralization in the national government, respect for the rights of the States, national reconciliation, labor reform, &c., and we pledge ourselves to enact them into law so fast and so far as we are entrusted with the power."

THE average Harrisburger was, as our readers well know, not a little displeased when the Constitutional Convention determined to remove its sittings from that city to Philadelphia. Imagine, therefore, the grim pleasure with which the editor of the Harrisburg *Telegraph* penned the following paragraph:

"The Constitutional Convention has been in session for two days in the moral and virtuous city of Philadelphia, where they expect to be treated very kindly. We learn from an authentic source (not Philadelphia papers) that one of the members lost a valuable overcoat from the coat room on the second day of the session, and that sixteen inkstands from the different desks were stolen Wednesday afternoon or Thursday morning. Several additional officers were necessarily appointed to protect the property of members and the State from the clutches of the light-fingered gentry in the city of Brotherly Love."

IT is proposed by parties in Baltimore to organize a club to be known as the "Viceless Club." No liquor, no tobacco—in a word, no uncleanliness is to be tolerated within the pale of this spotless organization. Sinners, great and small, have no part or parcel with the immaculate gentlemen who propose to "run" this new club. If the principles upon which it is projected are carried out, it is more than doubtful whether enough members can be secured to fill the offices. At any rate, it is likely to be made up of men of the Chadband or Aminidab Sleek order.

In consequence of the late deep snows in Massachusetts, whole bevies of quail are forced by hunger to enter door and barnyards in search of food. This is too great a temptation to resist, and despite the statutory provisions prohibiting the killing of these toothsome birds, between the 15th day of December and the 15th day of the ensuing October the markets are glutted with unlawfully slaughtered quail.

ALMOST AN EMPRESS.

The Story of Miss Howard and Louis Napoleon.

A melancholy interest attaches to the fate of Miss Howard, whose name is better known than the circumstances of her life. The story, as given in detail by Griscelli, is as follows: "On a night of such fog as they have in London a man was walking up and down the Haymarket. His height was some five feet and several inches; he was thick-waisted, short-legged, with a pallid face, small eyes, mustaches, buttoned to the neck and carrying in his hand a loaded cane, without any hat. The passers-by might have taken him for a policeman. Suddenly a door gave entrance to a lady elegantly dressed. The man exclaimed, 'Hallo, madame, alone so late, and in such bad weather?'

"Without invitation he followed the lady, who, arriving in her parlor and thinking him a civil policeman, offered him two shillings.

"'Madame! Money—to me?'

"'And who are you?'

"'I am the Prince Louis Napoleon.'

"Next day the conspirator of Strasbourg and Boulogne, the escaped from the fortress of Ham, recalled himself to the memory of his followers by sending them some English gold with which to still conspire against the government that had twice left him his life. From this day the misery which had overwhelmed the son of Admiral Verhuel was driven away by the bank notes of Miss Howard. While he was President he had called Miss Howard to Paris and had taken for her a house, No. 14 Rue de Ciry. Miss Howard, who had given 8,000,000 (of francs) to Napoleon at the moment of his elevation, was considered and considered herself as the future Empress. But the daughter of Albion counted without him who 'when he speaks, lies; when he is silent, plots.'

"One day Napoleon sent Miss Howard to Havre in company with his accomplice, Mocquart, promising to come and see her upon the Sunday. Saturday he married Mlle. de Montijo. Taking her tea the morning of the day when she should receive the visit of him who owed everything to her, Miss Howard read the marriage in the *Moniteur Officiel*. Precipitately leaving the Hotel Frascati, she engaged a special train and reached her home in Paris, where she saw the strangest spectacle. Furniture, cushions, papers, notes, letters, contracts—some were broken, others emptied, and others stolen. Pietri, warned by a dispatch from Mocquart, had gone to No. 14 Rue de Ciry. He was able to hear, and others heard like him, the insulted English woman call Napoleon assassin, swindler and robber. Next day upon her awakening Miss Howard was saluted by Mmes. Fould and Fleury with the title of Countess of Beauregard. At the same time they gave her the deeds of ownership to a property bearing this name, situated upon the route of Versailles. Several months later the new countess left France and established herself in Florence, where she built a splendid palace upon the banks of the Arno. But ten years after ennui seized her, and she wished to again see Paris. Every day at the moment when Napoleon and the Empress came from the Tuileries Miss Howard showed herself in a superb equipage and dazzling toilet. Rumor said that the Empress was furious. Some days after a performance at the Italiens, during which the Englishwoman, covered and occupying a box directly in front, had amused herself by eyeing through an opera glass the woman who had stolen her 'Poleon, Miss Howard was found suffocated in her bed."

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

To what base uses may we come at last! The Old South Church in Boston is now used as a stable, and no denizen of the Hub has yet growled thereat.

A lady in Bedford, England, asseverates that she has cured many persons afflicted with chills by administering to them "spiders made into pills with flour and water."

Singularly bad luck attended the bearers of a letter recently received by a Boston woman. The young man who took it to the postoffice fell and broke his ankle, and the gentleman taking it to the lady at Boston fell and broke his leg in two places. And yet the letter was not ill-leg-ible when the lady received it.

The subject of increasing the salaries of government employees is discussed with a great deal of interest in Washington. The average remuneration of clerks in the departments is about $1,300 per year, and at the lowest calculation it costs an economical family of six persons not much less than $1,600 to live in the plainest style.

There was good skating on the Arkansas river, at Pine Bluff, the day after Christmas, and the oldest inhabitant never saw the like before.

The beet sugar factory at Freeport, Ill., has now been in operation two months and is turning out a good grade of refined sugar. It is run twenty-four hours per day, working up sixty-five tons of beets, and employing one hundred and sixty men. It is claimed that at the rate paid at the factory the beet crop has paid $50 per acre to growers.

A company has been formed with $300,000 capital to work the Little Missouri coal mines near Clayton, Brown county. The coal is easily mined, the vein being near the surface and nearly three feet in thickness. In quality it is pronounced equal to the best Illinois coal. The company claim that they can deliver coal at Quincy at nine cents per bushel.

A seemingly practical suggestionble is made, that a fire-alarm communicating with the office could be placed in each room of a hotel, by which the guests could be simultaneously aroused. The plan is worthy of a trial at least.

At the burial of a female spiritualist in Baltimore, last week, a nephew of the deceased delivered an address, contending that although now lying in her coffin, she was still hovering over the audience. He argued that his aunt was not dead, but was encamped between earth and eternity. He ridiculed the idea of death, and contended that all who died in the faith of spiritualism only left the earthly tenement of clay to confer benefits on those left behind.

It is said that Germans rarely commit suicide in their native land; yet in New York city, last year, fully forty per cent. of the cases of self-destruction were among Germans. The same ratio, it is said, will hold good in other places having a larger German population.

Fifty-five millions of shares of stock, averaging in value seventy dollars per share, changed hands at the New York Stock Exchange last year. The total aggregate of the sales was something more than $3,850,000,000.

A careless nurse in Holyoke, Mass., administered a dose of aqua ammonia to a young child in mistake for castor oil, and the babe died in a few hours, its throat and lungs having been burned to a crisp by the liquid.

The school inspectors of some of the wards in New York report that there is danger of explosions in many of the school houses, owing to the fact that the engineers employed by the city to take charge of the heaters neglect their duty, and trust to ignorant and accommodating janitors to look after them. It is also stated that fifteen of the school buildings are not provided with fire escapes.

A wild animal, supposed to be a California lion, has for some months past been roving about in the vicinity of St. Joseph, Mo., eating sheep and killing such dogs as had the temerity to attack it. A hunting party of thirty men and boys was organized last week, and went in search of his lionine majesty. He was found and killed, and proved to be a full-sized African lion, which had escaped from a traveling menagerie.

The New York *Metropolitan Record*, started some twenty years ago as the official organ of the late Archbishop Hughes, has ceased to exist. During the war it degenerated into an ultra rebel mouth-piece, and eventually found a lower depth as a devoted organ of the Tammany ring.

No better evidence can be found of the fact that the American people are long-suffering and of forgiving disposition, than the statement that among all the persons who met death at the hands of their fellows last year, there was only one life insurance solicitor.

A machine is now in operation in Philadelphia, which turns out three thousand complete paper match boxes per hour.

The Postmaster General has awarded a contract for carrying mails to Europe to the new Philadelphia International Steamship Company. The compensation is $150,000 per annum.

A bill has been introduced in the Missouri Legislature which makes it a misdemeanor for any person to give a railroad pass to any member of the Legislature, judge, or State or county officer, the receiver of the same to be liable to punishment by fine on conviction.

A singular vegetable phenomenon was discovered during recent explorations in Arabia. It is called the laughing plant, from the effect produced by the seeds. When they are pulverized and eaten in small quantities, the person eating them will soon begin to laugh loudly, then to sing, dance, and do all manner of absurd things. This lasts for an hour, after which he goes to sleep, and having slept another hour, wakes up utterly unconscious of what has occurred.

The alumni of Princeton College, resident in Washington, among whom is Secretary of War Belknap, are making preliminary arrangements for a banquet and reception to be given at Washington in the course of a week or two, to which distinguished Princeton alumni from various parts of the country will be invited.

Will it ever grieve the Southern hidalgos to reflect, as they contemplate the statue of Gen. Lee, now in course of construction, that the darling effigy was carved from Vermont marble?

According to the *Shoe and Leather Reporter*, there is only one tannery in the country making a specialty of alligator hides. It is situated in New England, and by all accounts is exceedingly prosperous.

Counsel for Ailing.

Nothing is cheaper to those who give it than good advice; nothing is more valuable to those who receive it in the right spirit and promptly act upon it. Well, then, we advise the feeble, the ailing, the despondent to become strong and hearty and cheerful. "Ah!" reply all these unfortunates in a breath, "it needs no wiseacre to teach us that such a change is desirable; but how is it to be effected?" Your patience, sick and sorrowful friends; and we will inform you. Learn then that there is such sanitary value in the famous vegetable restorative known as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, that no phase of muscular or nervous debility, no species of bilious disorder, no variety of that torment called dyspepsia, no case of chills and fever, no form of hypochondria that may not be cured by the persevering use of this harmless but irresistible invigorant, alterative and corrective.

PROFESSOR COOK'S

BALM OF LIFE.

It will never fail to cure Inflammation, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Acid Stomach, Stomach and Bowel Complaints, Sick and Nervous Headaches, Morning Sickness during Gastation Fits, Spasms, Cramps, Neuralgia, Nervousness, Sore Throat, Erysipelas, and Inflammation of the Bowels, Kidneys, &c. Sold only at

JOSEPH FLEMING'S DRUG STORE,

No. 84 Market street, corner Diamond.

Pittsburgh.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

USE

Dr. Sargent's Cough Syrup,

Warranted to give immediate relief. For sale by all Druggists.

George A. Kelly & Co.,

PROPRIETORS.

Wholesale Druggists, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.

Chartered in 1862.

Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of Six Per Cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

BOARD OF MANAGERS:

GEO. A. BERRY, President.

JOHN SCOTT, JAS. PARK, Jr., Vice Presidents.

D. E. McKINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer.

A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.

John H. Bailey, Solicitor.

BANK STATEMENTS.

ANNUAL STATEMENT

OF THE

Homestead Bank and Life Ins. Co

For the year ending the 31st day o' December, 1872. Published in accordance with requirements of the Act of Incorporation:

ASSETS.

Cash	$ 23,374 45
Bonds and Mortgages on Property sold by Company	281,767 28
Other Mortgages and Notes	11,174 50
Real Estate at net cost	319,478 44
Real Estate, unsold Lots at 60 per cent. on current prices	209,980 00
297 shares of Company's Stock	15,592 50
Due from Stockholders	2,827 50
Due from other persons	8,391 30
Accrued Premiums	[illegible]
Leasehold of Office	2,200 00
Furniture	772 80
	$880,114 67

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$314,708 40
Bills Payable	396,716 69
Accrued Interest	10,120 00
Claims under Life Policies	3,000 00
Value of Permanent Insurance	23,000 00
Amount Due Depositors	[illegible]
Due to other persons	[illegible]
	754,944 47
Contingent Surplus	125,173 20
	$880,114 67

PITTSBURGH, January 7, 1873.

The undersigned Auditing Committee have examined the above Statement, and find the same correct.

JAS. McAFEE,
A. W. POLLOCK.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY. } SS:

On this 8th day of January, 1873, before me the subscriber, a Justice of the Peace for the City of Pittsburgh, personally came Andrew Patterson, Secretary of the Homestead Bank and Life Insurance Company, who being duly sworn, doth depose and say that the above statement is correct and true to the best of his knowledge and belief.

ANDREW PATTERSON, Secretary.

Sworn and subscribed before me,

PETER KREUTER, Alderman.

DIVIDEND.

The Directors of the Homestead Bank and Life Insurance Company have this day declared a Dividend of 7 50-100 dollars a share on the Capital Stock, to be credited as payment on account by the several Stockholders.

A. PATTERSON, Secretary.

January 7, 1873.

SECOND ANNUAL STATEMENT

OF THE

M. L. I. and Improvement Trust Co.,

OF PITTSBURGH,

JANUARY 1st, 1873.

ASSETS.

Real Estate and Buildings	$139,544 93
Bonds, Mortgages and other Securities	146,249 08
Office Furniture	1,022 27
Due from Banks	187 18
Cash	23,518 63
Total	$310,522 09

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$145,272 40
Due Depositors	67,260 59
Amount unpaid on Real Estate unsold	52,765 43
Interest and Insurance Reserve	23,217 62
Net Earnings	22,006 05
Total	$310,522 09

The above is a true statement.

BENJ. C. PARKE, Treasurer.

The undersigned Stockholders, appointed to examine into the affairs of the Company, certify that they have Audited the Accounts, counted the Cash, examined the Securities, and find the foregoing statement to be correct.

R. H. NEVIN, JR.,
JOHN A. PRINCE,
A. G. HAYS,
JOHN McKAIN,
S. M. RAYMOND,
Committee.

January 3, 1873.

THIRD SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors have declared a Dividend of SEVEN AND ONE-HALF (7½) PER CENT. out of the net earnings for the six months ending the 31st ult., on the amount of Capital Stock paid up.

Dividend payable on and after the 15th inst., in cash on full paid shares, and credited to account on all others.

J. H. MILLER, Secretary.

January 2, 1873.

EDUCATIONAL.

Pennsylvania Military Academy,

At Chester, Delaware county, Pa.

(FOR BOARDERS ONLY.)

RE-OPENS WEDNESDAY, January 8th, 1873.

Thorough instruction in Civil Engineering, the Mathematical and Natural Sciences, the Classics and English. For Circulars apply to CHARLES H. PAULSON, No. 76 Wood street, Pittsburgh, or to

Col. THEO. HYATT, Prest. P. M. A.

NUTRINA!!!

1. It Cooks in less time than crushed wheat.
2. It is more quickly digested.
3. It is not pasty or starchy.
4. It will not become stale or wormy.
5. It is far more sweet and palatable.
6. It will cure Constipation and Dyspepsia!
7. It is invaluable to Nursing Mothers!
8. Children will be healthy who use it.

GET IT OF YOUR GROCER.

PAPOMA!!!

Indorsed by many eminent physicians of Pittsburgh and elsewhere. Food for INFANTS and INVALIDS. Remember that Starch is not food. It must be converted into Dextrine either in the stomach or by mechanical means. Our process saves the stomach this labor, as well as preserves the whole of the wheat.

Get it of Your Grocer or Druggist.

Nutrio Manufacturing Co.,

1520 SOUTH NINTH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

You Lie, Villain!

KENTAVPTO

—Any physician who now says that Rheumatism can not be cured, simply lies. The wonderful effects of the Centaur Liniment for all flesh, bone and muscle ailments upon man and beast, are too well known to admit of question. It destroys swellings,—softens stiff joints, soothes pain, makes the lame walk, and the bedridden leap for joy. It is selling as no article ever did sell; and it sells because it does its work every time.

Children Cry—for Pitcher's Castoria. It regulates the stomach, cures wind colic and causes natural sleep. It is a substitute for castor oil. MWF

WHO KILLED THEM?

ABEL'S

VERMIN

EXTERMINATOR

IT HAS NO EQUAL FOR BANISHING

Rats, Mice or Roaches.

TRY IT! SOLD EVERYWHERE! TRY IT!

MANUFACTURED BY

C. ABEL & CO.,

Office: 116 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh.

CHEAP STEAM PUMP,

Without Valves, Piston or Packing.

Non-Freezing and always reliable. Call and see in operation, or send for Circular. Price $15 00.

Refer to McVay, Walker & Co., well sixty feet deep; Armstrong, Fawcett & Co., well fifty feet deep.

SHERIFFS & LOUGHREY,

68 Water street, Pittsburgh.

DRY GOODS.

Popular Prices

FOR THE

HOLIDAYS.

Jas. Caldwell & Co.

Are now offering very choice lines of

Dress Goods,

At prices ranging from 25 to 50 Cents per Yard. Also, a magnificent stock of

DRESS SILKS

AT ONE DOLLAR PER YARD.

The above Goods will be found well worthy of inspection by persons wanting good Goods at moderate prices for Christmas Presents, Etc.

In addition to our very large stock of Fine Silks and Dress Goods, we have a very complete stock of Cloaks in Cloth, Silk Velvet and Seal Skin.

Also, a large assortment of

LADIES' FURS,

From medium to very fine qualities; Fine Laces, Collars and Handkerchiefs.

118 and 120 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

A. W. ERWIN & CO.,

172 and 174

Federal Street, Allegheny.

Live Bargains

IN

DRESS GOODS,

SHAWLS,

SCARFS AND FURS.

A. W. Erwin & Co.

CLOTHING.

REAL BARGAINS

IN

SUBSTANTIAL

CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

AT

WANAMAKER'S

WANAMAKER'S

WANAMAKER'S

BRANCH

Clothing House,

Clothing House,

Clothing House,

62 FIFTH AVENUE,

62 FIFTH AVENUE,

62 FIFTH AVENUE,

Four Doors above Wood street, not far from Smithfield street, opposite the Museum.

BARGAINS,

BARGAINS,

BARGAINS,

IN

OVERCOATS AND SUITS,

OVERCOATS AND SUITS,

OVERCOATS AND SUITS,

62 FIFTH AVENUE,

62 FIFTH AVENUE,

62 FIFTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

FLANNELS AND JEANS.

The attention of JOBBERS is directed to our large assortment, consisting of a great variety of Styles of our well known

Flannels and Jeans,

ALL-WOOL BLUE INDIGO JEANS,

AT PRICES WHICH CANNOT FAIL TO BE SATISFACTORY. The Trade will find it to their advantage to examine our Stock and Prices.

S. Bradley & Sons,

WOOLEN MANUFACTURERS,

River Avenue, below Suspension Bridge.

L. R. NORTON,

SOLE AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

Jewett & Goodman Organ

AND

F. C. LIGHTE & CO.

PIANO

118 SMITHFIELD STREET,

Opposite New City Hall, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MWF

Strength is Security!

ASSETS $10,000,000 GOLD.

Royal Insurance Company,

OF LIVERPOOL.

COFFIN, KELLOGG & CO., Agents,

Cor. Third avenue and Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

MWF

DRY GOODS.

Monday, January 6th, 1873.

At 12 1-2c, Tycoon Repps;

At 12 1-2c, Black and White Serges;

At 12 1-2c, Dress Goods;

At 25c, Black Poplins;

At 25c, Heavy Colored Poplins.

BLACK ALPACA MOHAIRS,

OF SUPERIOR COLOR AND WEIGHT.

BLACK MERINOS,

BLACK SILKS,

Mourning Goods, &c., &c.

NEW GOODS,

JUST OPENED, AT

WM. SEMPLE'S

Nos. 165, 167 and 169

Federal Street, Allegheny

Prices Reduced.

To close out our stock of Winter Goods as much as possible, previous to taking account of stock, we have reduced the prices on

Underwear,

Hosiery,

Gloves,

Shawls,

Cloaks,

Waterproofs,

Woolen Goods,

Ribbons,

Millinery Goods, &c.

F. H. EATON'S

Trimming Store,

17 FIFTH AVENUE.

MEDICAL.

Speedily Cured!

ALL FORMS of Venereal, Private and Nervous Diseases at the old established Girard Medical Institute, No. 172 Second avenue, between Smithfield and Grant streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NO CHARGE UNTIL CURED.

Spermatorrhea, or Seminal Weakness or Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth or excess in maturer years, and which produce some of the following effects, as emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, cough, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, and which unfits the victim for business or marriage, and ultimately causing insanity and consumption, are thoroughly and permanently cured. Medicine supplied at the Institute. A medical pamphlet relating to private disease sent in sealed envelope for two stamps. All communications confidential.

This Institute was established for the express purpose of supplying the afflicted with scientific and reliable treatment, and is not to be classed with the numerous quacks and impostors that infest all large cities. The proprietors have made the treatment of Private and Special Diseases the study of their lives, and can refer to thousands all over the country that have been benefitted and cured by their treatment. No matter how difficult or how long standing your case may be, if curable, after a personal examination they will frankly tell you. Remember, they have cured many cases given up by other physicians.

Patients treated by mail or express, but where possible it is best to visit the city for personal consultation; or address

GIRARD MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

No. 172 Second avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays by appointment. D&*

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA DISPENSARY,

For the Treatment of

All Chronic Diseases.

Also, all Diseases of the Genito Urinary Organs. Office hours from 9 A. M. till 8 P. M.

276 PENN AVENUE.

PRIVATE DISEASE—OFFICE NO. 194 PENN STREET, next door to St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also, seminal weakness, impotency and all other diseases of the genital organs and their prevention. A cure warranted or money refunded. Has Diploma in the office, and is a regular physician of twenty years' standing in this city, having cured 20,000 cases. For circular, etc., address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours from 9 A. M. till 7 P. M.

FURS!

Ladies' Furs,

Misses' Furs,

Children's Furs.

Largest Stock,

Best Assortment,

Lowest Prices.

R. H. PALMER'S

HAT HOUSE,

149 and 151 Wood Street.

Holiday Goods!

FINEST QUALITY STANDARD AND TREBLE-PLATED GOODS,

SUCH AS

SPOONS, FORKS, &C., &C.

Best Ivory Handled Knives,

In Various Style, together with an endless variety of

Beautiful Fire Irons and Stands.

Jno. P. Dean,

HARDWARE MERCHANT,

81 WOOD STREET.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT,

193 LIBERTY ST.,

FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF

Marbleized Mantels,

Of Various Designs, Sizes and Colors.

HOT AIR FURNACES, for Burning Anthracite or Bituminous Coal or Coke.

COOKING RANGES, New and Desirable Patterns.

CHEAPEST FIRE GRATE, saving 30 to 40 Per Cent. of Coal.

STOVES—Cooking, Parlor and Office Stoves, good assortment. HOT AIR REGISTERS AND VENTILATORS, FRONTS, GRATES AND FENDERS.

Wholesale and Retail Prices Low. Give us a call.

JAMES OLD.

FLOWERS, FLOWERS.

Choice BOQUETS, BASKETS and FLORAL DESIGNS. Special attention paid to Decorating Parlors and Tables for Weddings, &c.

Finest Canary Birds and Cages always on hand.

J. R. & A. MURDOCH,

Florists, 112 Smithfield street,

Opposite Postoffice.

DRY GOODS.

Monday, January 6th, 1873.

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S

165, 167 and 169

Federal Street, Allegheny City.

At 6 1-4c, Bleached Muslin.

At 12 1-2c, Fine Lonsdale Muslin.

At 8 1-3c, Good Light and Dark Prints.

At 8 1-3c, Good Shirting Prints.

At 8 1-3c, Black and White Prints.

At 8 1-3c, Black and Gray Prints.

At 25c, Good Gray Twilled Flannels.

SHIRTING MUSLIN,

PILLOW CASE COTTON,

WIDE SHEETING, &c.

TABLE LINEN,

TURKEY RED TABLING,

Butchers' Linen,

Tickings, Ginghams, &c.,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S

FINE LACES!

JOS. HORNE & CO.,

197 and 199 Penn Avenue.

AT

Reduced Prices.

Point Lace Berthas,
Point Lace Collars,
Point Lace Handkerchiefs,
Point Lace Barbes,
Point Applique Lace Points,
Point Applique Lace Antionette Capes,
Point Applique Lace Berthas,
Point Applique Lace Handkerchiefs,
Point Applique Lace Collars,
Point Applique Lace Barbes,
Point Applique Lace Sashes,
Black Chantilly Lace Points,
Black Chantilly Lace Berthas,
Black Chantilly Lace Barbes,
Black Chantilly Lace Sashes,
Black Chantilly Lace Antionette Capes,
Black Chantilly Lace Collars,
Black Chantilly Lace Handkerchiefs.

ALSO, A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Point Gauze, Point Applique, Duchesse, Valenciennes and Black Chantilly

LACES,

IN ALL WIDTHS.

CALL AND EXAMINE AT

RETAIL STORES.

HORNE & CO.

CARPETS.

DECEMBER, 1872.

WINTER STOCK.

CARPETS!

We are now offering a large and very choice line of CARPETS, at prices lower than for ten years. Our stock of Body Brussels is very attractive in styles and prices.

Bovard, Rose & Co.

21 FIFTH AVENUE.

FALL STOCK.

CARPETS,

Oil Cloths,

Mattings,

Druggets,

Feltings,

Lap Robes,

Rugs, Mats,

Window Shades,

Table Covers,

Piano Covers,

&c., &c., &c., &c.

(LATEST NOVELTIES,

THE LARGEST STOCK,

LOWEST PRICES.

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.

23 Fifth Avenue.

MORRIS P. MILLER, W. H. FORSE, C. B. FORSE

Miller, Forse & Co.,

SUCCESSORS TO

WM. MILLER & CO.,

LATE MILLER & RICKETSON,

221 AND 223

Liberty Street, Corner of Seventh,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies and Very Superior Old Cabinet.

BRANDIES, WINES, CIGARS, &c.

Moet & Chandon's Dry Imperial, Green Seal and White Dry Sillery.

Chas. Heidsick and Piper Heidsick.

G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry Champaigne.

Burton Bass Ale in hhds. and bbls.

Lace Curtains,

DRAPERIES,

CORNICES,

Turkish Folding Spring Beds

AND MATTRESSES OF ALL KINDS,

AT

E. EDMUNDSON & SON'S,

55 MARKET STREET.

FELL'S PATENT SALVE,

Manufactured by JACOB FELL, of Uniontown, Pa., for the cure of Burns, Scalds, Cuts and Old Sores. It is of a very healing nature, containing no ingredients of an injurious character, and having qualities possessed by no other salve ever offered to the public. It has been successfully used all over Europe for the last thirty years, never failing to produce a cure, though but recently patented in this country. For sale at McCLARRAN & McKENNAN'S, 85 Market street, and corner Fifth avenue and Smithfield street.

DRY GOODS.

WHITE GOODS.

Plain, Striped and Plaid Nainsooks,

Plain, Striped and Plaid Jaconets,

India Twills and Yosemite Stripes,

Irish Linens and Shirt Fronts,

Tidies and Handkerchiefs.

TWO-BUTTONED KID GLOVES,

TWO-BUTTONED OPERA SHADES.

BAREGES AND DONNA MARIA.

Spanish Laces,

Guipure Laces,

Felt Skirts,

Broche Shawls,

Wool Shawls, &c., &c.,

A GOOD ASSORTMENT,

AT POPULAR PRICES,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S

Nos. 165, 167 and 169

Federal Street, Allegheny City.

CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS!

1872!

The Choicest Assortment of

Holiday Goods

Ever Brought to the City.

KID WORKED SLIPPERS.
CHENILLE WORKED SLIPPERS.
SILK AND GOLD EMBROIDERED SLIPPERS.
INITIAL HANDKERCHIEFS.
FUR TIPPED GAUNTLETS.
FUR TIPPED GLOVES.
MEN'S FUR GLOVES.
POINT, VAL, MALTESE AND POINT APPLIQUE LACE COLLARS.
SPANISH LACE VEILS.
SPANISH FICHUS.
SILK TIES, SCARFS AND MUFFLERS.
NEW GUIPURE TIDIES.
EMBROIDERED CUFFS AND COLLARS.
PORTEMONNAIES, Choice and Good.
TWO-BUTTON KID GLOVES, Full Line.
CHILDREN'S MUFFS AND COLLARS.

The above Goods were all bought expressly for the Holidays. Any one looking for HOLIDAY PRESENTS should not fail to give us a call.

Morganstern & Co.,

78 and 80 Market Street.

MWF

For City Trade.

JUST RECEIVED

50 PAIRS EXTRA EXTRA

Country Blankets,

FROM

GREENVILLE MILLS.

ALSO,

White and Colored Blankets,

BARRED FLANNELS.

Dry Goods and Notions.

Full Line in all Departments.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co.,

239 and 241 Liberty St.

PHILADELPHIA.

GOOD THINGS

FOR

CHRISTMAS.

OLD SCOTCH WHISKY,
OLD IRISH WHISKY,
FINE JAMAICA RUM,
FINE ST. CROIX RUM,
VERY OLD APPLE WHISKY,

All of these for HOT DRINKS for WINTER NIGHTS.

THEN WE HAVE

ELEGANT RYE WHISKY, $4 a gallon, or $11 a dozen.

GOLD SEAL BRANDY, $18 a dozen.

VERY FINE PALE SHERRY WINE, $11 a dozen.

RARE OLD PORT WINE, $11 a dozen.

All carefully packed and sent to any address. Send in your orders.

H. & A. C. Van Beil,

"THE WINE MERCHANTS,"

1310 CHESTNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA.

B. K. JAMISON & CO.

BANKERS,

PHILADELPHIA,

Transact a general Banking and Exchange Business, including Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds, Gold, etc., on Commission.

NEW YORK.

THOS. J. POPE & BRO.,

292 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK,

PIG IRONS, RAILS, COPPER,

SPELTER, TIN, LEAD, ALUMINUM,

NICKEL, BISMUTH, &c.

SWAN HEMP & WIRE ROPE WORKS

G B & Co

L

WIRE ROPE.

BRIGHT STEEL AND CHARCOAL IRON of Superior Quality, for Inclined Planes, Mining, Hoisting, Belting and Ferry Purposes. Also, Galvanized Charcoal and B. B. for Ships' Rigging, Suspension Bridges, Guys, Derricks, &c. A large stock constantly on hand, from which any desired lengths are cut, at

John W. Mason & Co.'s,

43 Broadway, New York.

GETTYSBURG

KATALYSINE WATER.

It has been demonstrated by a series of practical experiments conducted by eminent physicians, and attested by thousands of grateful people who have been relieved from their sufferings by its use, that the Gettysburg Katalysine Water is the nearest approach to a specific ever discovered for Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidney and Urinary Diseases generally. It restores muscular power to the Paralytic. It cures Liver Complaint, Chronic Diarrhœa, Piles, Constipation, Asthma, Catarrh and Bronchitis, Diseases of the Skin, General Debility and Nervous Prostration from Mental and Physical Excesses. It is the Greatest Antidote ever discovered for Excessive Eating or Drinking. It corrects the Stomach, promotes Digestion, and Relieves the Head almost immediately. No household should be without it. Every hotel should keep it on hand. For sale by all Druggists.

☞ For a history of the Springs, for medical reports of the power of the water over disease, for marvelous cures, and for testimonials from distinguished men, send for pamphlets.

WHITNEY BROS., General Agents,

227 South Front street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Gettysburg Spring Co.

For sale by R. E. SELLERS & Co., Wholesale Agents, and Druggists generally.

Never Use the Knife.

DRS. KLINE AND LINDLEY, 931 Arch street, Philadelphia, and DR. BORRAND, at Franklin, Venango county, Pa., are making unparalleled cures of CANCERS, TUMORS and ULCERS.

No Knife, No Caustic, No Blood, Little Pain.

GREAT CANCER ANTIDOTES.

For particulars address either of the above. MWF

PROCTOR & GAMBLE'S

MOTTLED GERMAN SOAP.

Is made from the best materials, and will not waste. Sold at price of ordinary Soap. Grocers have it.

DILWORTH BROTHERS,

Pittsburgh, Wholesale Agents.

ALBERT J. SCHWARTZ,

Plumber, Gas and Steam Fitter,

No. 143 LIBERTY AVENUE,

OPPOSITE FIFTH AVENUE.

James T. Brady & Co

Corner Wood and Fourth Avenue,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Money Loaned on Government Bonds at Lowest Market Rates.

Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.

GEO. B. HILL....O. HANSON LOVE....JAS. N. HILL

GEO. B. HILL & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

No. 58 FOURTH AVE., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

Buy and Sell on Commission All Kinds of

STOCKS, BONDS, MORTGAGES, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, NEGOTIABLE PAPER, &C., &C.

Collections Made on all Accessible Points.
Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.
PASSAGE TICKETS by the National Line, comprising some of the largest Steamships afloat, from or to London, Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow.
DRAFTS, payable on demand in any part of England, Wales, Ireland and Scotland, and AT LOWEST RATES

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

BANKERS.

WE OFFER FOR SALE AT PAR AND ACCRUED INTEREST

$10,000 Birmingham Market House Eight Per Cent. Bonds,

$10,000 South Pittsburgh School House Eight Per Cent. Bonds,

FREE FROM TAXES.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

BANKERS,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

SATURDAY EVENING, January 11, 1873.

We are being treated to an exceeding number of receipts for curing the financial disorders of the body politic, most of which may be characterised as "fine spun theories, ingenious, new, sublime, stupendous, everything but true." Yet there are several bills worthy of mention that are now occupying the attention of the House. That of Mr. Merriam referred to in our dispatches this morning, embodies the proposition of the Comptroller of the Currency to create new banks without circulation, on deposit of $10,000 in United States bonds; this would increase the banking facilities under the protection of national legislation, but otherwise extends no advantages not already incident to banking under State charters. Mr. Hooper's bill has two objects in view, one providing for a return to specie payments on the part of the government in 1874, permits duties on imports to be paid in paper, and allows the Secretary to provide himself with gold for redemption by the sale of $250,000,000 six per cent. bonds. This last has the merit of recognizing the duty of the nation to get coin somehow to pay its demand notes, and disregarding the theory that we can drift into specie payments. He also proposes to issue 3.65 per cent. certificates to the amount of $100,000,000, to be exchanged for greenbacks, these certificates to be useable by the national banks as half of their reserve. The plea upon which it is urged is that such a bond would assist very materially in "moving the crops," but the real point probably is that it gives the banks an interest bearing reserve to take place of the redeemed 3 per cents., over forty millions of which have been withdrawn within the past two years. As the exchangeable feature of these bonds would necessitate the Secretary's keeping on hands a large reserve of greenbacks, or a power to issue such notes at will, the proposition will probably be consigned to the limbo of crude financial theories.

—Messrs. Ira B. McVay & Co. report the following quotations of Government bonds in New York to-day, as furnished them by Jay Cook & Co., their correspondents:

	Morn.
U. S. Bonds of 1881	115
U. S. Bonds of 1862	113
U. S. Bonds of 1864	113¾
U. S. Bonds of 1865	114½
U. S. Bonds of 1867	114½
U. S. Bonds of 1868	114½
10-40s	110¾
New 5s	111¾
Gold	112¾
Currency 6s	112¾

—James T. Brady & Co., corner of Fourth avenue and Wood street, quote United States securities in New York to-day as follows:

Gold	112¾
United States 6s of 1881	115
United States 5-20s of 1862	113
United States 9-20s of 1864	113¾
United States 5-20s of 1865	114¼
United States 10-40s	110¾
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1865	114½
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1867	114½
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1868	114½
Currency Pacifics	112¾

—The bank statement received by the wires is as follows:

Deposits increased	$5,633,400
Circulation decreased	152,200
	$5,481,200
Loans decreased	2,168,100
Specie increased	3,061,000
Legal tenders decreased	288,700
	$2,772,300

—Which shows a market gain of $1,902,000. The stock market has been characterized by extreme dullness, the indicators repeating the same old story from hour to hour, with little or no variation, New York Central and Western Union showing considerable life, the former selling up to 104⅛, and the latter to 84 Good information indicates that higher points will yet be registered by these two stocks.

—Mr. Nathan Reeve, a citizen of Chicago, who has devoted much study to finance, and has written a great deal about the subject during the last eight or ten years, declared that he preferred an issue of three per cent. certificates to the proposed increase of the legal tender currency. He thought the Secretary of the Treasury "had had no financial policy, except from month to month. Since it did not seem possible to issue bonds at less than five per cent. interest, they should now proceed to reduce taxation to such a point as to leave a surplus of $25,000,000 a year to pay them." He also favored free banking, an increase of the circulation of the national banks, and a reduction of greenbacks until resumption should be reached. Resumption was to him possible only by the issue of a couple of hundred millions of bank notes, and by procuring silver to take up the postal currency.

—The following table shows the prices of railway stocks, gold, &c., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day:

January 11, 1873.	10:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:30 P. M.	1:30 P. M.	2:30 P. M.	3:30 P. M.
Gold	112¾	112¾	112¾	112⅝	112¾	112¾
Canton	....	....	....	101	....	....
Western Union Tel	81	83¾	82½	....	84	83¾
Quicksilver	....	....	....	44	....	....
Pacific Mail	71½	70⅞	71	71	71½	71¾
Adams Express	....	95	....	95	....	....
Wells, Fargo Express	....	....	....	....	....	....
American Express	....	69½	....	69½	....	....
United States Express	....	79½	....	80	....	....
New York Central	103⅜	103½	103⅜	103	103½	103½
Erie	66¾	66¾	66½	....	66½	66¾
Michigan Central	....	104	....	104	....	....
Michigan Southern	92½	92⅞	92½	92	92¾	92¾
Illinois Central	....	....	....	....	....	....
Cleveland and Pittsb'h	....	89½	....	89	....	....
Chicago and Northwest	....	80½	....	....	....	....
Do preferred	....	87½	....	87½	....	....
Rock Island	109½	109⅜	109½	....	109¾	109¾
St. Paul	....	52¾	52½	....	51¾	....
Do. preferred	....	75	....	76½	....	....
Wabash	....	....	....	....	....	....
Do. Preferred	....	....	....	....	....	....
Fort Wayne	....	92	....	....	....	....
Ohio and Mississippi	46¼	46	46½	....	46¾	46½
Union Pacific	35	35⅜	35⅜	35	....	35½
Chicago and Alton	....	....	....	....	....	....
Do. preferred	....	....	....	....	....	....
Boston, Hartford & Erie	8½	7⅞	....	....	8½	8½
Harlem	....	....	115¼	....	115½	....
New Jersey Central	....	....	....	....	....	....

Messrs. Robinson Bros., bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following telegraphic report of quotation of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board to-day:

Penn'a Central	57	Phila. and Erie	27½
Reading	57	Lehigh Navigation	38½
United Co.'s of N.J.	123	Pittsburgh 5s	72
Oil Creek & A. V. R.	34½	A. V. R. R 7-30s	91
Lehigh Valley R. R.	59	Central Transpor'n	46½

—William Ward, No. 22 Broad street, New York, quotes stock privileges as selling for one per cent. cash bonus on 30 days' time, and 1½ to 2 per cent. bonus (according to the value of the shares) on sixty days, at the following variations from the market price of the securities named:

	Puts.		Calls.	
Central and Hud.	½ to 1	below.	1½ to 2	above.
Erie Railway	3 to 4	below.	3 to 4	above.
Lake Shore	¾ to 1	below.	1½ to 2	above.
Ohio and Miss.	1 to 1½	below.	1½ to 2	above.
Northwestern	1 to 1½	below.	3 to 6	above.
Rock Island	1 to 1½	below.	2 to 2½	above.
St. P., com. & pfd.	1 to 1½	below.	2 to 3	above.
Union Pacific	1 to 1½	below.	1½ to 2	above.
Wabash	¾ to 1	below.	2 to 3	above.
West. Union Tel.	1½ to 2	below.	2 to 2½	above.
Han. and St. Jo.	2 to 3	below.	2½ to 3	above.
Gold ½ for 30 d'ys,	¾ to 1	below.	1 to 1½	above.

The above rates imply first class names.

HOP MARKET.

NEW YORK.

January 11.—The market is very strong, with light receipts from the interior. English do not accumulate, as the arrivals have been previously sold. There is more inquiry for old American, but the principal holders are looking for much higher than present prices. Sales about 150 bales American 1872's at 45@55c; and 100 pckts. English, 40@45.

	Bales.
Receipts for the week	425
Receipts for the corresponding week, 1871	368
Total receipts since Sept. 1st, 1872	16,841
Total receipts for same period in 1871	22,448
Imports for the week	1,899
Total imports since Sept. 1st, 1872	11,250
Total exports since Sept. 1st, 1872	1,915

Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, January 11.—Cotton—Demand light but holders firm; good ordinary 18c; low middling 19c; receipts for past day, 1,000 bales; shipments, last twenty-four hours, 1,535 bales; stock, 28,380 bales. Flour—Demand active and prices advanced to $6. Hay scarce and firm at $31. Bran scarce and firm. Dry salt meats 4½@4¾a6¼@6½c. Lard in demand at 8¾a9½c.

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, }
SATURDAY, January 11, 1873. }

REMARKS—The extreme cold weather for the past few days has moderated in a good degree, and hopes are entertained that rude winter's chilling blasts have about spent themselves, and that henceforth milder breezes will succeed them. Navigation is again suspended on account of the rivers being full of floating ice, but a few days of mild weather will set matters all right again. There is little or no change in the market. As before stated, the receipts of wheat, corn and oats are extremely light, falling far short of the demand. Flour also falls short of the demand, and dealers find it difficult to meet the demands upon them. Indeed, they cannot do it, and many of them have large unfilled orders on their books. The flour has been purchased and paid for, but the railways cannot, in the present condition of the roads, send it forward "on time." All other leading articles remain unchanged in price. The market, all things considered, is as active as could reasonably be expected.

Below will be found the ruling wholesale rates of the market unless otherwise noted:

ASHES—We quote: Pearls 11@11½c; pots 10c; soda ash 4¾@5c; refined 6@6¾c; nitrate soda 4¾@5c; arsenic 3½@4c.

APPLES—Receipts 347 barrels. The market rules dull, with sales at $2 00@2 50 ℘ bbl for choice; common at lower rates.

APPLE BUTTER—Sales at 45@50c per gallon. Demand light.

ALES—Sales of Pittsburgh brands at the following figures: X, $9 ℘ bbl; XX, $10; India Ale, $11; Porter $10 ℘ bbl.

BUTTER—Receipts 70 packages. Market weak and prices tending lower. We quote choice roll at 20@25c; fair to good 16@17c; common 10@11c ℘ ℔.

BEANS—Demand for white navy good; sales at $2 75@3 00 as to quality; common $2 00.

BEESWAX—No change in prices, which are nominally 32@35c ℘ ℔.

BANNER BAKING POWDER—1 ℔ cans, ℘ dozen $6 00; ½ ℔ cans $3 25; ¼ ℔ cans $1 75.

BROOM CORN—Prices nominally 4½@7c, as to quality and condition.

BACON AND PROVISIONS—Receipts bacon, pieces 5,000; tierces 109. The following are the ruling quotations of the market: Sugar cured hams 13½c; sugar cured shoulders 7½c; plain shoulders 6c; rib sides 8¼c; clear rib sides 8½c; clear sides 9c; breakfast bacon 11½c; dried beef 18c; mess pork $14 50; ham sausage 10c; leaf lard, in tierces, 8½c; half bbls 9½c; pails 10c; pigs feet, in half bbls, $4 75; in kegs $2 40.

COUNTRY MEATS—Hams 8c; clear sides 6½c; shoulders 5½c. Lard 7@7½c per lb.

CEMENT—The market rules quiet and prices are unchanged. We are reported sales as follows: Calcined plaster $4 25@4 50 per bbl; Beeson's hydraulic cement $2 00@2 25; Louisville $2 50@2 75; Rosedale $4 00@4 25.

CHEESE—Receipts light and prices nominally as follows: Prime New York Goshen 16½@17c ℘ ℔; Ohio Goshen 15½@16c; Dairy 13½@14c; Factory 14½@15c. Receipts 592 boxes.

CIDER—Sales at $5@7 per bbl.

CRANBERRIES—Sackett's Belle and Carey's find a ready market at $14@15 ℘ bbl; cultivated and common $9@13 ℘ bbl.

CARBON OIL—We quote standard brands, round lots, F O B, at works, at 18½@18¾c, with the usual advance from store.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Market active with sales at $6 ℘ case.

DRIED FRUITS—Demand fair at 4@5½c for apples; peaches, halves, 7@8c; blackberries 10@11½c; pitted cherries 20@22c; not pitted 7@8c.

DRESSED HOGS—Sales at 5@5½c ℘ ℔.

FEATHERS—No. 1 live geese selling to the trade at 72@75c ℘ ℔, with the usual advance for small lots.

EGGS—Fresh are still short of the demand, and prices are fully maintained. We quote at 34@35c ℘ dozen; limed are in good supply and can be had at 25@28c.

FISH—White fish $5 50 ℘ half barrel; mackerel, shore, $20@23 per barrel; No. 1 bay $17@18; No. 2 shore, medium, $12; extra $14; No. 3 large, in small packages, $4 75, and $7 in bbls; new cod fish $6 50@7 for medium; new Labrador split $8 50@9 00; new Labrador $7 50.

FLOUR—There is an active demand, though there are no changes to note in prices. We quote as follows: Penn $9 ℘ bbl; Rising Sun $8; Island (Minnesota) $8 25; Ford's $7 50; rye flour $5 25; buckwheat flour 4½c ℘ ℔. Receipts 1,250 bbls.

GROCERIES—Market quiet and moderately active, at unchanged prices. The following quotations are given from actual sales:

Sugars—Phoenix extra C 11c; Metropolitan extra C 11½c; Knight's yellow 8½c; Knight's extra C 10¾c; Demarara 11¾@11½c; Monumental C 11¾c; H & E extra C, 11¾c; extra C 12½c; B 12½c; A 12¾c; confectionary A 12¾c; crushed 13¼c; granulated 13¾c; powdered 13¾c; cut loaf 14¼c; New Orleans, prime to choice, 10½@11½c.

Coffee—Fancy Rio coffee 25c; prime 23@23½c; good 21@21½c; fair 20@20½c; roasted, loose, 26c; roasted, in packages, 26c.

Syrups—Orleans—prime 70c; choice 75c; Union 75c; H & E extra 55c; do fancy 65c; Revere 55c; maple 60c; extra maple 65c; common 25@30c.

Rice—Carolina 8¾@9c; Rangoon 7¼@7¾c.

New Orleans Molasses—73@75c ℘ gallon.

GRAIN—The following were the receipts at the Grain Elevator for the past twenty-four hours:

Rye, bushels	399	Corn, bushels	1,521
Barley	359		

Received by rail and other sources, in bulk and sacks, for the same period:

Wheat, sacks	633	Oats, sacks	440
Corn, sacks	219	Barley	170
Rye, sacks	107		

As before stated the receipts continue light, scarce enough changing hands upon which to base quotations. We quote choice red and amber wheat at $1 75@1 80. Country mills, in consequence of the scarcity of wheat and the high range of prices, have turned their attention to supplying their customers with Western flour. Oats continue scarce and a shade higher, with sales on the spot at 44@45c, with the tendency of prices upward. Shelled corn, on track, 60c; free in elevator, 62c. Rye, 85@90c. Barley, 85c@$1 ℘ bushel.

HAY—Market dull at $26@30 per ton for baled, on track.

HONEY—Sales in a small way at 28@30c ℘ ℔.

HOMINY—Demand fair at $4 25@4 50 ℘ bbl.

HOPS—Are now selling in this market at 55@60c ℘ ℔ and scarce; 1870s not quotable.

LIME—Cleveland white $2 ℘ bbl; eastern $1 75.

LARD OIL—No 1 extra 70@73c ℘ gallon; No 2 60c.

MILL FEED—Sales bran at $1 15@1 20 ℘ cwt.; middlings $1 35@1 45, as to quality; corn meal $1 30@1 46.

MINCE MEAT—Choice brands 12c ℘ ℔.

ONIONS—Silver skins $2 75@3 25 ℘ bbl; yellow $2 60@2 75; reds $2 00@2 50.

POTATOES—Peachblows 85@90c ℘ bushel; Jersey sweets $5 00@5 25 ℘ bbl.

POULTRY—Live chickens 40@50c ℘ pair; dressed, fresh, 11@12c; dressed turkeys 15@16c; ducks 13@14c.

RAGS—Held at 3½@3¾c ℘ ℔.

SALT—Sales extra No 1 at $1 65 per bbl; No 2 $1 55.

SAPOLIO—Sales at $6 00 ℘ case of 6 doz.

SEEDS—Clover $5 00@5 25; flaxseed $1 88@1 95; timothy seed $3 00@3 25.

TALLOW—Sales at 8@8½c ℘ ℔.

WHISKY—Highwines 90@93c ℘ gal.

IRON MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA.

January 4.—There is considerable demand for pig iron and the transactions for forward delivery have been large. Sales of 6,000 tons Lehigh crane No 1 foundry, deliverable here and at Hoboken at $45; No 2 at $44, and 30,000 tons forge, at the furnace, at $36 00@40 00 ℘ ton—mostly Glendon, at our highest figure.

Manufactured Iron—Bar iron meets a moderate demand at 4 8-10c ℘ ℔. New rails move slowly at $80 at the mills, but there is quite a lively movement in old rails, but the difference in the views of buyers and sellers restricts business. We quote D. H.'s at $55@56, currency, and T's at $54 50@55 50.

Below is a table showing the values of No. 1 American Pig Iron, best makes, in this market, for the respective months of 1869, '70, '71, and '72:

	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872.
January	$42 18	$35 17	$30 50	$37 50
February	40 25	34 50	30 91	49 00
March	41 75	33 95	34 75	43 50
April	40 00	32 50	35 37	48 50
May	39 50	32 50	35 50	49 00
June	40 80	32 50	35 50	50 25
July	42 00	32 50	35 75	51 50
August	41 00	33 50	36 25	52 00
September	40 50	32 69	37 00	53 00
October	40 00	31 88	37 20	52 50
November	38 70	31 25	37 50	50 00
December	37 60	30 50	37 50	45 00

Below is a comparative table of the gold price of D. H.'s for 1871 and '72:

	1871.	1872.
January	$39 25	$42 00
February	39 00	44 50
March	39 25	48 50
April	40 00	52 00
May	40 25	53 00
June	40 25	50 50
July	39 75	50 50
August	39 75	51 50
September	39 50	57 00
October	39 50	48 25
November	39 75	46 50
December	40 00	46 50

Edward Samuel's circular says: In American rails the business has not been as profitable as in many other branches of the trade, excepting, of course, for those makers who bought largely ahead of the raw material at low figures, and also for those who made their own pig iron. Many of the new railroad enterprises were postponed in consequence of the high prices, and from the same cause all the companies withheld from purchasing except for imperative wants. It is extremely probable, owing to these facts, that many buyers who have withheld from purchasing, will be forced to buy in the coming year, and it is fair to anticipate a brisk trade in this branch for at least the first half of the year. Prices for 1872 have been as follows:

January	$71 00	July	$89 00
February	75 00	August	88 00
March	79 00	September	88 00
April	84 00	October	89 00
May	91 00	November	89 00
June	90 00	December	85 00

In merchant bar iron the business of the year has been entirely satisfactory, with probably greater activity than for some years past. The Association which was formed in June, 1871, has been of undoubted benefit to the trade, and although some of the local associations made errors in advancing the card prices considerably higher than the actual market rates, thus entailing higher wages with no corresponding profit to the maker, still these errors were speedily seen and corrected. The demand until November was active, and in the early spring months was pressing; since November there has been but little inquiry, and at present the trade is extremely dull. Below are the base prices of the Philadelphia mills for the year:

January	$87 50	July	$105 28
February	88 75	August	112 00
March	97 42	September	116 48
April	102 12	October	113 68
May	103 04	November	106 40
June	102 04	December	100 80

Scotch Pig—The market is in a very quiet state, but the tone is a trifle firmer, under the influence of the light stocks abroad. There is no Eglinton here, and but little Glengarnock. The latter is quoted at $51@52.

Nails—Command $6 per keg.—*Price Current.*

Iron—There is more doing. Sales of Lehigh crane, No. 1 at $47; No. 2 at $44@45, and 20,000 tons of forge on private terms. Scotch pig $45@46. Nails command $6 per keg.—*North American.*

BALTIMORE.

January 11.—The market for American pig is steady at our reduced quotations, with some sales for immediate delivery and an inquiry for contracts, but holders decline to operate ahead of these figures. We quote anthracite at $45 for No. 1; $43 for No. 2; $40@42 for No. 3; and $39@40 for gray forge. Baltimore charcoal forge we quote at $55@60. Scotch pig is firm, owing to the high prices ruling on the other side, and we quote Eglinton at $48@50, and Gartsherrie at $52@53 per ton from yard.—*American.*

NEW YORK.

January 11.—The market is very quiet and very little business is looked for in Scotch pig until after the middle of the month. Holders generally are asking $50 for Eglinton and Glengarnock, and $54 for Gartsherrie. The stock of Coltness is light, and we hear of no sales. American pig is without noticeable change, large consumers and speculators being out of the market, and the companies not caring to make further contracts at present. At Philadelphia sales are reported of 10,000a15,000 tons, delivered at tide water, at $45 for No 1. We quote No. 1, $44@45; No. 2, $42@43; and gray forge, $38@40. Old English rails are nominal at $55@57 currency, and new do. $73@75 gold, without sales. We quote French and English steel rails $110 gold, and American $120@130 currency. Scrap iron has been in more demand, and about 2,000 tons have been sold on the spot, and to arrive, at $50 currency—from stock there is nothing offering. Refined bar from store is quiet, but steady, at our quotations—the market in Philadelphia is quoted higher. A sale of 300 packs Russia sheet was made on private terms.

PITTSBURGH, January 6.—The *Iron World* says: "There has been no material change in pig, though the condition is brighter than it has been for some time past. The impression among mill men that grey forge has reached bottom, has led them to buy largely. There has been quite an active demand for best brands of red short. The following are the ruling prices for anthracite: No 1 foundry $46@47; No 2 do, $42@44; and grey forge, $40@41. Manufactured—Inquiry good and orders coming in slowly."—*Shipping List.*

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, January 11.—Flour firmer; family $9 75a10 75. Corn firmer; yellow 63a64c; white 63a65c. Dry salt meats easier at 4¾a5a7a7½c. Molasses firmer; fair to choice 54a68c. Coffee firm at 16¾a19c. others unchanged.

Detroit Market.

DETROIT, January 11.—Wheat—Demand active, and prices advanced; white $1 89; No 1 do $1 78; amber $1 62a1 62½. Corn steady, with a moderate demand at 41c. Oats—Demand good at 38½a39c. Dressed hogs $4 62.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE OIL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, }
MONDAY, January 13, 1873. }

The following are the receipts of crude oil for the past week, with a comparison table with previous years; also, the exports of refined, together with the week's transactions:

	Receipts Crude per River & R. R.	Exports per Penn. R. R.	Exports per A. V. R. R.
Monday, January 6	881	150	1,338
Tuesday, January 7	4,054	....	....
Wednesday, January 8	3,783	....	2,076
Thursday, January 9	3,764	....	....
Friday, January 10	4,722	....	1,417
Saturday, January 11	6,957	....	1,662
Total for week	24,161	150	6,543
Since January 1	11,785	1,541	6,525
To January 13, 1873	35,946	1,691	13,068
Same time 1872	29,454	1,423	21,987
Same time 1871	19,468	4,315	2,907
Same time 1870	34,068	517	7,335
Same time 1869	34,407	1,270	9,114
Same time 1868	80,460	516	2,751

BUSINESS.

The market for the entire week was one of the dullest and most unsatisfactory that we have ever seen, and prices of crude and refined are down to the lowest prices for many years, for instance, 6½a6¾c for a gallon of raw oil, and 18½a18¾c for a gallon of manufactured. At these figures either pumping or refining could not be considered very profitable. Such is the situation of the great oil trade. A revival would no doubt be something very acceptable to those engaged in the business. The receipts of crude for the week were liberal. Negotiations between the refiners and producers have not yet produced any beneficial results, but there is no telling what a day may bring forth. Let us hope for the best.

CRUDE RECEIPTS.

The following are the crude receipts from all points by river and rail for the past two weeks:

	Last week.	This week.
Crude received, bbls	17,786	24,161

The following are the crude receipts from all points by river and rail for the past nine years from January 6,

January 11, 1873	35,946
Same time 1872	29,454
Same time 1871	19,468
Same time 1870	34,068
Same time 1869	34,407
Same time 1868	80,460
Same time 1867	3,618
Same time 1866	45,121
Same time 1865	4,705

EXPORTS OF REFINED.

The following are the exports of refined oil for the past two weeks by the Pennsylvania and Allegheny Valley Railroads:

	Last week.	This week.
Pennsylvania Railroad	154	150
Allegheny Valley Railroad	6,525	6,543
Total	6,679	6,693

The following are the exports of refined oil East by the Pennsylvania and Allegheny Valley railroads for the past five years:

	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.
Penn'a R. R.	1,270	517	4,315	1,423	1,691
A. V. R. R.	9,114	7,335	2,907	21,987	13,068
Total	10,384	7,852	7,222	23,410	14,759

Saturday.

CRUDE.

The market was entirely devoid of animation. We did not learn of a single transaction for any delivery. We quote nominally, spot, 6¾@6⅞c per gallon.

REFINED.

Dull but no lower. The asking rates for standard brands free on cars at works, round lots, 18a18¾c per gallon.

[By Western Union Line.]

TITUSVILLE, January 11.—The *Herald* says: The feeling was weak again on the creek market. Deliveries under contract with the Refiners' Association have gone forward very slowly, and only a part, and not as previously stated, nearly the whole of 200,000 bbls have been moved. On lower creek the market was also weaker. Oil City quotations were lower. The Parker's market was perhaps a little steadier, but dull with few sales. At Triumph buyers were offering $2 10a2 14 at wells. Sales:

1,500 bbls Parker's, spot	2 32½
1,000 bbls Parker's, spot	2 35
1,000 bbls Oil City, spot	2 65
1,100 bbls lower creek, spot	2 45
500 bbls upper creek, spot	2 40
1,200 bbls upper creek, spot	2 35
1,000 bbls upper road, s. o. first quarter	2 40
100 bbls Garland, s. o. first quarter	2 45

NEW YORK, January 11, closing 10.—Crude in bulk—there are sellers at 9¾c, spot delivery, and 10¼c for February. Outside lots refined reported offering at 24c, but shippers refuse to close out other than urgent orders at anything like this price. Cases are easier at 28½@29c. Naptha is reported attainable at 16c. The general market is lifeless. Philadelphia delivery is in a similar position; shippers hold off, and it is impossible to give reliable figures.

TITUSVILLE, January 11.—Nothing doing. No quotations.

OIL CITY, January 11.—Market dull at $2 65; lower road $2 45; upper road $2 50.

PETROLEUM CENTER, January 11.—No market—can't quote.

ROUSEVILLE, January 11.—Market quiet and dull at $2 45a2 50.

PHILADELPHIA, January 11.—Market dull; S. W. 27c; crude 9c; cases 26½a27c. Sales none.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Line.]

OIL CITY, January 11.—Market very quiet at $2 65 a2 70.

TITUSVILLE, January 11.—Market very dull and no quotations can be given, as it is declining so rapidly.

FOXBURG, January 11.—Market hard to quote and nothing doing at $2 35a2 40.

PARKER'S, January 12.—Market quiet at about $2 35; nothing doing.

TIDIOUTE, January 10.—Market dull at $2 35.

PHILADELPHIA, January 11.—Refined 27c; crude 9c.

NEW YORK, January 11.—Crude 10c; can't quote refined.

Crude Oil Received by A. V. R. R.

Shippers.	Consignees.	Bbls.
Tack & M[illegible]	Citizens' Oil Works	54
H McKelvy	American Oil Works	80
Thos Hackett	Sunbeam Oil Works	225
B S Duncan	Hutchinson Oil Works	54
N W Stevenson	Eagle Oil Works	[illegible]
O J Greer	Sunbeam Oil Works	71
Parker & Thompson	American Oil Works	[illegible]
O J Greer	Dodson & Bark	450
N W Stevenson	Eagle Oil Works	990
Hutchinson & B.	Eagle Oil Works	162
N W Stevenson	Peerless Oil Works	[illegible]
N W Stevenson	Eagle Oil Works	55
B S Duncan	American Oil Works	[illegible]
Owner	Eureka Oil Works	[illegible]
Fisher Bros	Fairview Oil Works	31

Crude Oil Received by Rail and River.

	Bbls.		Bbls.
Citizens' Oil Works	546	American Oil Works	475
Sunbeam Oil Works	293	Hutchinson Oil Works	[illegible]
Eagle Oil Works	1,865	Dodson & Bark	45
Peerless Oil Works	227	Eureka Oil Works	8
Fairview Oil Works	318		
Total			4,88[illegible]

Shipments of Refined Oil East via A. V. R. R., W. P. R. R. and P. R. R.

WEST PENN JUNCTION, January 11, 1873.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Citizens' Oil Co	Tack Bros & Co, Phila	31
Vesta Oil Works	Waring, King & Co, Phila	10
Total		41

Shipments of Refined Oil East by W. P. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Central Refining Co	Logan Bros & Co, Phila	40
Ralston & Waring	Waring, King & Co, Phila	2
Total		42

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, }
SATURDAY January 11, 1873. }

Cattle.

The receipts of cattle to-day have been light of both through and way stock. Trade since our last report has been active, and prime cattle are in demand at about yesterday's quotations. At this writing there is very little stock in the yards unsold Some few holders shipped through this week, but the majority of transient dealers sold their stock here, considering the market a fair one. Below will be found the rates at which the different grades changed hands:

PRICES.

Extra 1,500 ℔s steers, fine and smooth, $7; extra 1,400 ℔s steers, fine and smooth, $6 50 to $6 75; extra 1,300 ℔s steers, fine and smooth, $6 00 to $6 25; prime 1,200 ℔s steers, fine and smooth, $5 25 to $5 75; prime 1,100 ℔s steers, fine and smooth, $5 00; fair 1,000 ℔s steers, fine and smooth, $4 25 to $4 75; common $3 75 to $4 00; bulls $2 50 to $3 50; cows $3 25 to $4 00; stockers $3 75 to $4 00.

Hogs.

The run of hogs continues light. The market is still good in all grades and kinds, and they sell soon after arrival. Light pigs are in the best demand and are quotable from 10 to 25c higher than any other grade. At this writing the feeling is good but dealers look for increased receipts, in which case lower prices will rule. Following are the rates at which the market closed:

PRICES.

Extra Philadelphia $4 25 to $4 40; prime do $4 25 to $4 35; prime Yorkers $4 40 to $4 50; light pigs $4 50 to $4 65.

Sheep.

The run of sheep continues light. There is nothing offering in the yards to-day and prices are nominal. Trade has been good this week, and the market closed firm. Following will be found the closing rates:

PRICES.

Extra 100 ℔s, fine wool, $6 25 to $6 50; extra 100 ℔s. open wool, $5 00; prime 90 ℔s fine wool $5 75 to $6 00; prime 85 ℔s, fine wool, $5 25 to $5 50; common, $3 50 to $4 50.

WOOL MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

January 11.—The market has exhibited more activity the past two or three days than for some time back, and now that trade seems to have fairly opened a brisk season is looked for. A number of manufacturers have arrived in town with the intention of replenishing their stocks, but it is next to impossible to move goods in the present condition of our thoroughfares. The demand still runs on fleeces, but the stock continues light. There is no doubt that Philadelphia and Boston have materially interfered with our market, owing to the large supply of that article in those cities. Advices from the former report an active trade, with advanced prices for some descriptions. The sales here comprise 10,000 ℔s Mexican at 28c; 25 bales black Colorado at 42½c; 7,000 ℔s Texas at 32½c; 20,000 ℔s fall California at 27½a35c; 54 bales do at 25a33c; 5,000 ℔s domestic fleece at 65c; 8,000 ℔s scoured at 70ca$1 60; 2,000 low at 65c; 40,000 ℔s washed and unwashed combing at 65a80c; 8,000 ℔s Ohio at 63c; 3,000 ℔s tub washed at 67c; 10,000 ℔s pulled 61a65c; 75 bags super do 56a61c; 9 bales No 1 do 41c; 6 bags No 2 do 32c.—*Shipping List.*

HOP MARKET.

Another week of inactivity in the country, and growers who press their hops on the market will not get what they were offered two or three weeks ago. This state of affairs may only be temporary. It is in part the result of the story alluded to last week, circulated among western brewers especially; to the effect that dealers here and elsewhere in the hop district formed a combination to put up prices—and probably started by speculative dealers who have agreed to furnish hops at a price which is now a bar to the fulfilment of their contracts. Some of the brewers, who have heretofore used only American hops, are now using English of an inferior grade. They will in time get over their pet and return to the superior home article.

The dealers in this county (reported at the West to be the holders of many thousand bales), may have 16 or 1,200 bales; the growers half as many more.—*Cooperstown Journal 9th.*

COTTON MARKETS.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, January 11.—Cotton moderately active; sales 7,500 bales; good ordinary 17⅜c; low middlings 18⅞c; middlings 19½c; middling Orleans 19¾c; receipts 4,158 bales; exports—Great Britain 2,161 bales; continental 873 bales; stock 165,134 bales.

Savannah.

SAVANNAH, January 11.—Cotton dull; middlings 19¾c; net receipts 2,889 bales; sales 1,443 bales; stock 46,729 bales.

Galveston.

GALVESTON, January 11.—Cotton weak; ordinary 16c; good ordinary 17¾c; net receipts 26,551 bales; exports—Great Britain 1,589 bales; continent 1,659 bales; sales 1,000 bales; stock 79,929 bales.

Charleston.

CHARLESTON, January 11.—Cotton quiet; ordinary 18a18¼c; good ordinary 18⅝a19c; low middlings 19¼c; middlings 19¾c; net receipts, 1,733 bales; exports—Great Britain 3,541 bales; continent 900 bales; sales 600 bales; stock 42,360 bales.

Mobile.

MOBILE, January 11.—Cotton dull; good ordinary 17½c; low middling 18⅝a18¾c; middling 19¼c; net receipts 636 bales; exports—coastwise, 1,249 bales; sales 200 bales; stock 41,080 bales.

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 112¾@112⅞.

NEW YORK, January 11, 1873—P. M.

MONEY.

Money was active early in the day at 7 per cent. gold to 1-64, but finally closed at 7 per cent. The bank statement is favorable, and shows a net gain of $2,788,025 in legal reserve. Banks now hold $4,690,023 above the 25 per cent. required.

GOLD.

Gold dull at 113¾, and closing at 112¾@112⅞. Loans 4 to 7 per cent. for carrying. Daily clearings, $41,000,000. Weekly specie shipments, $2,695,233.

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments unchanged.

U. S. coup 1881	115¼	5-20s, 1867	114¾
5-20s, 1862	113¾	5-20s, 1868	114¾
5-20s, 1864	113¾	New 5 per cents	111½
5-20s, 1865	114¾	10-40s	110¾
5-20s, 1865, new	113¾	Currency 6s	113

STATE BONDS.

State bonds dull and steady.

Missouri 6s	92½	Virginia, new	55
Tennessee, 6s, old	80½	Virginia, old	45
Tennessee, new	80	North Carolina, old	33¾

STOCK EXCHANGE.

The stock market opened firm but remained in this condition only a short time. Prices declined before the first board from ⅛ to 1½ and after the close there was a further decline of ⅛ to 1½. New York Central was very active at one time, advancing to 103⅞. Western Union exceptionally strong and selling at 82¾ and 84½. The general market was irregular and at the final close weak in tone.

Western U. T. Co.	83½	Wabash	73¾
Quicksilver	44	do pref	85
Adams Express	95	Fort Wayne	92
Wells, Fargo & Co.	84	Terre Haute	10
American Express	69½	do preferred	30
U. S. Express	80	Chicago & Alton	112
Pacific Mail	71½	do pref	115
New York Central	103⅞	Ohio & Mississippi	46
Erie	66¾	Cleve., Col. & Cin.	93
do preferred	75	Burlington & Quincy	136½
Harlem	114	Lake Shore	92½
do preferred	120	Panama	38¾
M. Central	104	Illinois Central	121
Pitts., Ft. W. & Chi.	89	Union Pacific	36¼
Northwestern	80¾	Central Pacific	99¼
do preferred	87½	Union	93¾
Rock Island	109¾	Del. & Lackawanna	94¼
New York Central	100	Hartford & Erie	8½
St. Paul	52	Bankers' Bills	109½
St. Paul pref	76¾		

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, ILL., January 11, 1873.

FLOUR—Steady, with a moderate demand; stock light.

GRAIN—Wheat dull, and the market unsettled and lower; No 2 spring Chicago $1 20¾ for spot, and $1 22¼ seller February; No 3 do $1 06¾a1 07; rejected 92½a93c; No 1 do nominal. Corn dull but steady; No 2 mixed 30¾a31a31½c seller February; rejected 28c. Oats—Quiet and unchanged in every respect; No 2, 25¾a26¼c. Rye steady, with a moderate demand; No 2, 61c. Barley—Demand fair and market firm at 65a66c.

PROVISIONS—Strong, and brokers are unable to fill orders at limits. Mess pork $11 60a11 65 spot; $12 25 a12 30 seller March. Lard 7¼c. Green hams—Demand fair and market firm 6¾a7½c, 17 to 18 ℔ averages, and 8a8½c for light weights. Bulk meats—Demand fair and market firm; sales of shoulders, packed, 4c; bellies, loose, 7c. Packers are generally offering meats very sparingly. Dressed hogs—Demand fair and prices advanced to $4 50a4 65; inside price for mixed weights.

WHISKY—Demand fair and prices advanced to 93c.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, January 11.—Cotton dull; middling upland 20¾c; sales of futures to-day amounted to 5,700 bales; January 19¾a19 13-16c; February 19 13-16a19⅞c; March 20¼a20⅜c; April 20¾a20⅞c; May 20⅞a21c; June 21¼c; July 21½c; July 21¾c. Flour firm; receipts 3,600 bbls; superfine western and State $5 25a6 50; common to good $7 10a7 65; good to choice $7 65a8 00; white wheat western extra $7 10a7 75; extra Ohio $7 10a7 75; St. Louis $7 65a13 00. Rye flour and corn meal unchanged. Whisky declined to 94½a95c. Grain—Wheat steady; receipts 21,000 bushels; No 2 Milwaukee $1 64a1 65; mixed spring $1 62; Nos 1 and 2 spring mixed $1 66; red western $1 78a1 85; white western $1 90a1 95. Rye scarce and firmer. Barley quiet. Malt firmer; western $1 27½. Corn heavy; receipts 16,000 bushels; old and new western mixed 66a66½c; yellow western 67a67½c. Oats firmer; receipts 29,000 bushels; new western mixed 48½a50c; black western 47a49c; white 51a54c. Eggs firm; western 37a37½c. Hay firm. Hops firm but unchanged. Leather in good request at 28a31c; Orinoco 27a28½c. Wool firmly held; tubbed 65a80c; Ohio 68c. Coffee very firm at 16a19c. Sugar unchanged. Molasses quiet and firm; New Orleans 68a70c. Rice steady at 7¾a8½c. Crude petroleum 9¾a10¼c; refined do 27½a27¾c. Turpentine quiet and firm at 61½c. Provisions—Mess pork dull at $13 75a14; prime mess $14a14 50. Beef unchanged. Cut meats steady; shoulders, January, 5¼c; short 5 1-6c; middles firm; long clear, February, 7c; March, 7c; long and short clear, next week's delivery, 7¼c. Lard firmer; No 1 to prime steam 8¼a8⅜c; kettle 8¼a8½c. Butter and cheese unchanged.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, January 11.—Cotton quiet and unchanged in every respect; middling 19½c. Flour steady, with a moderate demand. Wheat—Demand light but holders firm; offerings light; only sample lots sold. Corn—Demand fair and market firm; No 2 mixed 31c; east track 33c; east elevator 39c, St. Louis warehouse. Oats unsettled; some sales higher; No. 2, 27½c, east elevator and St. Louis elevator; choice ditto 30c St. Louis warehouse. Barley—Nothing doing. Rye firmer; No 2, 75c. Whisky quiet at 90c. Mess pork nominal and unchanged at $12 60. Dry salt meats active; most sales private; clear rib sides, loose, 6c, seller February and buyer March; clear sides 6¾c seller February. Bacon—more doing, but mostly private sales; clear sides 7½c; clear rib sides 7⅝a7¾c. Lard quiet; good 7c; prime, kettle rendered, 7½c. Hogs lower at $3 50a3 85; mostly $3 60a3 75. Slaughtered to date 85,000. Cattle steady at $2 50a6 00 for common to choice.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, January 11.—Cotton quiet and unchanged. Flour and wheat firm, but unchanged. Other grains steady and unchanged. Groceries steady and unchanged. Oils steady. Eggs—Demand fair and market firm at 30c. Butter steady with a moderate demand. Cheese steady, with a moderate demand. Provisions—Mess pork nominal at $12. Lard higher and excited; kettle 7¼c; steam 7¼a7½c. Bulk meats firm; shoulders 4¾c; rib sides 6a6¼c; clear 6½c, all fully cured. Bacon firm; stock light; shoulders 5a5½c; clear rib sides 7½c; clear 8c asked. Green meats firm; shoulders 3¾a4c; clear rib 5¼c; hams 8¼a9¾c, 14 to 17 pounds average. Hogs strong at $4 10a4 25, principal sales at $4 20; receipts 7,760. Whisky firm at 89c.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, January 11.—Bagging quiet and unchanged in every respect. Cotton quiet at 18¾c. Flour—Demand fair and market firm; extra family $6 75; A No. 1 $7 75; fancy $8 75. Wheat firm at $1 65a1 70. Oats 30a31c. Rye 80c on arrival. Hogs firm at $2 60a4 10; receipts 2,355. Provisions strong, with a fair demand and an upward tendency. Mess pork $12 50. Bacon shoulders 4¾a4½c; clear rib sides 6⅞a6⅝c; clear sides 6¼a6⅝c loose; for round lots packed, ⅛c higher. Bacon shoulders active; clear rib sides 7⅜c; clear sides 7¾c packed. Lard 7¾c; kegs 8½c. Nothing doing in green meats. Whisky steady at 89a90c.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, January 11.—Flour steady, with a moderate demand. Wheat steady, with a moderate demand; extra Michigan $1 86; amber Michigan, spot, $1 67¾; buyer January $1 69; seller February $1 69; seller January $1 67¾; seller March $1 67¾; red $1 69; No 2 do $1 61¾; No 3 do $1 56; rejected $1 33. Corn steady, with a moderate demand; high mixed 38c; old 39¼c seller February; do March 39c; do May 40c. Oats—Demand fair and market firm; No 2, 32a32½c. Cloverseed quiet and unchanged in every respect. Dressed hogs $4 65a4 75.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, January 11.—The dry goods market for the week closes with a quiet but steady market for all descriptions. Good bleached and brown colored cottons remain very strong, and stock in first hands are exceptionally light. Rolled jaconets are scarce and firm. Light weights of cassimeres, meltons and suitings are in increased request at about last year's prices. Foreign goods were dull. The imports of dry goods for the week were slightly over one and a half millions.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, January 11.—Flour firm but unchanged. Wheat unchanged. Corn scarce and firm; mixed western 63c. Oats in good demand; mixed western 46a47c. Rye scarce at $1a1 05. Provisions buoyant, with an advancing tendency. Mess pork in improved demand at $13 75a14. Bulk meats firmer; none offering. Bacon firmer; shoulders 5¼a5⅜c; rib sides, 7⅜a7½c; sugar cured hams 8c; new hams 11¾a15c. Lard firmer at 8a8¼c for western. Butter unchanged. Whisky firm at 96c.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, January 11.—Flour active; superfine $4 50a6 62½; extra $7 50a8 75. Wheat firm; red $1 95a2 00; white $2 05a2 10. Rye 92a95c. Corn dull; yellow 65a66c; new 60a62c; white 62a64c. Oats—Advancing tendency; white 51a53c; mixed and western 45a50c. Provisions firm; old mess pork $13; new $13 50. Crude petroleum 14¾a15c; refined 27c. Whisky steady at 95½a96c.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, January 11.—Flour quiet and unchanged in every respect. Wheat steady, with a moderate demand; No 1 Milwaukee $1 28½; No 2 do $1 22. Oats in fair demand, but at lower rates; No 2, 24¾c. Corn steady, with a moderate demand; No 2 mixed 34c. Rye scarce and firm; No 1, 68c. Barley steady, with a moderate demand; fall No 2, 72c.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, January 11.—Flour quiet and unchanged in every respect. Wheat dull and nominally lower; No 1 red winter $1 70; No 2 do $1 65. Rye quiet and unchanged in every respect. Oats quiet and unchanged in every respect. Refined petroleum dull and heavy; standard white, car lots, held at 21a21½c.

Indianapolis Market.

INDIANAPOLIS, January 11.—Flour—Demand fair and market firm at $4 00@8 50. Wheat—Demand fair and market firm at $1 45a1 60. Corn steady, with a moderate demand at 30a33c. Green meats strong at previous prices. Lard 7¾@8c. Mess pork in good demand at $12 00a12 50. Hogs strong at $3 70a3 80.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, January 11.—Cattle—Receipts 968 head; market active and firm; fair to good steers $5 75a6 12½; shipments yesterday 1,000 head. Hogs—Receipts 15,000 head; market active and firm at $3 80a4 10 for medium to choice; most of sales at $3 90a4; shipments 2,313 head.

New York Metal Market.

NEW YORK, January 11.—Manufactured copper firm; ingot lake active at $34 50. Pig iron quiet; Scotch $50a54; American $42a45. Bar steady at $110. Russia sheet steady at $16 00a16 25. Nails lower; cut $5; clinch $6 50a7 25; horse shoe 21a32c.

Nashville Market.

NASHVILLE, January 11.—Cotton quiet and weak; low middling 17¼c. Flour, grain, and corn meal quiet and unchanged in every respect. Bulk shoulders 5c; clear rib sides 7c. Lard—Kettle dried 8a8½c. Sugar cured hams steady. Hogs $4a4 65.

Oswego Market.

OSWEGO, N. Y., January 11.—Wheat firm; No 1 Milwaukee $1 70. Corn steady at 60c. Barley firmly held; bay quinte $1 05a1 08.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

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JAMES IRWIN & CO.

OIL OF VITRIOL, MURIATIC ACID, ENGLISH CAUSTIC SODA, And AQA AMMONIA.

Office No. 15 Market street, Pittsburgh.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

Date of Departure from New York.

1873.

City of Brooklyn	January 11	Liverpool.
Baltic	January 11	Liverpool.
Europa	January 11	Liverpool.
Java	January 15	Liverpool.
France	January 15	Liverpool.
Anglia	January 15	Liverpool.
Wyoming	January 15	Liverpool.
Cimbria	January 16	Hamburg.
City of Montreal	January 18	Liverpool.
Atlantic	January 18	Liverpool.
Calabria	January 22	Liverpool.
Idaho	January 22	Liverpool.
Celtic	January 25	Liverpool.
India	January 25	Liverpool.
Ville de Paris	January 25	Liverpool.
Silesia	January 26	Hamburg.
Algeria	January 29	Liverpool.
Great Western	January 29	Bristol.
Minnesota	January 29	Liverpool.
Frisia	January 29	Hamburg.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Wheeling, W. Va.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WHEELING, W. VA., January 11, 1873.

River eight feet seven inches and falling. Ice running heavy, causing all boats to lay up. Cloudy and moderating. M.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., January 12.—River twenty-two feet six inches and falling rapidly. The greater part of the coal fleet are within a day of this port. Weather thawing rapidly and cloudy, with a misty rain. Thermometer 46. At six this evening no danger was apprehended from the ice in the river.

Evansville.

EVANSVILLE, IND., January 12.—Cloudy and mild. Mercury 36 to 46. The river has fallen three inches, with prospects of rain, and the heavy ice growing thinner and nearly chopped up.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, January 11.—Clear and pleasant. River rising rapidly. Arrived—Jessie, White River. Departed—Thompson Dean, New Orleans. This evening there is considerable quantity of ice running past.

For Latest River Dispatches see Fourth Page.

RIVER NEWS.

THE marks last evening indicated four feet ten inches and almost at a stand. The weather was mild and very pleasant for the season. Navigation will probably be resumed early in the week.

GALLIPOLIS collected $50 wharfage last week.

BOATS IN PORT.—Esperanza, Exchange and Iron Mountain.

THE Exchange, Captain Evans, is receiving for Cincinnati and Louisville, and will have quick dispatch.

IF the present weather continues, the towboats laid up for milder weather and less ice will soon be able to proceed to their destination.

JOHN ROBINSON, of circus fame, and the proprietor of the beautiful opera house in this city, has purchased the Era No. 9 at New Orleans.

JOHN L. BATEMAN, late captain of that 'ar infuriated Umpire, has retired from the river, and embarked in the wood business, at Nashville.

CAPT. JAMES EVERETT, the Coroner of Davidson county, Tenn., is an old boatman, many years ago having been deck-hand on the Gondola and mate on the Governor Jones.

THERE is great complaint of the grievous charges collected of boats for wharfage at Clarksville by the Union Wharf Company, a private concern there that goes much for steamboats.

A. T. LACEY, the present Speaker of the Senate in Tennessee, is an old steamboat owner, and before the war was complimented by having a large New Orleans boat named after him.

Rates from St. Louis per Iron Mountain Railroad and Merchants' Southern Packet Company are quoted as follows: To New Orleans—Flour, $1 50 per barrel; bacon and pound freights, 75 cents; pork $2 10 per barrel. Way landings—Flour $1 75 per bbl; bacon and pound freights, 90 cents; pork, $2 50.

THE steamer E. Bennett, Capt. Carmack, arrived at noon on Saturday, and laid up. She was detained at Lock No. 3 fourteen hours by the Jim Brown's barges. The Elector reached Brownsville on Saturday, and laid up. The West Virginia arrived and laid up. They will probably start out to-day, as the weather is favorable.

THE CARGO OF THE JUNIATA.—The Dearborn *Independent* says: Her cargo of hay, about one hundred tons, loaded by Kyle & Curtis, was all damaged. This firm lose nothing. The hay was sold by them to George E. Hill, of Cincinnati, and a party of Steubenville, Ohio. Fifty tons, belonging to Hill, was insured. No insurance on the remainder.

ON the first of the present month the supply of coal at New Orleans was 53 boats and 2 barges, of which only 30 boats were on the market, the remainder belonging to gas and steamship companies. The consumption during December was 24 boats and 1 barge. The supply now on hand will hold out some five weeks, by which time tows will likely reach there on the present rise.

THE St. Louis *Times* says: A petition was circulated on 'Change by Mr. J. M. Harris, of Galena, Ill., and numerously signed, asking Congress to appropriate two hundred thousand dollars for the improvement of the Galena river. Captain I. M. Mason and several other gentlemen identified with the navigation of the Upper Mississippi were active in procuring signatures.

THE local Board of Government Inspectors at Nashville have just made up their annual report, which shows that they have inspected during the year 39 boats, with 8,744 95-100 as the amount of tonnage. They have also licensed 98 masters, 58 pilots, 69 engineers and 23 mates. They have revoked the license of two pilots, suspended two pilots, and refused license to one mate.

The St. Louis *Democrat* says:

A beautiful flag, recently ordered by Commodore Rollingpin, of Thomas Morrison & Co.'s, for Capt. J. H. Triplett's new wharfboat at Owensboro, Ky., christened "Commodore Rollingpin," will be forwarded in a few days to Colonel Silverthorn, of the Evansville *Journal*, who will make the presentation. Long may it wave.

SATURDAY'S Cincinnati *Gazette* says: No business was transacted on the wharf, and there were no departures of steamers. The only arrivals were the Wildwood from Higginsport, St. James from Maysville, Andes from Wheeling, and the damaged Juniata from Aurora.

The ice is getting heavier here hourly. There is not much danger of the river closing while the water is up to its present stage.

THE troubles and disasters of the steamer R. C. Gray culminated on the first day of 1873, by the boat being cut down by the ice at Mineral City landing. The boat was a total loss. When she sunk her head was ashore, with her stern at right angles with the shore, and in deep water. The boat lies careened so much to the starboard that it is difficult to stand on her deck. The upper works all went over to the starboard as the boat sunk, a complete wreck. No person was seriously hurt, although some made narrow escapes. What freight can be saved is being got out and placed in possession of Mr. William H Wilders, of this place. R. S. YERKES, Master.

IN January, 1866, the Silver Moon left Cincinnati for Memphis, with a full trip, on a river full of heavy floating ice. She reached Memphis safely, and started back loaded with cotton, and reached here on the 6th of February, in good condition. Returning she found the river still full of heavy ice, and in the entire trip to Memphis and return met only a single steamboat—the Darling—which had left this port with the Silver Moon, and had only reached the foot of Wabash Island. The Silver Moon was on her return trip when she met the Darling. The commander of the Moon was Capt. Ben. M. Merilees, late commander and one of the owners of the Louisville, and at present chief clerk of the John Kilgour.

MADISON, IND., January 7.—Please find record of work done by J. R. Stuart & Co., in 1872:

Boats built—The Joseph Kinney, George C. Wolff, Vice President, Spread Eagle and three model barges.

Boats lengthened—The Fannie Lewis, George W. Cheek, La Belle, Cherokee and Skillinger.

Boats hauled out and repaired—Glasgow, Minneola, Spray, Dick Fulton, John Shallcross, Alice Brown, Samson No. 4, Nat. Williams, wharfboat, Nightingale, new hull, J. Sharpe McDonald, Falls Pilot, R. C. Gray, Dumont, hull, and Ajax.

A new towboat for the Keokuk Packet Company and two model barges are now being built.

THE steamer Indiana, laden with 500 tons of sugar and molasses, for Louisville and other points on the Ohio river, caught fire before daylight Friday morning, opposite Lake Providence, and at the bank where she was repairing her ice-injured wheels, and before it was extinguished the nursery, where the fire broke out, and a good portion of the after part of the boat, were burned. One of the chambermaids, Lizzie Hale, was hemmed in by the flames and so badly burned that she died next morning. Another woman is reported to have jumped overboard and drowned before assistance could reach her. It was only by prompt exertion of the officers and crew that the boat was saved from total destruction. The loss will be perhaps $1,000 or $1,500.

CINCINNATI, January 11.—The positions of the various steamers at this port last evening were as follows: Leonora No. 2 at the foot of Fifth street repairing; towboat Lookout at the foot of Central avenue; Albion at the foot of Race street; Kate Putnam (wreck), Tom Farrow, Pat. Rogers, United States and Juniata at the United States Mail Line landing; Mountain Belle and Wildwood at Shinkle's wharfboat; Andes below Main street; St. James at Big Sandy wharfboat; Jas. D. Parker and Mollie Ebert (both nearly loaded) at the New Orleans wharfboat; Potomac and R. W. Skillinger at McCoy's wharfboat; a Collier barge (partly loaded), R. R. Hudson (partly loaded), Captain Hart's new steamer, John H. Groesbeck (dismantled), Fleetwood, Messenger (damaged) Prairie City and ferryboat Newport Belle, between Broadway and Lawrence street; Cincinnati Belle (ferryboat) foot of York street, Newport; Collier and two loaded barges, mouth of Licking.

FRIDAY'S Louisville *Courier-Journal* says: The ice in the harbor is packed for some distance out beyond the boats; in fact, it is so thick that they can not move from their present positions until there is a moderation in the weather or the ice is broken up by some boat. In the event of a fire upon any one of the boats lying in port, great loss would inevitably follow, as the boats at the wharf would be at the mercy of the flames. There should be some means to keep the harbor open and free from ice at all times, so that in the event of any one boat taking fire the remaining ones would have a way of escape open. The question arises, whose duty is it to perform this work? We are of the opinion that the Wharf Master should be authorized to keep the harbor clear of obstructions at all times, regardless of expense. So long as there is an ordinance requiring all steamers landing at our port to pay an onerous and unjust tax, the authorities should keep the harbor free from all obstructions. If they are not under legal they are certainly under moral obligations to do so. Justice demands it, and we hope that something will be done to bring about this desired result. The river here was stationary yesterday evening, with eleven feet depth of water in the canal, and nine feet in the pass down the Indiana chute.

IMPORTS BY RAIL AND RIVER.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago R. R.

J B Floyd, 8 bales hay; Jos Keeling & Co, 20 bbls tub oil; Head, Carson & Co, 1 bbl eggs; Montgomery, O & P, 15 half chests tea; R E Sellers & Co, 5 half bbls coal oil; A G McGreevy & Co, 1 bbl brandy, 1 do gin; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 3 half and 1 bbl rabbits; Reese, Owens & Co, 25 bbls hams; Marshall Bros & Co, 25 bbls spirits; Mellegan H & Co, 2 bbls gin, 1 do brandy; Atlantic Glass Co, 3 half glass; Graff, H & Co, 1 car limestone; S S Marvin & Co, 100 bbls flour; Henry Rea, Jr, 125 bbls apples, 6 bags oats; C A Warmcastle, 1 car heading; H R McClelland & Co, 4 bales rags; McElroy & Co, 2 sacks twine; Dilworth Bros, 2 cases tobacco, 54 bbls molasses; H F Eberle, 1 car stones; Jas Graham, 1 car hay; McHenry & Hood, 1 car do do; J S Dilworth & Co, 10 hhds sugar; T G Craighead, 20 bags feathers, 1 bbl beeswax; Watt, Lang & Co, 30 bbls molasses; Allen, Kirkpatrick & Co, 30 do; Haworth & D, 40 do; Vangorder & S, 5 bbls eggs; Haworth & D, 54 bbls molasses; Wm Culp, 100 bbls flour; Wm Welsh, 100 bbls flour; Schomaker & Co, 100 bbls flour; Wm B Hays, 1,111 g hams; F W Jenkins & Bro, 100 bbls flour, 400 sacks do; J B F Futchey, 1 car broom corn; McHenry & Hood, 75 bags corn, 20 bls hay; J P Hanna & co, 50 tcs lard; McQuiston & B, 307 slabs spelter; D Wallace, 100 bbls flour; Shipton & Wallace, 48 bbls wines; F Pitsum, 1 car scrap iron; Keil & Ritchart, 175 sks oats; Jno J Pittitt & co, 7 bbls apples; House, H & co, 87 bdls paper; A Kirkpatrick & co, 75 bags cloverseed; J & A Deitz, 30 bbls flour; Harrison & co, 1 bbl corn; Voigt, Mahood & co, 6 kgs apple butter.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railway.

J Flynn, 15 bbls molasses; S Ewart & Co, 17 do; Schomaker & Co, 2 do; Wm B Hays & Son, 35 tcs lard, 8 tcs do, 20 bbls do; S B Floyd & Co, 178 sks corn; J W Frailey, 32 bales hay; S McKee & Co, 54 bales straw; J A Graff, 15 bags O peaches; Schnelbaugh & Hyde, 62 bales hay; J Gangewer, 21 sks barley; Fred Shields, 20 do; Franciscus & Vilsack, 1 car malt; D W Gerst, 75 do; H J McCracken & Brother, 37 bales hay, 2 cars corn; T G Jenkins, 200 bbls flour; Phil Gerst, 260 sks malt; Hitchcock, McC & Co, 1 car corn.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

Brady's Bend Iron Co, 8 cars iron; Warren M Stone, 1 car stone; Geo W Bitter, 1 car lumber; Carnagie K & co, 1 car clay; W Frank & Son, 2 cars straw; Anderson & Woods, 1 car clay; Houch, McGogney & co, 1 car corn; F S McCormick, 95 bbls apples; Jno Ross, 240 sks oats; P Duff & Sons, 41 pkgs pr. duce; W J Steel, 7 bbls beans, 1 keg do; H Gautchie, 1 box cigars; Gregg, Son & co, 1 do do; Loh & Cooley, 13 pkgs sundries; Haines & S, box do goods; Bend C & co, 60 pkgs sundries, 3 do do; A J Nellis & co, 1 box hd ware; E Mygo & Co, 2 kegs butter; J B Thompson, 5 bbls pickles; A Sarrick & Co, 6 kegs apple butter; Fairbanks M & Co, 22 bxs scales; W H Lemon, 3 bdls chairs; Lee S Smith, 14 bxs mackerel; James Curly, 2 bbls pickerel; Sweeney S & Co, 1 can; D W Garrett, 15 bxs frozen fish; Pgh P Mfg Co, 127 bdls paper; Adler, Rosenburg & Co, 20 bbls whisky; Casey, Fogarty & Co, 20 bbls whisky; Godfrey & Clark, 115 bdls paper; J F Hague, 10 bbls flour, 20 sacks flour, 75 sacks mill feed; Spang, Chalfant & Co, 24 plates iron; J J Pettit & Co, 45 kegs apple butter; Arbuckles & Co, 2 cases cigars.

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Lockhart, Frew & Co, 4 governors; McCullough & Smith, 15 sacks rags; Jas Ferguson, 2 bxs poultry; J Collard, lot g hides; Jas Callery, 18 do; McElroy & Co, 7 sacks rags; Wm Welsh & Co, 1 sack wool; E & O Magian, 1 barrel crackers; J H White, 59 bales hops; Jno Ross, 7 bags rags; Mrs Ann Kelly, lot sundries; Shipton & W, 3 hogs; Patt & Gibson, 1 keg butter; P Henderson, 1 car lime; Star Fire Brick Co, 1 car clay; Wm Moore, 2 bags oats; Isabella Furnace Co, 3 cars limestone; O Howard, 10 cars stone; Wm Welsh & Co, 24 sacks rye; Shoenberger, B & Co, 6 cars limestone; Carnagie, K & Co, 7 do do.

Receipts of Blooms, Pig Metal, and Ore.

Following are the receipts of metal for the past twenty-four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P. R. R. CO., LESSEE.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	19	Reese, Graff & Co, m	13
Chess, Smythe & Co, m	5	Carnagie, K & Co, m	4
Brown & Co, m	1	Everson, G & McC, o	5
Caughey & Hallman, m	5		—
Total			51

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Caughey & Hallman, m	2	J. Moorhead, m	7
J Reamer, m	6		
Total			15

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, b	1	Carnagie, K & Co, m	2
Lewis, O & P, m	3	Wm Clark & Co, m	2
Wm Smith & Son, m	3		
Total			11

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

	Cars.		Cars.
Lucy Furnace Co, o	11	Pittsburgh Bolt Co, o	2
Shoenberger, B & Co, o	7	Wilson, G & Co, o	2
Everson, Graff & McC, o	1	Wilson, G & Co, m	4
Total			27

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS R. R.

	Cars.
Caughey & Hallman, m	1

BANKS AND BANKERS.

Odd Fellows' Savings Bank,

No. 63 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

Chartered by Legislature of Pennsylvania, March, 1872

CAPITAL..........$100,000
PRIVILEGE..........$500,000.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

Money Loaned on Mortgages, Bonds and other good Securities.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Books of By-Laws furnished at the Bank.
Collections and Returns promptly made.

DIRECTORS:

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ANDREW MILLER, S. J. WAINWRIGHT,
EDWARD DUFF, G. W. SCHMIDT,
WILLIAM NELSON, D. P. ESTEP,
JOHN SEIFERTH, G. W. RANKIN,
H. A. WEAVER.

President—HENRY LAMBERT.
Vice President—ANDREW MILLER.
Cashier—W. J. SCULLY.

Open for business from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturday Evenings from 6 to 8.
Board of Directors meets daily at 11 o'clock.

CENTRAL BANK,

No. 35 Bank Block, Pittsburgh.

CAPITAL..........$100,000.

Bank of Discount and Deposit.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

Collections made on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas.

DIRECTORS:

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D. W. C. CARROLL, J. F. DENNISTON,
JAMES H. HOPKINS, GEORGE BINGHAM,
JULIUS ADLER, ABRAM HAYES,
JAMES BOWN, PAUL H. HACKE,
J. H. WALTER, JAMES LYONS.

THOMAS FAWCETT, President.
J. W. DAVITT, Cashier.
M. HUNNINGS, Assistant Cashier.

mwf

Allegheny Homestead Bank,

244 Beaver Avenue, Allegheny.

CAPITAL..........$200,000

Stockholders individually liable.

Discount days Monday and Thursday. Six per cent. interest paid on Time Deposits. Deposits received from one dollar and upwards.

J. D. STROUS, President.
D. W. RIGGS, Vice President.
W. H. SMITH, Cashier.
WM. BLAKELEY, Solicitor.

Directors.

J. D Strous, D. W. Riggs,
David Matthias, Thomas Jones, Jr.,
Wm. M. Vogleson, W. W. Scott,
Wm. Rowbottom, Gus. Langenheim,
Henry Rayner. mws

Masonic Deposit Saving Bank

No. 135 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

CHARTERED BY LEGISLATURE.

Capital, $200,000. Privilege, $500,000.

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Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

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ALFRED SLACK, of Slack & Sholes.
ROBT. PITCAIRN, Superintendent Pennsylvania Railroad.
JNO. CHISLETT, Superintendent Allegheny Cemetery.
ROBT. J. ANDERSON, of Anderson & Woods.
PETER C. SHIDLE, of James Shidle & Son.
WM. SCOTT, Contractor.
WM. F. LANG, of Watt, Lang & Co.
RALPH BAGALEY, Secretary Westinghouse Air Brake Company.
J. J. LAWRENCE, Superintendent Allegheny Valley Railroad Company.
AARON FRENCH, of Pittsburgh Cast Steel Spring Company.
J. L. PIPER, Superintendent Keystone Bridge Company.

CHAS. W. BATCHELOR, President.
GEO. C. McLEAN, Cashier.

Shoe and Leather Savings Bank,

14 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL..........$200,000.

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WM. H. BROWN, M. W. RANKIN,
G. FOLLANSBEE, JOHN F. SCOTT,
J. H. BORLAND, JACOB S. REYMER,
R. H. PALMER, Jr.

GEO. H. ANDERSON..........President.
JOHN D. FRASER..........Cashier.

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MONEY LOANED

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CYRUS CLARKE, Jr..........Cashier.

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BOUGHT AND SOLD

ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of UNITED STATES SECURITIES. mwf

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COR. FOURTH AVE. AND WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.,

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CITY OF BRISTOL, CITY OF NEW YORK,
CITY OF BROOKLYN, CITY OF PARIS,
CITY OF BRUSSELS, CITY OF RICHMOND,
CITY OF CHESTER, CITY OF WASHINGTON.

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First Cabin..........$75 00 gold.
Steerage to Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow or Derry..........30 00
Prepaid Tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow or Derry, through to Pittsburgh..........$41 00 U. S. currency.

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E. B. CAMPBELL, J. W. PAUL.

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E. S. WARING, Pittsburgh. HENRY M. KING, Philadelphia.

WARING & KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in Petroleum and its Products:

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HENRY REA, Jr.,

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LEAVES DAILY AT 8 A. M. and 5 P. M.
LEAVES BROWNSVILLE AT 5 A. M. and 4 P. M.

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STEAMER GENEVA..........CAPT. PHILLIPS.
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THE NEW AND LIGHT Draught Passenger Steamer

WEST VIRGINIA,

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Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 P. M., for Morgantown and intermediate ports. Returning leaves Morgantown for Pittsburgh EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.

For further particulars inquire of

S. R. PATTERSON, Agent.

PORTSMOUTH.

For Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Ironton and Portsmouth.

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THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER

GRANITE STATE,

W. H. KERR..........Commander.
W. J. O. ANDERSON..........Clerk.

Will leave as announced above.

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FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

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For Cincinnati and Louisville.

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THE STEAMER

Exchange,

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THIS DAY—4 P. M.

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Are now receiving for the above and intermediate ports.

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Manufacturers' Supplies

HAVE IN STORE A FULL STOCK OF

Deane's Steam Pumps,
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Sash and Door Machinery, &c., &c.

REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. mws

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AGENTS FOR A. S. CAMERON & CO.'

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ROLLING MILLS, BLAST FURNACES, OIL REFINERIES AND MANUFACTORIES GENERALLY, PROMPTLY FITTED UP.

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Have on hand and for sale LOCOMOTIVE and TUBULAR OIL BOILERS, and make to order STEAM BOILERS of all kinds. Also, SHEET IRON WORK of all descriptions.

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Orders solicited for all kinds of

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AND ALSO

RETORTS.

We earnestly request all Gas and Water Works Superintendents to call on us.

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Manufacturer of Machinery

FOR MINING AND SMELTING PURPOSES.

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We are making Steel Castings, Smooth, True, Free from Porosity, capable of receiving Very High Polish. Can be Forged or Welded easily as Bar Steel, and Strong as Forged Steel. Send for Circular.

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I am now prepared to supply this very superior Powder to Sportsmen, Furnacemen, Contractors and Dealers by KEG OR CAR LOAD,

AT LOW PRICES.

SAFETY FUSE constantly on hand.

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CAN BE

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FOR SALE BY

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S. Lissberger

Respectfully informs all parties using INGOT COPPER, BLOCK TIN, PIG LEAD, SPELTER, ANTIMONY, TINNERS' and PLUMBERS' SOLDER, and all grades of BABBIT'S METALS, that he can furnish the above at Lowest NEW YORK rates.

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Iron Roof Frames,

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Slate or other Covering, for Depots, Roundhouses, Blast Furnaces, Banks, &c.

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FOR ROOFING OR SIDING WOODEN FRAME BUILDINGS.

The demand for CORRUGATED IRON increases yearly as its merits become known, for Siding, as well as Covering all classes of Manufacturing Establishments where it is desirable to decrease the amount of wood used as a safety from fire.

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Lithograph of Sections furnished on application.

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ROTARY SQUEEZERS,
HASKINS' PATENT DOUBLE SPIRAL PINIONS,
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ROLLING MILL CASTINGS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

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NAIL MACHINES, Ernest's Patterns.

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OF IMPROVED CONSTRUCTION.

MILLS FOR GRINDING BRICK CLAY.

CASTINGS MADE OUT OF GUN IRON, WHEN ORDERED. ROLLS TURNED.

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Engine Builder and Machinist,

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EVERSON, GRAFF & MACRUM,

Manufacturers of all Descriptions of

Sheet, Bar, Band and Small Iron.

Office and Works, Second Avenue,

Immediately above Upper Monongahela Bridge,

PITTSBURGH

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO LINE SHEET

THE VERY LATEST.

HARRISBURG.

The Pennsylvania Legislature.

Deluge of Bills Ready for Presentation at the Session To-morrow.

A Number for Allegheny County.

Special to the Pittsburgh Press.

HARRISBURG, January 12, 1873.

A large number of bills are ready for presentation at the session on Tuesday. Almost every member has his desk full, forwarded by anxious constituents bent on getting their bills passed before the wise men now sitting in Philadelphia conclude their labors on the new Constitution, which they fear will put an end to all special legislation. Among the bills relating to Allegheny county, which will be offered at the earliest opportunity, are:

An act to extend to all legal holidays the provisions of the act of 17th March, 1872, preventing the sale of intoxicating drinks on election day.

An act to repeal the usury laws in Allegheny county.

An act to place the proceeds of the late Sanitary Fair in the hands of the Guardians of the Poor of Allegheny county. It is asserted that over three hundred thousand dollars, realized by the great sanitary fair, is now being loaned out to build pig iron furnaces and other kindred speculations.

An act to allow the real estate savings banks to charge any rate of interest that may be agreed upon for second mortgages.

An act to authorize the Consolidated Gas Company to issue eight per cent mortgage bonds.

An act to incorporate the Lawrenceville Land Association. Among the corporators are Thos. [illegible] and H. B. Lyon.

An act to incorporate the Mechanics Loan Association.

An act to incorporate the Home Real Estate and Savings Bank. Among the corporators are Chas. J. Clarke, E. A. Myers, J. McC. Creighton, S. A. McClung, A. F. Keating, Sno. D. Scully and James Irvin.

An act to incorporate the Forbes Street Passenger Railway, in the city of Pittsburgh.

An act to incorporate the Pittsburgh and Cove City Railroad Company. Among the corporators are J. McC. Creighton, B. L. Crawford, A. S. Cameron, Wm. Phillips, Jas. I. Kuhn, Jno. G. Kelly, B. S. Crumpton and J. N. McCreery.

An act to incorporate the Pittsburgh and El Paso Silver Mining Company; also, the Pittsburgh and Rose Clare Silver Mining Company.

An act to incorporate the Consolidated Bank of the City of Pittsburgh.

A supplement to Penn Avenue Improvement act, authorizing assessments on parties on Fifth avenue, benefited by the improvement.

A supplement to the Pittsburgh Tunnel Company.

The bill for the repeal of the usury laws will probably be made a public bill, as many from Philadelphia desire to see it pass. They claim that in fixing one unchangeable rate for the use of money is to render the borrowing of money to those who need it most, impossible, and drives capital out of the State. They contend that there is as much reason for fixing an invariable rate for fire insurance, to be charged on any building, no matter how great the risk might be, or how dangerous the business carried on therein; or to restrict life insurance companies to one unvarying rate upon the lives of their customers, whether old or young, sick or well. The debate on the passage of the bill will probably be one of the most interesting this session.

SHOCKING OCCURRENCE.

A Mother and Her Three Children Instantly Killed by a Falling Tree.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

MAYVILLE, N. Y., January 12, 1873.

A singular and very sad accident, resulting in the loss of four lives, occurred yesterday afternoon at Fair Point, near here, on the farm of ex-Conductor Stevens, of the Oil Creek Railway. Mr. Stevens had men employed in felling trees on his land, near the main road, and while so engaged a gentleman named Crane, accompanied by his wife and three children drove up in a cutter and stopped opposite where the men were working. A large tree was nearly cut down, and supposing it would fall in the opposite direction from the road, did not drive on. Suddenly, and when nearly chopped off, the tree swayed towards the road. The breaking noise made so frightened the horse that he would not move. Crane, jumping from the cutter, undertook to seize his wife and drag her out of the way, but in his fright he stepped beyond his reach in an opposite direction, the horse at the same time moving a little forward, so that the tree in falling mashed the cutter, the three children in it, and Mrs. Crane, the latter standing by the cutter. Mr. Crane jumped to one side and thus saved his life. Mrs. Crane and the three children were instantly killed. They resided near where the accident occurred, and the sudden affliction, it is said, has affected Mr. Crane's reason. The accident has cast a deep gloom over the people in the locality, as the family were well known and highly respected.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., January 12, 1873, 8 P. M.
PROBABILITIES.

For New England easterly to southerly winds, cloudy weather and rising barometer, with possibly snow over the northern portion and rain over the southern portion. For the Middle States easterly to southerly winds, veering to southerly and westerly, rising temperature and cloudy weather, with probably rain. For South Atlantic and Gulf States east of the Mississippi winds veering to southerly and westerly, rising temperature and generally cloudy weather. From Tennessee to Lake Erie and lower Michigan cloudy weather and probably rain, with winds veering to westerly and northwesterly on Monday afternoon, and clearing but partly cloudy weather. From Kansas to Minnesota, and extending eastward over Missouri, Illinois and Wisconsin, westerly to northerly winds, rising barometer, falling temperature and clearing but partly cloudy weather.

Affairs in Louisiana—Both Governors to be Inaugurated To-day.

NEW ORLEANS, January 11.—The city is quiet, politicians are active and a quorum in both Legislatures. The Fusionists are making preparations on an extensive scale for McEnery's inauguration on Monday in Lafayette Square if clear and Exposition Hall if rainy. Ladies are invited to be present. The Pinchbackers will inaugurate Kellogg on Monday in Mechanics' Institute.

NEWS SUMMARY.

Number of hogs slaughtered in Cincinnati since November 1, 488,000.

Nothing of interest in either branch of the Arkansas Legislature on Saturday. No legislation is expected until after the Senatorial contest is decided, it being now the all absorbing topic. It is understood the Republicans will make no nomination in that event, and the Democrats will have the balance of power.

Ubasski has accepted Dion's challenge of Tuesday, and the terms proposed, except the number of games to be four, number of points 2,000, the first game to be played in New Orleans, and the balance where Dion designates.

The steamer France, from Brest, arrived at New York on Saturday.

At Skowhegan, Maine, Saturday morning, the thermometer indicated thirty degrees below zero.

A slight shock of an earthquake was felt at Brunswick, Maine, at five o'clock Saturday morning.

Joseph A. Whitman, a lawyer, is under arrest at Boston, charged with forging a mortgage note for ten thousand dollars and uttering the same. The accused is alleged to be implicated with Charles, of Canada, on a charge of fraudulent transactions.

The deaths in Boston last week numbered 207, of which fifty-six were from small-pox.

Barnes and Dunston, negroes, were hung at Jefferson, Ga., last Friday, for rape. The former confessed, but the latter asserted his innocence.

The trial of Ex-Comptroller Connolly, of New York, for frauds will take place this month. Saturday an affidavit was filed by his counsel that he has a good and substantial defense.

It is stated that there is clear evidence against Houghtaling, charged with poisoning the Hazleton family at Coyemans, N. Y.

The steamship Java, from Liverpool, arrived at New York yesterday.

It is understood that all the conductors of the Harlem Railroad have tendered their resignations in consequence of an order requiring them to keep check books of their receipts and give a punched ticket to each passenger paying fare.

The Hawkins Zouaves, of New York, will have a general reunion February 8, the anniversary of their brilliant bayonet charge at Roanoke Island. The general commanders under whom the regiment served have been invited.

The Police Mutual Association of New York city last year paid $22,947 to heirs of deceased members.

The Hudson river ice crop is estimated at a million and a half tons, and will all be gathered by the first of February.

The St. Louis *Times* yesterday published an elaborate and detailed description of all the iron works and iron mines in the State, their capacity, product, &c. The product of last year was 126,622 tons.

In the Ohio Legislature on Saturday, the bill to provide for an election of delegates to the Constitutional Convention next April and for the meeting of the Convention on the second Tuesday of May, became a law.

Governor Oglesby will be inaugurated at Springfield to-day, and the citizens have made extensive preparations for the ceremonies.

THE NORTHWEST STORM.

The Severest Ever Known—Trains Snowed Up—People and Horses Frozen to Death.

COLOMA, MICH., January 11.—The storm which began on Tuesday stopped this morning. No trains have run through since Tuesday night and Wednesday. For the four days the thermometer has been about zero and the wind blew a gale. This storm has been many times worse than the one three weeks ago; there are many drifts fifteen feet in depth and as many rods long. Large gangs of men are at work on all the sections. One train left Holland this morning for Grand Junction, thirty miles south, but has not yet got through. One work train is between this place and Benton Harbor clearing the track. There are bad drifts where the mail train was stuck three weeks ago to-night, near Hogan. Two engines got off the track are on again without loss of life or property. It is expected that the Chicago, Pent Water and Grand Rapids express will run Sunday night, and all passenger trains by Monday next. There is now about twenty miles to clear out before the trains can run. On all the highways in all parts of the country much suffering has been caused by the storm, but it is impossible to get particulars.

MILWAUKEE, January 11.—A Minneapolis, Minnesota, dispatch says the storm on the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad was the severest ever known. At a station called Kirk House there were several persons in town when the storm first burst upon them, they left for their homes with their teams and very few have been heard from. One wagon was found containing a Mrs. Soland and a boy, who were frozen to death. Many teams, both oxen and horses, are found frozen in the drifts and the fate of their owners unknown.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., January 12.—A St. Paul dispatch says the great storm of the past week resulted in a good many fatal casualties. In this state it was entirely unprecedented in its severity, and was so blinding that persons perished within a few rods of succor if they had known in what direction to go. Three brothers, Charles, John and Stephen O'Neil, and Thomas and Michael Holden, each with two horse teams started for Wilmar with wheat on Tuesday, they were found on Friday about ten miles out, two of the O'Neils and one of the Holdens frozen to death in the sleigh. The others were alive, but will scarcely survive. Five ox teams in the same vicinity were found frozen to death, and the drivers are supposed to have abandoned them and perished. A man was frozen to death by losing his way while going from the depot to a farm house at Herman station on the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad. A little boy near New Ulm understood to have gone home but lost his way and his body was found eight miles distant. A man was found yesterday near St. Peter frozen. A good many other cases will undoubtedly be heard of. The wind blew the snow so it was impossible to see a foot in advance and the storm came so sudden that it caught persons out and they perished because unable to find the way.

DUBUQUE, IOWA, January 12.—The Illinois Central and Dubuque Southwestern Road is now free as is also the Des Moines Valley Road between Fort Dodge and Des Moines. The Cedar Falls and Minnesota branch of the Illinois Central is badly blockaded, drifts being found from two hundred to two thousand feet in length and five to twenty feet deep. Men are working day and night and will probably open the road this week. The body of an unknown man was found frozen to death at Nicolet, Iowa, last night, and two teams and horses near Worthington, Minn., one of the drivers is missing, and the other is so badly frozen that he cannot live. The stage between Sibley and Rock Rapids lost one passenger by freezing to death, Mr. A. O. Jenkins, the balance escaped with slight injuries. Two small boys were found frozen to death near Humboldt, Iowa, owing to highways being badly blockaded by the recent storm. Strong fears of a fuel famine at many of the interior towns. Weather moderating, and a strong appearance of a thaw. Steady drizzling rain prevailing to-night in this section.

The Snow Blockade in the West.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

FORT WAYNE, IND., January 11, 1873.

Heavy drifts and severe cold weather, extending through the last three days, have blocked both Northern railroads, and to-day the first through trains within that time were started out.

STATE NEWS.

At a public house at Intercourse, Lancaster county, the other day, a little "unpleasantness" occurred at the dinner table, and the combatants threw turkey at each other.

One of the cases on the docket at Franklin last week was the suit of a young man against his father for money which plaintiff claims he loaned, but which the defendant averred belonged to himself. The counsel for the defendant, in summing up the case, said, very pithily: "Twice has he returned to his father's house, twice has he been received with open arms, twice for him has the fatted calf been killed, and he now comes back for the old cow."

A vein of corundum of good promise has been discovered and developed in Chester county. Corundum is an aluminous substance and exists in a variety of forms, embracing within its combination crystals of many colors, of which sapphire is the more valuable gem. The substance emery is also a member of the same family of minerals, and (geologically) gneissoid mica, slate, talcose rock and granular limestone is the matrix in which they are found.

Mr. John F. Donaldson, Prothonotary of Tioga county, retired from office on Monday last, thus closing an official career which has been remarkable in its duration, having held the same position continuously for the term of thirty-three years.

Thos. Desmond, Assistant Superintendent of the Pennsylvania and New York Railroad, died at his residence in Towanda on Monday last. He had been long and popularly known in connection with the railroad interests of that place, and was very much respected.

The Harrisburg *Patriot*, of Friday, says: Word was left at the Mayor's office yesterday to the effect that a feeble minded female, aged about seventeen years, had disappeared from her home at Huntingdon on Tuesday morning in full suit of men's clothes. She wore a black coat and vest, dark ribbed pantaloons and slouch hat, and had her hair cut short. The name of the girl is Mary Pope, and her parents are much distressed at her unaccountable absence. Any information concerning the wanderer's whereabouts will be gratefully received at the Mayor's office or at No. 202 North Second street, where her sister resides.

The Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin* predicts a great flood in the Susquehanna, and advises people living along that stream to make preparations accordingly.

W. L. Uhler, of Pinegrove, ex-member of the Legislature from Schuylkill county, is dangerously ill with inflammatory rheumatism.

Daniel Snyder, aged seventy-four years, a resident of York county, committed suicide by hanging himself on the 8th inst.

Auditor General Allen, who has been ill for some time, is now able to attend to his duties.

Easton's new opera house, which cost $70,000, will be ready for entertainments about the first of next month.

What's in a name? George Washington, of Titusville, was yesterday engaged in an attempt to walk a raised plank for twenty-four hours without stopping.

A woman in Wheatland, Mercer county, is said to have given birth to a child bearing the features of a sea lion.

The new works of the Scranton Water Company are now in operation in that city. The mains are capable of delivering 6,500,000 gallons in twenty-four hours. The present consumption is said to be 1,000,000 gallons a day.

Mrs. Barker, wife of President Barker, of Allegheny College, Meadville, died suddenly on Friday morning, while dressing herself.

There have, thus far, been ten deaths from small-pox in New Castle.

The Oakville *Enterprise* says: On Friday afternoon last, at about two o'clock, a young son of Mr. W. M. Watson, of this place, aged between three and four years, accidentally hanged himself in his father's hog pen in the following curious manner: The boy had left the house while the mother was attending to some work, and on being missed she went in search of him to the different places. Not finding him, she went into the lot in the rear of the house and to her horror discovered the child hanging with his head between two boards in a partition in the pen, and dead. The boy had evidently climbed up the partition and inserted his head in the crack, which was scarcely wide enough to admit it, when his feet slipped, and being unable to help himself, he was strangled. The boy was a bright, interesting child, and no doubt the parents feel the sudden loss deeply, in which they have the sympathies of the community.

Rev. A. H. Williams, of Corry, has received the unanimous call to the pastorate of the Baptist Church in Franklin. The congregation are now worshipping in their new church.

Mrs. Daniel Kershner, of Wennersville, Lehigh county, was burned to death a few days ago, by the explosion of a coal oil lamp. Her husband was also severely burned in attempting to extinguish the flames.

Robert L. Treiber, of Beaver, has purchased an interest in the Beaver *Argus*, and the business of the concern will hereafter be conducted under the firm name of Weyand & Treiber.

The Altoona *Tribune* says: A boy named Patrick McGinley, aged about thirteen years, and son of Michael McGinley, living in the vicinity of Kittanning Point, while on the mountain on New Year's Day, discovered a wild animal of some kind in an old sheep pen, and picking up a stone he advanced within a few feet of it and threw at it, striking it on the side and injuring it so severely that it gave vent to the most piercing screams and frightful yells. Not knowing what kind of an animal it was, and while it was still writhing in its death agonies, the little fellow went into the pen, picked it up and carried it home, when it was discovered to be a full grown wild cat, one of the largest we have ever seen.

Henry Smith, of Martinsburg, Blair county, remained out all night during the recent cold term, and was so badly frozen that he died within a few days. Intoxication was the cause of it.

Rev. J. L. Holmes, formerly editor of the Tyrone *Blade*, has accepted the unanimous call of the congregation of the Baptist church in that place to become its pastor.

THE IRON INTEREST.

Proceedings of the National Association of Iron Manufacturers at the Meeting in Philadelphia.

A meeting of the National Association of Iron Manufacturers was held in Philadelphia on the 8th inst., a very brief account of which was given in our telegraphic dispatches. The following report of the proceedings, taken from the *Inquirer* of the 10th, covers the points not mentioned in the telegram:

There were representatives from more than seventy mills. The usual routine business of the association, which relates to the efforts of the organization to improve the iron interest throughout the country, was first transacted. The Secretary read extracts from the statistical report, giving the more prominent statistics of the trade during 1872, and also comparing the trade with that of former years. The figures showed an increase in the iron manufacture greater than any outside the interest would suppose. The report contained statistics of great value; as an evidence of the growth of the industry during the year 1872, there were built or are in progress of erection, one hundred and five new blast furnaces, some of them far superior to any that were ever built in this country hitherto, and equal to any in the world; there are also twenty-nine furnaces projected, to be built early this year. The rolling mill capacity in the United States has been increased during 1872 by the erection of thirty-five new rolling mills, some of them of very large size, and ten others are projected. Besides this, almost all the existing works have increased their respective capacities largely, added improved machinery, and are probably in better condition than at any former period.

Very interesting figures from advance copies of the census returns of 1870, relating to the iron interest of the United States, were given, showing an immense increase in the industry between the years 1860 and 1870, with a direct benefit to the country accruing from the protective system enforced during that period. The report was listened to with attention, and ordered to be printed in pamphlet form.

Mr. Samuel Danks, inventor of the only successful machine, as yet, for mechanical puddling, was introduced to the meeting and addressed the members at considerable length in regard to the practical benefits of his invention. Mr. Danks has lately returned from England, where he, after great difficulty and having undergone unfair treatment from the English iron manufacturers, succeeded in introducing some fifty of his furnaces, with a prospect of its general introduction. In the United States these furnaces are in successful operation at Chattanooga, Tenn., and at the Millville works of Messrs. Graft, Bennett & Co., Pittsburgh, which firm has just completed, at a cost of half a million dollars, a new mill that will contain five of those furnaces with the necessary plans of machinery, for the successful treatment of the product. This invention promises to do away with exhausting and difficult labor of hand-puddling, a portion of the manipulation of the iron which has caused more expense and trouble to iron manufacturers than any other in the production. Mr. Danks was questioned as to the various points in the features of his invention by the iron masters present, to all of which he replied to their apparent satisfaction, and furnished them with fuller information in relation to mechanical puddling, a subject of the first importance to the iron trade, that had never before been received.

A communication having been received relative to the importance of the appointment by the Centennial Commission of a Commissioner to collect, analyze and classify the iron ores of the United States, for exhibition at the Centennial Exposition of 1876, it was resolved that in the opinion of the association on the subject is of great importance not only to the iron trade, but to all the people of the country, as likely to furnish information leading to the development of our resources, and the appointment of such a Commissioner was declared to be highly advisable. The matter was urged for action upon the Centennial Commission.

Without being able to give the details, we are allowed to say that a movement is on foot among the associations representing all branches of the iron trade of the country, to form one central body, to which all will contribute information, while all will retain their individuality of organization intact, which will furnish and greatly increase the information, and enable the correct statistics and accurate condition of the iron trade to be obtained in a manner hitherto impracticable under the previous forms, either by private efforts or by the labor of State or National organizations, or even by the National government in its census reports.

The meeting adjourned at six o'clock P. M., to meet in Pittsburgh in May next.

During this month the statistical report will be published and placed before the public. Previously the information has been given only to members of the association.

The opinion prevailed among the iron masters present that there will be an early and brisk demand for iron throughout the country and that for the coming spring and summer a prosperous trade will be done in the product without the drawbacks of speculative excitements that depressed the industry during last summer. The iron trade of England it was also stated, has recovered from the prostration of the last three months, and both in price and volume of business, a decided reaction has taken place.

The National Association has nothing to do with the question of prices, the organization having been "established for the purpose of obtaining full statistics of the iron trade throughout the world, and affecting frequent interchange of ideas, improving the manufacture of iron in the United States, and securing harmonious action in all matters pertaining to the iron interests."

The Ejection of Drunken Men from Railway Trains.

The following case was recently disposed of in Lehigh county: A man named McIntyre sued the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company. McIntyre was on a passenger train of the company, on his way from Hazelton to Bethlehem; was drunk and became unruly; was noisy, troublesome, and created a great deal of disturbance. The conductor told him several times that if he was not quiet he would stop the train and put him off. Finally he did put him off at a lonely place on the road where there were high embankments and no houses. McIntyre, in his drunken condition, walked some distance along the road, and then sat down between the tracks and went to sleep. During the night he was run over and had his left leg so smashed that it had to be amputated. He then brought an action against the company to recover damages. Judge Longaker charged the jury that the conductor had a right to put the man off, but that if the plaintiff was in such a state of intoxication that he was not able to take care of himself it was the conductor's duty to put him off at a regular station, or other place of safety. The jury rendered a verdict of $1,850 damages and costs—a small sum, but it must be remembered that the plaintiff's bad behavior was the principal cause of making the accident possible. M'Intyre, in his testimony, said that he did not know that he had been run over until he awakened up from sleep in the morning.

CITY MATTERS.

A Bold Robbery.

On Saturday evening a couple of men entered the store of Mathew Tate, tinner, on Carson street, South Side, and made some trifling purchases. During their stay one of them stole Mr. Tate's pocket book containing about fifty dollars. Deputy Mayor Heisel is having the guilty ones looked up. They are known to the police.

The Pistol.

The South Side was enlivened by a shooting affray on Saturday evening. A man named Thomas McTiernan quarreled with another man named Peter McLaughlin, in a cigar store kept by the former, on Carson street, between Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh streets. It appears that McLaughlin entered the store to purchase some tobacco when a dispute arose about an old account. The men clinched and fell, when McTiernan, it is alleged, called to his son to bring him his pistol. This the lad did, and soon after the weapon was discharged, the ball entering McLaughlin's head just over the eye and passing around the skull under the scalp, lodged at the back of the man's head. He was then put out of the store, but was able to walk to a physician's office where the wound was dressed. Subsequently an information was made before Alderman Mercer and McTiernan was arrested, and in default of one thousand dollars bail was committed for a hearing. McLaughlin's injuries are not considered dangerous.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

This evening Mr. J. W. Norris, a member of the stock company, will have his first benefit in our city. The attractions are the popular comedy "Married Life" and the last act of "Richard the Third." This limited attempt to revive the memory of Shakespeare in our city should be appreciated by theater goers. Mr. C. B. Bishop has remained over, and will personate *Henry Dove* in the comedy. Mr. Norris is a careful and painstaking young actor, and should have a host of his friends present to-night.

Aims's American Theater.

Prof. Davis and his wonderful dogs returned to the American this week. Charlie Davis, the Barlow brothers, the Carletons and Charley Benedict also put in an appearance. A great original entertainment is offered for this evening.

Varieties Theater.

No less than nine new stars are announced by Managers Gardner and Trimble, to make their debut this evening. In addition Mr. Wm. De Vere will produce his original version of "Rip Van Winkle," with an excellent cast.

The Rubinstein Concerts.

The first grand Rubinstein concert will be given on next Thursday evening at Library Hall. The sale of seats opens at Kleber & Bros. music store this morning. An Eastern journal says: Rubinstein's earnestness and loftiness of purpose and his wonderful devotion to his art place him far above most of the famous pianists. He is a master who has extorted success, and rightly holds it secondary to the fulfillment of his own high ideals. Such men we are proud to honor. Mr. Wieniawski, with his violin and superb play, thrills his hearers to the very heart; and, listening to the sound of his instrument, when not looking at the artist playing it, it strikes our ear as the human voice, so sweet and also passionate fall the silvery tones from it.

Remember the performances only—Thursday and Saturday evenings.

ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, January 12.—River falling. It has fallen about two feet since the decline commenced. Weather very cloudy and mild and the thawing progressing briskly, but the ice gorges continue strong. The tugs Fisher and Clubb are breaking the ice in the lower harbor, and have reached the foot of Plum street to-night. To-morrow probably there will be an open channel from the bridge piers to the iron furnace at East St. Louis, through which coal can be taken to the furnace.

Cairo.

CAIRO, ILL., January 12.—Arrived—Illinois, Columbus. Departed—Tyrone, Nashville. The river has risen twelve inches. The ice is still heavy in the Ohio. Weather cloudy and warm.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, KY., January 12.—River falling, with nine feet eight inches in the canal and seven feet eight inches in the chute. Clear and pleasant this morning; mild to-night. Mercury ranged from 40 to 53. Some ice still floating, but mostly porous and soft. It is reported that the gorge at Madison is denied. The towboat Oakland is breaking the ice in the head of the canal preparatory to putting her tow through.

CAPTURED AT LAST.

Supposed Burglars Arrested—Recovery of Stolen Goods.

For some time past the detectives have been putting forth extra exertions to obtain a clue to the burglars that have been infesting the city, but met with no success until Saturday last. They had their eyes upon a gang of men, whose characters were not entirely above suspicion, but did not determine to arrest them until after the robberies on Saturday morning had been committed.

On Saturday morning, detectives Scott, Cupples, Long and Herron proceeded to McCartney's saloon on Penn street, near Eleventh, where the gang had their headquarters. Here they found four men who gave their names as Joseph McKee, Robert Gilmore *alias* Robert Thompson, Joseph Phillips and John Hall. A man named N. Welsh, supposed to be concerned in these burglaries, had been arrested on the hill a few hours previous. When the police attempted to arrest these men they stoutly resisted, and it was not until after a severe struggle and until some of the officers and men were bruised considerably, that the burglars was handcuffed and thus secured.

When brought to the lock-up they were searched by the officers. A bunch of skeleton keys was found on the person of Phillips, together with a handy-billy and $3 75 in scrip. A bunch of skeleton keys was also found on another of the party, and a handy-billy on another. Two or three silk handkerchiefs, said to have been stolen from the store of Grier & Dickson, on Penn street, were found on the persons of the prisoners. A search warrant was issued and the detectives visited the headquarters of the accused, and instituted a search, but found nothing. The search will be continued in other quarters, however, and other clues worked up which it is possible will eventually result in the detection and arrest of other criminals.

On Saturday evening Mr. James A. Grier, of the firm of Dickson & Grier, whose store on Penn street was burglarized, appeared at the Mayor's office and identified the pocket handkerchiefs found in the possession of the prisoners, and accordingly lodged information against them for entering a building with intent to commit a felony. Gilmore, Phillips and McKee were committed to jail in default of $2,500 bail, and the remaining prisoners are in the lock-up awaiting further developments.

A "LIBERAL" ACTION.

A Civil Suit with an Uncivil Termination.

Many readers will remember the address delivered by Theodore Tilton, under the auspices of the "Liberal Republican" wing of the Democratic party, to help the chances of Greeley and Brown. The Academy of Music was rented for the occasion, by some person or persons who became thereby responsible to Mr. McClurg, the proprietor, for seventy-five dollars. When he presented his bill it was not paid. He endeavored to induce the Democratic Committee to foot the bill, but they declined, referring him to the "Liberal" Committee, as the responsible parties. But the "Liberals" would not pay, alleging that Mr. Tilton and some of his personal friends had rented the hall, and were responsible. Mr. McClurg then entered suit against Thomas M. Marshall, Esq., and other "Liberals," before Alderman McMasters, and the case came on for hearing Saturday afternoon. L. P. Stone, Esq., appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Marshall for the defendants. When M. Marquis, janitor of the Academy of Music, was on the stand, he was cross-examined by Mr. Marshall, who asked him who he supported for President, how much he had been paid by Mr. McClurg, and some other questions which riled Marquis to such an extent that he struck the attorney a blow in the face. Mr. Marshall, not relishing this kind of an answer, seized the witness, and was pushing him toward the wall, when the magistrate, amazed at the desecration of his temple of justice, leaped over the desk, and getting in between the pugilistic attorney and witness, separated them, and summarily ejected Marquis, who had struck the first blow. Mr. Marshall then made some remark about Mr. McClurg's tardiness in paying his debts, whereupon Mr. McClurg characterized Mr. Marshall as a liar. This threatened another row, but Mr. McClurg was seized and pushed out of the door. Mr. Stone, mortified at the conduct of Mr. Marquis, gave notice to the Alderman that he had withdrawn from the case. Mr. Marshall then demanded judgment for the defendants. The Alderman dismissed the suit "because of the bad conduct of the plaintiff in the presence of the Court."

THE NOMINEES.

The Caucus on Saturday—Selections By Our Councilmen.

On Saturday the Republican members of our City Councils met in caucus for the purpose of nominating candidates to fill the several offices within their gift. There was a large crowd of persons in attendance, the reception room, halls, stairways and rotunda being literally packed with candidates and their friends. After all the buttonholing possible had been done, the Councilmen took seats in the Common Council Chamber shortly before two o'clock, and the order of the day was inaugurated by calling John R. McCune, Esq., to the chair. Messrs. R. H. Smith, C. P. Duff and A. C. Hays were elected Secretaries.

The meeting then proceeded to ballot for candidates. First came the City Engineership, which was given to A. Dempster, the present incumbent, by a vote of 78 to 12 for H. Neal. For Assessor, Thomas H. Phelps, 70; Isaac Cline, 19. David Martin, for City Gauger, was nominated by a majority of fourteen over both his opponents, he receiving 54 votes, J. L. Forsaith 34 and John Robb 6 votes. The contest for Superintendent of Markets was close, Joseph Caskey getting fifty votes to forty-one for L. B. Richards. The other nominations were as follows: Market Clerk, South Side, P. M. Pearson; Monongahela Wharf Master, A. G. Buchanan; Allegheny Wharfmaster, W. G. McClure; Water Assessor, C. B. Bostwick; Building Inspector, R. M. Reed; Superintendent of Water Works, Jas. M. Atkinson; Inspector of Ashes, John McM. King; Inspector of Tobacco, Wm. Rinehart; Bark Measurer, John Pollock; City Printers, *Gazette* and *Freiheits Freund*; Street Commissioners, First District, John F. Hunter; Second District, George Linderman; Third District, Wm. Hossek; Fifth District, Thos. J. Evans; Sixth District, H. C. Spreen; Seventh District, John Graham; Road Commissioners, First District, J. M. Hunter, Second District, J. W. Vandegrift; Third District, Wm. Bowers. The thirty-six Board Measurers needed under the act were not balloted for but will be named at the meeting this afternoon.

The result of the caucus appeared to give general satisfaction to all concerned. It was five o'clock when the meeting adjourned.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

Planing Mill in Freeport Destroyed—Loss $20,000—Insurance $9,000.

A fire broke out in Freeport, a town on the West Penn Railroad, about thirty miles from the city, at half past three o'clock Saturday morning, resulting in the destruction of the planing mill of Messrs. Snyder & Baum, located on the north side of Buffalo creek. The origin of the fire was the explosion of an oil lamp, which the engineer, who had gone into the engine room to prepare for the day's work, carried in his hand. The office of the mill, together with the books, was saved. Lumber piles on the same side of the creek, and frame dwellings on the opposite side were in imminent danger several times, but by the superhuman exertions of the people, aided by the snow on the lumber piles and house tops, the flames were confined to the mill proper.

So rapid was the progress of the flames that at one time it was feared the conflagration would become general. To avert this calamity a dispatch was sent to the authorities in Allegheny asking for assistance. Chief Engineer Crow sent up the Friendship steamer, and in one hour after the receipt of the dispatch the engine was in service. The steamer rendered the most valuable and effective service in extinguishing the flames. The citizens who worked indefatigably all the time, including some twenty women, assisted in the handling of the water buckets before the arrival of the steamer. Messrs. Snyder & Baum estimate their loss at $20,000, on which there is an insurance of nine thousand dollars.

Another Chapter of Burglaries.

The burglars, not yet satisfied with the spoils already acquired, continued their depredations on Saturday, with the following result:

On Saturday morning, between six and seven o'clock the furnishing store of Messrs. Grier & Dickson, No. 454 Penn street, was entered and goods to the value of about $200 carried off. Access was effected by breaking the window of the front door, removing the lower bolt and forcing open the door. About four o'clock the same morning, an attempt was made to enter the Iron City Gun Works of H. H. Schulte, located on Liberty street, No. 330. The sash was broken out of the door, and the bolt pried out, when Mr. Schulte, who has his residence in the upper stories of the building, heard the noise and started below with a pistol in hand. Mr. Schulte succeeded in having two parting shots at the scoundrel, both of which he thinks struck wide of the mark. A burglar appears to have been at work on the front door of Mr. Potzer's hat and cap store, No. 394 Liberty street, at about the same hour, and had the door partly pried open, when the report of the pistol fired by Mr. Schulte doubtless alarmed and compelled him to flee.

About one o'clock Saturday morning, Jacob Weaver, residing at Six Mile Ferry, was awakened by hearing a noise at his door. He arose, and discovering in the moonlight a man working on his front door, called to him to know his business. The fellow immediately fled, but returned in about an hour and renewed his operations. Mr. Weaver sat watching for him, and again asked him his business. He answered that he was looking for a coal pit and fled, but Mr. W. discharged two shots at him, but missed his aim.

Attempt to Break Jail.

Thomas Dunn and James Campbell, the burglars who were tracked in the snow from the house of Mr. McIntyre, on Observatory hill, Allegheny, to a hotel in this city, and arrested and convicted for burglary, made an attempt to escape from jail on Saturday morning. At two o'clock, Deputy Warden Smith was apprised of a noise in the cell occupied by these men, and on opening the door suddenly he found them engaged in cutting a hole through the iron plate with which the cell is lined. They had a brace, eight different kinds of bits, a can of oil, etc. They had marked out a square of eighteen inches and had already drilled ten or twelve holes. Had they got through this place they would still have had a stone wall, three feet thick, between them and liberty. They could have escaped by the use of the tools they had provided, but the time was too limited. They expected to be sentenced on Saturday, and hence had to hurry up. The tools were conveyed to them by some friends who had obtained permits to visit them; at least this is the general supposition. The tools were taken from them and they were securely hand-cuffed. As stated elsewhere they were taken into Court during the day and sentenced to the penitentiary for six years and six months each.

Mayhem.

To-day there will be a hearing before the Mayor in the case of a couple of men who indulged in a free fight at an early hour yesterday morning, at Anderson's tavern, foot of Wood street. It is said that a man named Thomas Davis, or Reiley—he refused to say which—a stranger in our city, was sitting by a stove in the house referred to, when a fight ensued between some men in the tavern; he attempted to interfere, when a man named, or giving his name as Thomas Johnson attacked him and the two fought out on to Wood street. Here Johnson and Reilly had a terrible encounter, during which Johnson had a piece of his nose bitten off, and Davis, alias Reilly, lost a piece of his thumb. The parties were arrested and taken to the lock-up, but were so much under the influence of liquor that they refused the attentions of a physician. This morning the cases will be investigated.

Serious Charge Against a Principal.

A man named Lewis lodged information on Saturday before Alderman McMasters against the principal of the Ormsby school, for cruelly beating his little daughter. He alleges that the teacher took the child to his room and beat her so severely with a rope that she has been confined to her bed ever since. The cause assigned for this is that the mother of the girl testified against the principal when he was on trial on a similar charge. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

A Morning Affray.

A little before one o'clock this morning a colored man named Wm. Tillman, employed at the barber shop of Wm. Thompson, No. 76 Smithfield street, was passing along Seventh avenue, and when near the corner of Smithfield street, was assaulted by a number of white men and severely beaten. Some half dozen persons, who were subsequently found in the St. Johns Hotel, at the corner named, were arrested and taken to the Central Station House, and held for hearings this morning, on suspicion of being concerned in the assault. Some friends took the injured man to his home on the hill.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe.

SENTENCES.

Thomas Dunn and James Campbell, the notorious burglars who were tracked in the snow from the residence of Mr. McIntyre, in Allegheny, to a hotel in this city, arrested and convicted for burglary, and whose unsuccessful attempt to break jail is noticed elsewhere, were brought in for sentence, and each were sentenced to the Penitentiary for six years and six months.

Charles Heimer, for larceny of metal, was sent to the Penitentiary for one year and two months.

John Fitzsimmons, convicted of a similar offence, and recommended to mercy, was committed to jail for sixty days.

George Neeland, for the larceny of a clock valued at six dollars, was sentenced to pay costs and go to jail for sixty days.

James Hassey, convicted of assault and battery on Thomas Broadhead, was sentenced to pay a fine of six cents and the costs of prosecution.

Jacob Rubey, tried and found guilty of fornication and bastardy, on oath of Catherine Ruhl, was sentenced to pay ten dollars to the directors of the poor of Allegheny county, thirty dollars for lying in expenses and six dollars per month for the period of four years, and enter bail to comply with the above order of the court.

James Parker, convicted of felonious assault and battery upon John Emerheiser, was sentenced to pay a fine of one dollar and costs.

In the case of William Bowers and Samuel Bell, charged with receiving stolen goods, consisting of a horse, wagon and set of harness, stolen from Wm. M. Straub, of Allegheny city, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty as to Bowers, and recommending Bell to the mercy of the court. He was sentenced to pay costs and go to jail for thirty days.

Criminal Court.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

Commonwealth vs.

Stephen Fitzpatrick,
Robert Foster,
George Johnston,
Charles Smith et al.,
Henry Toul,
Charles Zugsmith,
Lewis Kine,
James Reardon,
James Patton,
William Foht.

John Grant,
John Moore,
Andrew Miller,
Louis Mueller,
Wm. Casey,
James Clifford,
Geo. Williams,
Henry Wilkinson,
Sarah J. Bowers.

Court of Common Pleas—Judges Sterrett and Collier.

Margaret J. Bell filed an application for divorce from Robert Bell, on the ground of desertion.

Hulda N. Cole asks for a decree of separation from Thomas Cole, because of cruel treatment.

A number of motions were disposed of, and a trial list arranged for the week.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

— McClurkan vs. Byers & Co., 4 cases.
— McClurkan vs. Lockhart, Frew & Co., 4 cases.
45. Kleber & Bros. vs. Mackeown.
48. Snowden vs. Haslett.
51. Aultman & Co. vs. Backhaus, agent.
52. Eichenlaub vs. Holgar.
54. Wells for use vs. Reynolds.
55. Collins vs. Swearingen.
56. Same vs. same.
57. Neil & Ochsenhert vs. Hopfengartner.
59. Lang vs. Stein & Bro.
60. Graham vs. Elliott & Co.
64. Garthe vs. Tuentenberg.
65. Shaffer vs. Crawford.
67. McGraw & Co. vs. Steele.

District Court—Judges Hampton and Kirkpatrick.

The case of Byers & Co. vs. Bonsall will be resumed before Judge Kirkpatrick this morning.

Judge Hampton will not hold court to-day, owing to illness in his family.

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY.

42. Trauerman & Lobman vs. Kuntzman.
43. Nancy Boyd, adminis'trix, vs. Calvin et al.
60. O'Neill vs. Richmond.
63. Mundy vs. Reese.
64. Drum, Thompson & Linmore vs. Gregg.
65. Phillips vs. Citizens Pass. R. Co.
69. Huckenstein vs. Taggart et al.
72. Circode et al. vs. Albree et al.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

Thompson M. & John A. Douglass, confectioners, Allegheny, filed a voluntary petition for adjudication in bankruptcy. Referred to N. W. Shaffer, Register.

A petition for an injunction was presented in the bankruptcy matter of A. P. Callow vs. Frank S. Lee, druggist, Allegheny, and on motion a hearing was fixed for the 29th inst. A restraining order was issued in the meantime.

On motion of District Attorney Swoope, a process of attachment and motion was awarded in the case of the United States vs. one barrel of spirits owned by A. Sucker, of Cleveland, Ohio.

On presentation of petition of A. Griffin, creditor of S. W. Keene, of Luzerne county, petitioner for adjudication in bankruptcy, an order was made appointing M. H. Dale, provisional assignee, and required to give approved bond in the sum of $10,000.

THE "KNOX FRUIT FARM" CASE.

We have already reported the proceedings in bankruptcy in the case of R. Cumming & Co., of the famous "Knox Fruit Farm." The farm was sold or leased by the late Rev. J. Knox to Messrs. R. Cumming & Co. After the death of Mr. Knox the administrators obtained executions against Messrs. Cumming & Co., and the property was seized and notice of proposed sale given. Other creditors of the firm obtained executions, and then, as a means of securing a settlement of the difficulties, the firm filed a petition in the United States Court, asking to be adjudicated as bankrupts. They also asked for injunctions to restrain the execution of creditors from proceeding with the sale under their executions. The motion for injunctions came up for argument on Saturday afternoon before Judge McCandless, S. Schoyer, Jr., Esq., appearing for Messrs. Cumming & Co., and D. T. Watson representing the execution creditors. The Court granted the injunctions, and the matter will now proceed under the provisions of the bankrupt law. On motion of Mr. Watson, F. Waldey was appointed provisional assignee, with power to dispose of the blooming plants now in the hot house, and to take charge of the property, so that no unnecessary loss will be caused by the delay.

The Coopers.

The coopers will hold a meeting this evening at Lutz & Walz's saloon at the head of Chestnut street, Allegheny, to take some action on the draft of an act to be presented at the session of the Legislature, to prevent the manufacture of barrels at the workhouse. This question, it will be remembered, has been agitated for some time past, but no definite action has yet been taken. A bill has now been prepared which will be presented to-night and adopted, after which it will be forwarded to the Legislature. The business of cooperage, it is said, has been seriously affected since it was introduced in the workhouse, and between two and three hundred coopers have been thrown out of employment. Aside from this, it is also stated that the coopers cannot compete with convict labor in constructing barrels as cheaply, and the result is that the wages have been reduced.

Allegheny Mortuary Report.

Health Officer Hoch, of Allegheny, reports twelve deaths for the week ending January 11. The causes of death were—Hemephlagia, 1; langina maligna, 1; small pox, 1; old age, 1; consumption, 1; chronic diarrhea, 1; inflammation of the bowels, 1; pneumonia, 1; spinal meningitis, 1; and marasmus, 1. Of the above there were under one year, 1; between one and five, 2; between ten and twenty, 2; between twenty and thirty, 1; between thirty and forty, 3; between forty and fifty, 1; between sixty and seventy, 1, and between eighty and ninety, 1. Males, 8; females, 4; all white. Total, 12.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

COUNCILS meet in regular session to-day.

MANUFACTURERS will read notice in "Want" column of Traveler.

J. MARTIN SCHAEFFER, Esq., has received his commission as Alderman.

THERE was considerable disorder and several arrests on the South Side on Saturday night—the usual accompaniments of pay day.

THE annual meeting of the ladies' tract society of Allegheny City will be held in Dr. Swift's church on Monday afternoon at three o'clock.

MRS. HAMPTON, wife of the Hon. M. Hampton, President Judge of the District Court, is lying quite ill at her residence near Wilkinsburg.

COLONEL ROSS, Prothonotary, regards his new stove as a complete success. He has not much to say in favor of the steam heating apparatus.

DAVID LENZ caused Alderman Mercer, of the Twenty-fifth ward, to issue a warrant for a son of deponents on a charge of being disorderly.

A REGULAR meeting of Allegheny Councils will be held to-morrow evening, for the purpose of electing city officers and transacting other business.

THERE were eleven cases brought before Deputy Mayor Heisel yesterday morning—all drunk and disorderly. Five were sent to Jail and six paid fines.

ALDERMAN BUTLER has been allowed a position in room 21—first half floor, New City Hall, for the transaction of business relating to his duties as Fire Marshall.

A MAN named Nelson Welsh was arrested on Saturday evening on suspicion of not earning an honest livelihood. He will be allowed a chance to explain to the Mayor.

ON Saturday Deputy Mayor Barker committed Mat. Rich, M. Hammel and Jacob Houb to jail for ten days each on charges of disorderly conduct. Charles Rush paid $10 fine for a like offense.

THE store of Mr. George Arthurs corner of Logan and Franklin streets, was entered on Saturday morning and cigars, canned fruit and other articles carried off to the value of over one hundred dollars.

ON SATURDAY night Michael McQuade made an information before Alderman Mercer, Twenty-fifth ward, charging Isaac Nunan with assaulting him and beating him in an alley off Carson street. Hearing to-day.

THE Grand Jury will conclude their labors to-day, at least that was the general impression among the members on Saturday. Whether they will think it worth while to "present" anything to the Court, to-day will probably determine.

THE case of the Commonwealth vs. Weisenberger & Co., charged with storing explosive oils upon their premises was up again before the Mayor on Saturday. A partial hearing was given the case when it was adjourned over until next Saturday.

THE Coroner received a dispatch on Saturday from Elizabeth, to hold an inquest over the remains of a child that was found dead. As he was unable to reach the place he deputized the Squire of the township to hold the inquest. No particulars of the affair have been received.

GEO. GROGAN, who was arrested on charges of highway robbery and assault and battery, D. L. Crawford, prosecutor, had a final hearing on Saturday evening before Mayor Callow, and in default of bail in the sum of one thousand dollars, was committed for trial.

ED. GILES was disorderly at the fair, now in progress in Salisbury Hall, on Saturday night, and will be dealt with to-day by Deputy Mayor Salisbury. The same Mayor, Saturday night, issued a warrant for the arrest of Peter Hess, charged with assault and battery on Rush Morgan.

A TEMPERANCE organization was effected yesterday afternoon by the congregation connected with St. Bridget's Church, in the school-room attached to the church. Mr. John Kearney was elected President, and J. McKeefrey, Secretary. Forty-five persons signed the pledge. The organization will be completed next week.

LAST evening the Rev. Dr. Hornblower delivered the annual address before the Ladies' Tract Society, in the Second U. P. Church, Allegheny. The society will hold their annual meeting this afternoon at three o'clock, in the First Presbyterian Church, Allegheny, when reports showing the workings of the society will be presented.

ABOUT nine o'clock Saturday night as a car of the Central Passenger Railway was being driven up Wylie street, a descending car was proceeding down the street with great velocity. The drivers of both cars discovered in time that a collision was inevitable, and so that when it did take place the horses were unhitched. No person, singular to state, was injured—and but very little damage was done.

THE through trains on the Pan Handle road and on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, which connect with and make up the Pacific Express train on the Pennsylvania Railroad, which left the Union Depot at two fifteen yesterday morning, were delayed two hours. The Pennsylvania train left on time, however. The delays were caused by freight train wrecks on each of the roads named.

A GERMAN woman was passing through Temperanceville on Saturday, when she stopped to warm herself at one of the furnaces of Wood's rolling mill. While there she was grossly insulted by Thos. Dunkan and James Devin. A couple of policemen were opportunely on hand, and the two men were arrested and taken before Deputy Mayor Hollingshead, who fined them twenty-five dollars and costs each.

THE conductors and train employees on the Connellsville Railroad complimented our young friend, Mr. John F. Baxter, by presenting him with a fine gold watch and chain as a token of their appreciation of his many kindnesses towards them. The young gentleman is assistant to his father in charge of the Confluence station, Connellsville Railroad, and is popular with all having business at that point.

JUST as the claimants to the $16,000, which were saved from the wreck of the Mertz estate, were in anticipation of drawing the bagatelle of eight per cent. of their claims—the report of the auditor having been filed a few days ago in the Orphans' Court—exceptions were filed to the report, and the matter goes on the argument list to be decided a month or two hence. It is *sometimes* much easier to deposit than to check out.

Prof. Campbell's

Select School for boys, second floor, Savings Bank, 101 Federal street, Allegheny. Instruction thorough. Next term commences February 3, 1873. MWF

Holiday Goods.

The usual large and rich assortment of good, suitable presents, in Bohemian, Parian, Bronze, Marble, Silver Plated, Glass and China Ware, will be found at 100 Wood street. R. E. Breed & Co.

Pearson, the Photographer.

Any of our readers wanting "counterfeit presentments" of themselves or friends can have them taken in true artistic style at the photograph rooms of James R. Pearson, No. 70 Fifth avenue, nearly opposite the Postoffice. The pictures taken at Mr. Pearson's establishment have been pronounced superior by competent judges. Old daguerreotypes, ambrotypes, etc., will be copied and enlarged to any style that may be desired, and finished in oil, India ink, water colors, crayon and pastile. Card photographs, warranted to please, are furnished at one dollar per dozen.

R. E. Breed & Co.,

No. 100 Wood street, give you more for your money than any other house in their line in the city. Fine China Dinner Sets, Tea Sets and Toilet Sets, cheap. Fine Bohemian Crystal Table Ware, cheap. Fine Bohemian Decorated Vases, &c., cheap.

The Allegheny Music House.

Our Allegheny readers desiring to purchase anything in the line of musical instruments or publications will find an unusually large assortment at the new store of Professor Carl Retter, No. 127 Federal street, Allegheny City. Professor Retter is the agent here for several celebrated and justly popular instruments, among which are included the Albrecht Piano, the Ernest Gobler Piano, and the Silver Tongue Organ. A full line of smaller instruments, sheet music, music books, etc., are kept constantly on hand.

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup,

SEAWEED TONIC and MANDRAKE PILLS. These are the only medicines that will cure Pulmonary Consumption. Dr. Schenck has been in constant practice over thirty years, continually examining lungs, and knows his medicines, if properly taken, will cure consumption. His Mandrake Pills cleanse the liver and stomach; his Seaweed Tonic dissolves the food, stimulates the coating of the stomach and aids digestion; his Pulmonic Syrup ripens the matter, and nature throws it off without any exertion. Prepared and for sale by J. H. SCHENCK & SON, N. E. corner Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia, and by Druggists and Dealers generally. MWF

DIED:

McPHERSON—At the family residence, near Sharpsburg, Saturday, January 11, 1873, at 11 o'clock A. M., MARGARET JANE McPHERSON.

Funeral from the family residence, MONDAY, January 13th, at 10 o'clock A. M. Carriages will leave Fairman & Samson's offices, 19 Seventh avenue, Pittsburgh, and Sandusky street, Allegheny city, at 8 o'clock A. M.

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Sign of the Big Gun.

AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.
ELLSLER & GOTTHOLD........Managers.

BENEFIT OF J. W. NORRIS.

MONDAY, January 13, 1873, the comedy of

Married Life.

Henry Dove........Mr. C. B. Bishop
Fred Younghusband........Mr. J. W. Norris

Grand Olio. Mr. THOS. WELSH in his Indian Club Exercise and Clog Dance.

To conclude with the fifth act of

RICHARD III.

Richard III........J. N. Gotthold
Richmond........J. W. Norris.

FRED. AIMS'S AMERICAN VARIETY THEATER.
FRED. AIMS........Lessee and Manager.
........Stage Manager and Advertiser.

NEW RAYS OF ATTRACTION TO-NIGHT. Prof. Davis and Troupe of Trained Dogs, Charley Davis, Barlow Brothers, the Carletons, Charley Benedict, Mlle. Henrietta, Lew Spencer, John Mulligan, Nellie Howard, Sallie Swift, Hogle and Franklin, Blanche Selwyn, Freeman Sisters, Lew Brimmer, Annie Chase, James Wesley, Addie Johnston, Alf. Buckley.

Wednesdays and Saturdays Matinee, 2:30 P. M.

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R. GARDNER & TRIMBLE........Lessees and Proprietors.

Another New Company. To night, Carrie Avery, John E. Taylor, Harry Causland, Reynolds and Romer, Chas. Adams, Maude Howard, Cotton and Archer, &c., &c. The great legendary drama called RIP VAN WINKLE. Rip Van Winkle, Mr. Wm. De Vere. All the Great Stars in a New Olio.

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The celebrated Soprano.
MLLE. LOUISE ORMENY,
The favorite Contralto. Accompanist,
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Secure Seats, $2 00, to be had on Monday morning, January 13th, at Kleber's Music Store.

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For the Benefit of St. Bridget's Church, Eleventh Ward,

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300 bbls. prime Apples;
50 bbls. prime Dried Apples;
10 kegs prime Peeled Peaches;
90 sacks White Navy Beans;
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2 cars Lake Shore Peachblow Potatoes.

WHEAT—CHOICE
Amber and Red Winter Wheat,
In store and to arrive. For sale by
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Warehouse and Mill Trucks, Tucker's Patent Alarm Till, Grocers' Fixtures. Scales repaired.

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Is there want of action in your Liver and Spleen? Unless relieved the blood becomes impure by deleterious secretions, producing scrofulous or skin diseases, Blotches, Felons, Pustules, Canker Pimples, &c., &c.

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$50 per week to Agents, Male or Female. To all who will write for an Agency we will send a copy of that "Wonder of Wonders," the ILLUSTRATED HORN OF PLENTY. It contains over 50 beautiful illustrations, and will be sent free to all who may write. Address L. GARSIDE, Paterson, N. J.

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RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—ON AND after DECEMBER 22d, 1872, Trains will leave and arrive as follows:

EASTWARD. Through Trains Leave Union Depot.		WESTWARD. Through Trains Arrive at Union Depot.	
Pacific Express	2:50 a m	Mail Train	1:05 a m
Mail Train	7:45 a m	Fast Line	1:35 a m
Chicago Ex	12:20 p m	Pittsburgh Ex	8:00 a m
Cincinnati Ex	1:10 p m	Cincinnati Ex	8:40 a m
Philadelphia Ex	5:20 p m	Southern Ex	12:40 p m
Fast Line	8:50 p m	Pacific Ex	1:10 p m
		Way Passenger	9:50 p m
LOCAL.		LOCAL.	
Walls No. 1	6:40 a m	Walls No. 1	6:30 a m
Wilkinsburg Ac. No. 1	7:05 a m	Brinton Ac. No. 1	7:30 a m
Walls No. 2	10:20 a m	Wilkinsburg Ac. No. 1	8:20 a m
Walls No. 3	11:45 a m	Walls No. 2	9:10 a m
Wilkinsburg Ac. No. 2	2:40 p m	Johnstown Acc.	10:10 a m
Walls No. 4	3:20 p m	Walls No. 3	1:15 p m
Johnstown Ac.	4:00 p m	Wall's No. 4	3:20 p m
Brin'n Ac No. 1	4:50 p m	Wilkinsburg Ac. No. 2	4:45 p m
Brin'n Ac. No. 2	5:40 p m	Wall's No. 5	5:55 p m
Wall's Ac. No. 5	6:15 p m	Brint'n Ac No. 2	6:50 p m
Brin'n Ac. No 3	9:20 p m	Brin'n Ac No. 3	7:25 p m
Wall's No. 6	11:05 p m	Brin'n Ac No. 4	11:10 p m

Chicago Express, Cincinnati Express, Fast Line and Brinton Accommodation No. 3 leave daily.

Pacific Express daily, except Monday.

All other Trains daily, except Sunday.

Pacific Express, leaving Pittsburgh at 2:50 a. m., arrives at Harrisburg 11:40 a. m.; Philadelphia 3:30 p. m.; Baltimore 3:00 p. m.; Washington 5:40 p. m.; New York 6:34 p. m.

Chicago Express, leaving Pittsburgh at 12:20 p. m., arrives at Harrisburg 10:20 p. m., Philadelphia 2:30 a. m., New York 6:10 a. m.

Cincinnati Express, leaving Pittsburgh at 1:10 p. m., arrives at Harrisburg 10:45 p. m.; Philadelphia 2:50 a. m.; Baltimore 2:15 a. m.; Washington 5:00 a. m.; New York 6:10 a. m.

Philadelphia Express, leaving Pittsburgh at 5:20 p. m.; arrives Harrisburg 2:55 a. m.; Philadelphia 6:55 a. m.; New York 10:14 a. m.

Fast Line, leaving Pittsburgh at 8:50 p. m., arrives at Harrisburg 5:45 a. m.; Philadelphia 9:50 a. m.; Baltimore 9:00 a. m.; Washington 11:30 a. m.; New York 12:24 p. m.

The Church Train leaves Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:10 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:00 a. m. Returning leaves Pittsburgh at 12:30 p. m., and arrives at Wall's Station at 1:50 p. m. Leaves Pittsburgh 9:20 p. m.; arrives at Brinton's 10:30 p. m.

CITY TICKET OFFICE.—For the convenience of the citizens of Pittsburgh the Pennsylvania Railroad Company have opened a City Ticket Office at No. 78 Fifth avenue, corner Smithfield street, where Through Tickets, Commutation Tickets and Local Tickets to principal Stations, can be purchased at any hour of the day or evening, at the same rates as are charged at the depot. Baggage will be checked through to destination from Hotels and Residences by the Excelsior Baggage Express Co., on orders left at the office.

For further information apply to

D. M. BOYD, Jr.,
General Passenger Agent.
A. J. CASSATT,
General Manager.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

From DECEMBER 23, 1872, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1:58 a m	Pacific Ex	2:33 a m
Cle & Whg Mail	6:43 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:53 a m
Erie and Ygn Ex	7:13 a m	Chicago Ex	11:58 a m
Chicago Mail	7:23 a m	Chi&St. Louis Ex	1:58 p m
Chicago Exp	9:23 a m	Clevel'd & WhEx	3:53 p m
Clev and WhgEx	1:28 p m	Erie and Ygn Ex	5:33 p m
Pacific Exp	1:43 p m	Clevand Whg Ex	6:33 p m
Wheeling Ex	4:38 p m	Chicago Mail	8:23 p m
Erie Express	4:48 p m	Erie Ex	11:18 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
Beaver Falls Ac	6:38 a m	Leetsdale Ac	6:53 a m
Leetsdale Ac	10:23 a m	Beaver Falls Ac	8:08 a m
Leetsdale Ac	12:08 p m	Enon Ac	8:58 a m
New Castle Ac	1:08 p m	New Castle Ac	10:23 a m
Enon Ac	3:48 p m	Leetsdale Ac	12:53 p m
Leetsdale Ac	5:28 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	2:23 p m
Beaver Falls Ac	6:23 p m	Leetsdale Ac	4:28 p m
Leetsdale Ac	10:43 p m	Leetsdale Ac	7:33 p m
Fair Oaks, Sunday Church	12:43 p m	Fair Oaks, Sunday Church	9:58 a m

Pacific Express leaves daily.

Chicago Express arrives daily.

Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted.

Pacific Express arrives daily, Mondays excepted.

All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.

J. N. McCULLOUGH,
General Manager.
F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY—PAN-HANDLE ROUTE.

After DECEMBER 22, 1872, trains leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh time:

DEPARTS.		ARRIVES.	
Fast Line	1:58 a m	Southern Ex	2:33 a m
Columbus Mail	7:18 a m	McDonald Ac	6:58 a m
Washington Ac.	8:48 a m	Washington Ac	8:33 a m
Pacific Express	9:23 a m	Steubenville Ac.	9:58 a m
McDonald Ac	12:03 p m	Cincinnati Exp.	12:38 p m
Southern Ex	2:13 p m	McDonald Ac	3:43 p m
Steubenville Ac.	4:28 p m	Columbus Mail	5:48 p m
McDonald Ac	6:13 p m	Fast Line	8:28 p m
Sunday Ch train	1:13 p m	Sunday Ch train	10:03 a m

2:13 p. m. Southern Express will leave daily.

12:38 p. m. Cincinnati Express will arrive daily.

All other trains will run daily, except Sundays.

Trains on Chartiers Railroad will leave Mansfield on the arrival of Washington Accommodation, leaving Pittsburgh at 8:48 a. m., and Steubenville Accommodation, leaving Pittsburgh at 4:28 p. m. Returning, will connect at Mansfield with Washington Accommodation, due in Pittsburgh at 8:28 a. m., and Mail Train due in Pittsburgh at 6:03 p. m.

Sleeping Cars, without change, to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, Gen'l Manager.
F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after December 23d, 1872, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows, (Allegheny Time):

Arrive.		Depart.	
Springdale No. 1	6:35 a m	Mail	6:50 a m
Freeport No. 1	8:35 a m	Freeport No. 1	9:25 a m
Express	10:30 a m	Claremont Ac	11:10 a m
Claremont Ac	1:08 p m	Express	2:10 p m
Freeport No. 2	3:49 p m	Springdale No. 1	3:20 p m
Mail	5:45 p m	Freeport No. 2	4:40 p m
Springdale No. 2	8:25 p m	Springdale No. 2	6:30 p m

The above Trains run daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Freeport every Sunday at 8:20 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 12:50 P. M., and arrives at Freeport at 3:00 P. M.

The 6:50 a. m. Train and 2:10 p. m. Train from Allegheny City make direct connections for Butler.

For further information apply to

JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent,
Federal street Depot.

Local Tickets to all important stations on the main line of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

A. J. CASSATT,
General Manager, Philadelphia.
ROBERT NEILSON,
Superintendent, Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE RAILWAY—CONNELLSVILLE ROUTE.—On and after SUNDAY, December 8th, 1872, Trains will arrive and depart from Depot, corner of Grant and Water streets, as follows, city time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
McKeesport Ac. No. 1	6:30 a m	McKeesport Ac No. 1	6:40 a m
Through Mail	6:55 a m	West Newton Ac	8:25 a m
Mixed Way	9:00 a m	Confluence Ac	10:45 a m
McKeesport Ac No. 2	11:10 a m	McKeesport Ac No. 2	12:10 p m
Confluence Ac	3:25 p m	McKeesport Ac No. 3	2:05 p m
West Newton Ac	4:35 p m	Mixed Way	3:20 p m
McKeesport Ac No. 3	5:25 p m	Through Mail	5:55 p m
McKeesport Ac. No. 4	6:15 p m	McKeesport Ac. No. 4	7:45 p m
Braddocks Ac	11:00 p m	Braddocks Ac	12:30 a m
Church Train	1:00 p m	Church Train*	10:05 a m

*Sunday only.

All Trains daily except Sunday.

Through Mail and Confluence Accommodation, make connection at Broadford and Connellsville for Mount Pleasant and Uniontown.

THROUGH MAIL MAKES CONNECTION AT BRIDGEPORT FOR BEDFORD SPRINGS.

CENTRAL TICKET OFFICE.—For the convenience of citizens of Pittsburgh, the Pittsburgh, Washington and Baltimore Railway Company have opened a Central Ticket Office at No. 43 Fifth avenue, corner Wood street and Fifth avenue, in First National Bank Building, where Through Tickets, Commutation Tickets and Local Tickets to all points on the line of the P., W. and B. R. W. can be procured at any hour of the day or evening at the same rates as are charged at the Depot.

Baggage will be checked through to destination from hotels and residences by W. ARMSTRONG'S Baggage Express, on orders left at this office.

For further information apply to

W. B. BROBST,
Passenger Agent, No. 43 Fifth avenue,
Depot, corner Grant and Water streets.
E. K. HYNDMAN,
General Superintendent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD

NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE OIL REGIONS.

On and after SUNDAY, November 3, 1872, Three Through Trains daily, (except Sunday), will leave and arrive at Union Depot, Pittsburgh city time, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo and all points in the Oil Regions, and Central and Western New York.

	Leaves.	Arrives.
Day Express	12:50 p m	5:00 p m
Night Express	9:10 p m	6:10 a m
Buffalo Express	7:40 a m	8:10 p m
Brady's Bend Accommod'n	3:20 p m	10:20 a m
1st Soda Works Accommod'n	9:30 a m	5:45 p m
2d Soda Works Accommod'n	5:55 p m	8:25 a m
1st Hulton Accommodation	6:50 a m	9:00 a m
2d Hulton Accommodation	11:50 a m	2:00 p m
3d Hulton Accommodation	4:35 p m	7:15 p m
4th Hulton Accommodation	10:50 p m	6:40 a m

A Special Sunday Train leaves Pittsburgh at 7:40 A. M., arriving at Parkers at 11:40 A. M., and returning leaves Parkers at 4:25 P. M., arriving at Pittsburgh at 8:10 P. M., stopping at all stations for passengers.

Church Train to and from Soda Works (Sunday) arrives at Pittsburgh at 9:50 A. M., and leaves at 12:50 P. M.

Express Trains stop only at Principal Points.

Accommodation Trains stop at all Stations.

Pullman's Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Night Express Trains. Baggage checked through to destination.

Through Tickets, Commutation or Local, can be procured at the Ticket Offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue, or in Union Depot.

J. J. LAWRENCE,
General Superintendent, Pittsburgh.
JAS. H. BRAY, Ticket Agent.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS.

Proposals for Army Transportation on the Missouri River.

HEADQUARTERS MIL. DIV. OF THE MISSOURI,
OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
Chicago, Ill., 560 Wabash ave, December 16, 1872.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received at this Office until and opened at 12 o'clock M., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 15, 1873, for the Transportation of Government Troops and Supplies on the Missouri River, between Sioux City, Iowa (as principal starting point), and Fort Benton, M. T., or for Transportation between Edwinton (at N. P. R. R. crossing of Missouri River), as principal starting point, and Fort Benton, and between Edwinton and Sioux City, from March 20th to October 31st, 1873.

Each Proposal must be accompanied by a Bond in the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars ($10,000), executed in legal form by two or more responsible persons (certified as fully responsible by a Judge or Clerk of a United States District Court), guaranteeing that in case the contract is awarded to the person proposing, it will be accepted and entered into, and good and sufficient security furnished immediately by him in the sum of One Hundred Thousand dollars ($100,000) for the faithful fulfillment of the Contract.

The Government reserves the right to reject any or all Bids that may be offered.

List of Specifications and Requirements for the information of Bidders, form of Contract to be entered into in case of award, and form of Proposal, can be had by application to this Office, or to the Offices of the Quartermaster's Department at St. Louis, Missouri; Fort Leavenworth, Kansas; Omaha, Nebraska, or Sioux City, Iowa; and no Bid will be entertained unless accompanied by and based upon the list of Specifications and Requirements and form of Contract referred to.

Moreover, no Bid will be entertained, under any circumstances, unless the Bidder is present in person, or by duly authorized agent or attorney, at the opening of the Bids, and is then and there prepared to show that he is fully able to carry out the Contract in all respects if awarded to him.

Proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for Army Transportation on the Missouri River," and addressed to the undersigned.

D. H. RUCKER,
Assistant Quartermaster General United States Army,
Chief Quartermaster Military Division of the Missouri.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

SEALED PROPOSALS, to be indorsed "Proposals," will be received at the Office of the East Broad Top Railroad and Coal Company, Mount Union, Huntingdon county, Pa., (on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad,) until 12 o'clock, noon, on the 24TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1873, for the Graduation, Masonry, Tunneling, Bridging, &c., on the Second and Third Divisions of the East Broad Top Railroad, extending from Orbisonia to Broad Top, a distance of about 20 miles.

Profiles, Specifications, &c., will be ready for examination on and after the 15th day of January, 1873.

Proposals will be received for Sections, Divisions, or for the whole work.

The Company reserve the right to reject any and all bids not considered advantageous.

WM. A. INGHAM, President.

A. W. SIMS, Chief Engineer.
December 23d, 1872. MWF

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY,
Pittsburgh, Pa., January 9, 1873.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received at this office until the 15th inst. inclusive, for TRANSCRIBING AND COMPARING 104 OFFICE TAX DUPLICATES, 105 SCHOOL DUPLICATES, and 104 COLLECTION DUPLICATES FOR YEAR A. D., 1873.

The work to include all necessary Calculations, Extension of Taxes, &c., &c.

Information relative to the foregoing can be had on application at the Office of the County Commissioners.

HENRY WARNER, Controller.

To Contractors and Builders.

Bids for the purchase of the Materials in St. Peter's Roman Catholic Church, Allegheny, will be received by the undersigned, up to the 30TH JANUARY, 1873. All the Materials in the building excepting the Rubble Masonry in the foundations for sale.

Possession given February 1st, 1873, and the Material to be removed within two months from that date. Parties wishing to examine the Building can gain access at any time on application to the person there in charge.

ROBERT NEILSON,
Superintendent W. P. Div. P. R. R.,
Blairsville, Indiana county, Pa.

TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS.

A large and desirable contract is about to be let. First-class parties, with large capital, may learn particulars as below; no others need apply. Address

CHARLES H. ROBBINS,
P. O. BOX 3370, NEW YORK CITY.